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Corinth School District

Audited Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC
Certified Public Accountants

Corinth School District

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board
Corinth School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Corinth School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corinth School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Corinth School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Corinth School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and

for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corinth School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corinth School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corinth School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Corinth School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of

assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 5, 2023, on our consideration of the Corinth School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corinth School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Corinth School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC
July 5, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of Corinth School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$3,810,736, including a prior period adjustment of \$3,280, which represents an 89% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 decreased \$1,082,500, including a prior period adjustment of (\$291,823), which represents a 34% decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$20,520,123 and \$19,441,967, or 73% and 68% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,748,367, or 27% of total revenues for 2022, and \$9,053,527, or 32% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$24,461,034 and \$29,286,171 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$7,748,367 and only \$9,053,527 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$20,520,123 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs and \$19,441,967 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$18,497,672 in revenues and \$16,401,776 in expenditures for 2022, and \$17,553,079 in revenues and \$16,220,889 in expenditures for 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,569,945 from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$983,449, including a prior period adjustment \$177,155, from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$1,015,566, including a prior period adjustment totaling \$3,258, for 2022 and decreased by \$808,390, including a prior period adjustment totaling (\$468,978), for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the increase of accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$1,655,145 for 2022 and decreased by \$226,214 for 2021. This decrease for 2022 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$4,505 for 2022 and increased by \$2,487 for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information,

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are categorized as governmental.

Governmental funds - All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$476,142 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
Current assets	\$ 17,523,313	15,147,107	16%
Restricted assets	5,736,697	5,200,190	10%
Capital assets, net	<u>27,494,440</u>	<u>28,510,006</u>	(4)%
Total assets	<u>50,754,450</u>	<u>48,857,303</u>	4%
 Deferred outflows of resources	 <u>8,576,260</u>	 <u>8,005,722</u>	 7%
 Current liabilities	 1,305,029	 1,337,432	 (2)%
Long-term debt outstanding	17,103,333	18,761,608	(9)%
Net OPEB liability	1,604,781	1,979,056	(19)%
Net pension liability	<u>28,339,564</u>	<u>37,581,698</u>	(25)%
Total liabilities	<u>48,352,707</u>	<u>59,659,794</u>	(19)%
 Deferred inflows of resources	 <u>11,454,145</u>	 <u>1,490,109</u>	 669%
 Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	11,051,528	10,480,629	5%
Restricted	8,547,841	7,171,670	19%
Unrestricted	<u>(20,075,511)</u>	<u>(21,939,177)</u>	8%
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (476,142)</u>	<u>(4,286,878)</u>	89%

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (20,075,511)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	<u>33,293,368</u>
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	<u>\$ 13,217,857</u>

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,015,566.
- The principal retirement of \$1,650,618 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$28,268,490 and \$28,495,494 respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$24,461,034 for 2022 and \$29,286,171 for 2021.

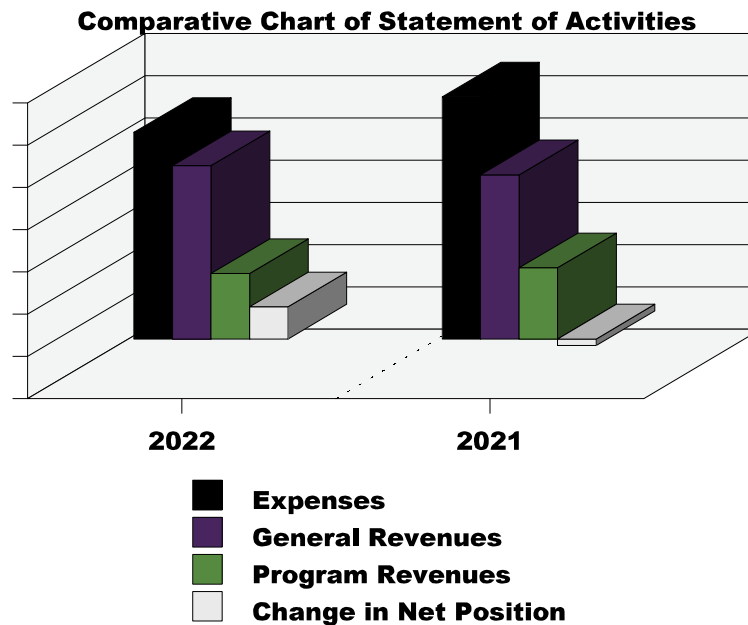
Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 323,033	293,482	10%
Operating grants and contributions	7,425,334	8,141,300	(9)%
Capital grants and contributions		618,745	(100)%
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	5,805,755	5,771,035	1%
Grants and contributions not restricted	13,572,805	12,957,617	5%
Unrestricted investment earnings	391,169	348,174	12%
Other	750,394	365,141	106%
Total revenues	<u>28,268,490</u>	<u>28,495,494</u>	(1)%
Expenses:			
Instruction	13,661,341	16,073,304	(15)%
Support services	6,659,514	6,600,251	1%
Non-instructional	1,729,495	1,665,182	4%
Pension expense	2,105,768	4,272,977	(51)%
OPEB expense	(71,808)	67,250	(207)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	376,724	607,207	(38)%
Total expenses	<u>24,461,034</u>	<u>29,286,171</u>	(16)%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	<u>3,807,456</u>	<u>(790,677)</u>	582%
Net position (Deficit), July 1, as previously reported	(4,286,878)	(3,204,378)	(34)%
Prior period adjustment	<u>3,280</u>	<u>(291,823)</u>	101%
Net position (Deficit), July 1, as restated	<u>(4,283,598)</u>	<u>(3,496,201)</u>	(23)%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	<u>\$ (476,142)</u>	<u>(4,286,878)</u>	89%

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Total Expenses			
	2022	2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ 13,661,341	16,073,304	(15)%
Support services	6,659,514	6,600,251	1%
Non-instructional	1,729,495	1,665,182	4%
Pension expense	2,105,768	4,272,977	(51)%
OPEB expense	(71,808)	67,250	(207)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	376,724	607,207	(38)%
Total expenses	\$ 24,461,034	29,286,171	(16)%

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Net (Expense) Revenue		
	2022	2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ (9,639,114)	(10,040,770)	4%
Support services	(4,985,081)	(5,590,362)	11%
Non-instructional	322,212	345,922	(7)%
Pension expense	(2,105,768)	(4,272,977)	51%
OPEB expense	71,808	(67,250)	207%
Interest on long-term liabilities	(376,724)	(607,207)	38%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (16,712,667)	(20,232,644)	17%

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$16,712,667 for 2022 and \$20,232,644 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,805,755 for 2022 and \$5,771,035 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$13,572,805 for 2022 and \$12,957,617 for 2021).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$391,169 for 2022 and \$348,174 for 2021.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$22,058,780, an increase of \$2,955,641, which includes an increase in inventory of \$6,381. \$11,482,967 or 52% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$10,575,813 or 48% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
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The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,569,945. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$1,050,520, which includes an increase in inventory of \$6,381. The increase (decrease) in the fund balance for the other major funds was as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>
ESSER II Fund	No increase or decrease
Bond Retirement QSCB Fund	\$ 335,176

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$45,749,085, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a decrease of \$630,418 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$18,254,645, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,028,299, resulting in total net capital assets of \$27,494,440.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
Land	\$ 2,146,535	2,146,535	0%
Construction in progress	25,718		N/A
Buildings	19,142,185	19,711,479	(3)%
Building improvements	4,004,883	4,272,431	(6)%
Improvements other than buildings	1,224,606	1,254,075	(2)%
Mobile equipment	780,473	941,077	(17)%
Furniture and equipment	170,040	184,409	(8)%
Total	\$ 27,494,440	28,510,006	(4)%

Corinth School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$17,103,333 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,105,694 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$4,505 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 6,170,000	6,960,000	(11)%
Premiums	21,910	25,040	(13)%
Three mill notes payable	2,722,140	3,000,000	(9)%
Obligations under lease		582,780	(100)%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	8,000,000	8,000,000	0%
Compensated absences payable	189,283	193,788	(2)%
Total	<u>\$ 17,103,333</u>	<u>18,761,608</u>	<u>(9)%</u>

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Corinth School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2021 - 2022 year decreased by 2% to 2,440 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Corinth School District, 1204 North Harper Road, Corinth, MS 38834.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,584,327
Due from other governments	1,914,270
Inventories	24,716
Restricted assets	5,736,697
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	2,146,535
Construction in progress	25,718
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	19,142,185
Building improvements	4,004,883
Improvements other than buildings	1,224,606
Mobile equipment	780,473
Furniture and equipment	170,040
Total Assets	<u>50,754,450</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charges on debt refunding	653,398
Deferred outflows - pensions	7,518,633
Deferred outflows - OPEB	404,229
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>8,576,260</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,148,993
Unearned revenue	52,237
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	103,799
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	1,102,564
Bond premium, capital related	3,130
Net OPEB liability	64,403
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	15,789,576
Bond premium, capital related	18,780
Non-capital related liabilities	189,283
Net pension liability	28,339,564
Net OPEB liability	1,540,378
Total Liabilities	<u>48,352,707</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	10,672,014
Deferred inflows of escrow investments	182,260
Deferred inflows - OPEB	599,871
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>11,454,145</u>
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,051,528
Restricted For:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	2,323,306
Debt Service	6,076,039
Unemployment Benefits	148,496
Unrestricted	(20,075,511)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$ (476,142)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities:				Governmental Activities
<i>Instruction</i>	\$ 13,661,341	\$ 288,617	\$ 3,733,610	\$ (9,639,114)
<i>Support services</i>	6,659,514	--	1,674,433	(4,985,081)
<i>Noninstructional services</i>	1,729,495	34,416	2,017,291	322,212
<i>Pension expense</i>	2,105,768	--	--	(2,105,768)
<i>OPEB expense</i>	(71,808)	--	--	71,808
<i>Interest on long-term liabilities</i>	376,724	--	--	(376,724)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 24,461,034</u>	<u>\$ 323,033</u>	<u>\$ 7,425,334</u>	<u>(16,712,667)</u>
General Revenues:				
Taxes:				
<i>General purpose levies</i>				4,473,444
<i>Debt purpose levies</i>				1,332,311
Unrestricted grants and contributions:				
<i>State</i>				13,276,903
<i>Federal</i>				295,902
<i>Unrestricted investment earnings</i>				391,169
<i>Other</i>				750,394
Total General Revenues				<u>20,520,123</u>
Change in Net Position				<u>3,807,456</u>
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as previously reported				(4,286,878)
Prior Period Adjustment				3,280
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as restated				<u>(4,283,598)</u>
Net Position (Deficit) - Ending				<u>\$ (476,142)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2022

EXHIBIT C

	General Fund	ESSER II Fund
Assets:		
<i>Cash and cash equivalents</i>	\$ 12,699,681	\$ --
<i>Cash with fiscal agents</i>	--	--
<i>Due from other governments</i>	259,498	769,852
<i>Due from other funds</i>	1,523,378	--
<i>Inventories</i>	--	--
Total Assets	<u>\$ 14,482,557</u>	<u>\$ 769,852</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities:		
<i>Accounts payable and accrued liabilities</i>	\$ 1,074,417	\$ 1,768
<i>Due to other funds</i>	--	768,084
<i>Unearned revenue</i>	--	--
Total Liabilities	<u>1,074,417</u>	<u>769,852</u>
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable:		
Inventory	--	--
Restricted:		
Unemployment benefits	--	--
Debt service	--	--
Grant activities	--	--
Food service	--	--
Assigned:		
Capital improvements	1,725,559	--
Activity funds	199,614	--
Unassigned	<u>11,482,967</u>	<u>--</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>13,408,140</u>	<u>--</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 14,482,557</u>	<u>\$ 769,852</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bond Retirement QSCB Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ --	\$ 2,884,646	\$ 15,584,327
3,335,242	2,401,455	5,736,697
--	884,920	1,914,270
--	--	1,523,378
--	24,716	24,716
<u>\$ 3,335,242</u>	<u>\$ 6,195,737</u>	<u>\$ 24,783,388</u>
\$ --	\$ 72,808	\$ 1,148,993
--	755,294	1,523,378
--	52,237	52,237
<u>--</u>	<u>880,339</u>	<u>2,724,608</u>
--	24,716	24,716
--	148,496	148,496
3,335,242	2,844,596	6,179,838
--	1,182,135	1,182,135
--	1,115,455	1,115,455
--		1,725,559
--	--	199,614
--	--	11,482,967
<u>3,335,242</u>	<u>5,315,398</u>	<u>22,058,780</u>
<u>\$ 3,335,242</u>	<u>\$ 6,195,737</u>	<u>\$ 24,783,388</u>

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

*RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022*

Total fund balances for governmental funds \$ 22,058,780

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position
("SNP") are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	27,494,440
Liabilities due in one year are not reported in the funds.	(1,170,097)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(13,350,000)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(103,799)
Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(2,439,576)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(189,283)
Deferred amount on refunding is accounted for in SNP as a Deferred Outflow of Resources but not in the funds.	653,398
Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(28,339,564)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(10,672,014)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	7,518,633
Deferred inflows of Resources related to the escrow investments are not reported in the funds.	(182,260)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNP but not in the funds.	(18,780)
Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(1,540,378)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(599,871)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	404,229
	404,229

Net position of governmental activities \$ (476,142)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

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CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

*STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022*

EXHIBIT D

	General Fund	ESSER II Fund
Revenues:		
<i>Local sources</i>	\$ 5,174,021	\$ --
<i>State sources</i>	13,037,376	--
<i>Federal sources</i>	286,275	769,852
Total Revenues	<u>18,497,672</u>	<u>769,852</u>
Expenditures:		
Instruction	10,517,440	367,672
Support services	5,858,618	299,435
Noninstructional services	--	--
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,718	--
Debt service:		
Principal	--	--
Interest	--	--
Other	--	--
Total Expenditures	<u>16,401,776</u>	<u>667,107</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>2,095,896</u>	<u>102,745</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Sale of other property	538,045	--
Operating transfers in	233,600	--
Payment from QSCB escrow agent	--	--
Operating transfers out	(1,290,296)	(102,745)
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	--	--
Other financing uses	(7,300)	--
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(525,951)</u>	<u>(102,745)</u>
Net change in fund balances	<u>1,569,945</u>	<u>--</u>
Fund Balances:		
July 1, 2021	11,838,195	--
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	--	--
June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 13,408,140</u>	<u>\$ --</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bond Retirement QSCB Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,036	\$ 1,526,144	\$ 6,702,201
--	2,019,263	15,056,639
--	4,889,441	5,945,568
<u>2,036</u>	<u>8,434,848</u>	<u>27,704,408</u>
--	3,710,257	14,595,369
--	884,279	7,042,332
--	1,695,869	1,695,869
--	--	25,718
--	1,650,618	1,650,618
13,737	257,800	271,537
2,500	1,950	4,450
<u>16,237</u>	<u>8,200,773</u>	<u>25,285,893</u>
<u>(14,201)</u>	<u>234,075</u>	<u>2,418,515</u>
--	--	538,045
349,377	1,201,543	1,784,520
333,140	199,825	532,965
--	(391,479)	(1,784,520)
(333,140)	(199,825)	(532,965)
--	--	(7,300)
<u>349,377</u>	<u>810,064</u>	<u>530,745</u>
<u>335,176</u>	<u>1,044,139</u>	<u>2,949,260</u>
3,000,066	4,264,878	19,103,139
--	6,381	6,381
<u>\$ 3,335,242</u>	<u>\$ 5,315,398</u>	<u>\$ 22,058,780</u>

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

*RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022*

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 2,949,260

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities
("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	62,818
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(1,028,299)
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	(52,269)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(1,074)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	790,000
Repayment of right-to-use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	582,758
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	277,860
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	(10,525)
Change in inventory affects fund balance in the funds but affects expense in the SOA.	6,381
The escrow investments are not reported in the funds but amortized in the SOA.	26,037
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	4,505
Implicit rate subsidy fluctuation.	(20)
Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	3,130
Deferred outflows of resources related to refunding of debt is amortized in SOA but not in the funds.	(93,342)
Amounts paid by employer as benefits come due subsequent to measurement date of NOL and before end of reporting period.	49,803
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	2,274,393
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(2,105,768)
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	71,808

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 3,807,456

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Corinth since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Corinth School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ESSER II Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program funds for COVID-19, authorized by the CARES Act.

Bond Retirement QSCB Fund - This is a debt retirement fund that accounts for the payments of the Qualified School Construction Bonds when the bonds and the interest becomes due.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested. For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, Qualified School Constructions Bonds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building Improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has three deferred outflow items which are presented deferred outflow for pensions, deferred charges on debt refunding and deferred outflow for OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has three deferred inflow items which are presented as deferred inflow for pensions, deferred inflows of escrow investments and deferred inflow for OPEB.

See Note 11 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the approval of the type and amount of the commitment through a formal order of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The goal of the District is to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of not less than 7% of district maintenance revenues for the fiscal year.

13. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

in the governmental funds was \$15,584,327.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$22,035,214 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$5,736,697.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 768,084
	Other Governmental Funds	755,294
Total		\$ <u>1,523,378</u>

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 102,745
	Other Governmental Funds	130,855
Bond Retirement QSCB Fund	General Fund	349,377
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	940,919
	Other Governmental Funds	260,624
Total		\$ <u>1,784,520</u>

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represented the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$2,401,455, of the Bond Retirement Fund.

The restricted assets represented the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$3,335,242, of the Bond Retirement QSCB Fund.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Retirements	Completed Construction	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 2,146,535					2,146,535
Construction in progress		25,718				25,718
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,146,535	25,718	0	0	0	2,172,253
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	29,886,519					29,886,519
Building improvements	6,862,462					6,862,462
Improvements other than buildings	2,795,093					2,795,093
Mobile equipment	3,374,132		585,822			2,788,310
Furniture and equipment	1,314,762	37,100	107,414			1,244,448
Total depreciable capital assets	44,232,968	37,100	693,236	0	0	43,576,832
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	10,175,040	569,294				10,744,334
Building improvements	2,590,031	249,038			18,510	2,857,579
Improvements other than buildings	1,541,018	47,935			(18,466)	1,570,487
Mobile equipment	2,433,055	109,053	533,553		(718)	2,007,837
Furniture and equipment	1,130,353	52,979	106,340		(2,584)	1,074,408
Total accumulated depreciation	17,869,497	1,028,299	639,893	0	(3,258)	18,254,645
Total depreciable capital assets, net	26,363,471	(991,199)	53,343	0	3,258	25,322,187
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 28,510,006	(965,481)	53,343	0	3,258	27,494,440

Adjustments were made to properly present capital assets during the fiscal year.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Instructional	\$ 719,809
Support services	205,660
Non-instructional	102,830
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,028,299

The details of construction-in-progress- are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Spent to June 30, 2022	Remaining Commitment
East Corinth Window/Door Replacement	\$ 25,718	537,878

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the District Maintenance.

Note 6 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance 7-1-2021	Reductions	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2022	Amounts due within one year
A. General obligation bonds refunding payable	\$ 6,960,000	790,000		6,170,000	820,000
Premiums	25,040	3,130		21,910	3,130
B. Three mill notes payable	3,000,000	277,860		2,722,140	282,564
C. Obligations under leases	582,780	582,758	(22)	0	
D. Qualified school construction bonds payable	8,000,000			8,000,000	
E. Compensated absences payable	193,788	4,505		189,283	
Total	\$ 18,761,608	1,658,253	(22)	17,103,333	1,105,694

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2015	2.0 - 2.75%	08-05-15	11-01-28	\$ 8,935,000	6,170,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 820,000	149,794	969,794
2024	\$ 845,000	128,981	973,981
2025	870,000	107,544	977,544
2026	870,000	85,794	955,794
2027	895,000	63,172	958,172
2028 - 2029	1,870,000	51,838	1,921,838
Total	\$ 6,170,000	587,123	6,757,123

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement GO Fund (4036).

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2022, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 6% of property assessments as of October 1, 2021.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Three mill note, Series 2020	1.67%	10-09-20	10-09-30	\$ <u>3,000,000</u>	<u>2,722,140</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 282,564	46,091	328,655
2024	287,349	41,307	328,656
2025	292,114	36,541	328,655
2026	297,160	31,495	328,655
2027	302,192	26,464	328,656
2028 - 2031	<u>1,260,761</u>	<u>53,860</u>	<u>1,314,621</u>
Total	\$ <u>2,722,140</u>	<u>235,758</u>	<u>2,957,898</u>

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund 2020-2030 (4023).

C Obligations under leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement (Apple Lease 18034) as lessee for financing the acquisition of Apple products at a cost of \$2,932,527 with a down payment of \$0. This lease qualifies as a lease for accounting purposes.

The school district has entered into a lease agreement (Apple Lease 18940) as lessee for financing the acquisition of Apple products at a cost of \$108,871 with a down payment of \$0. This lease qualifies as a lease for accounting purposes.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Description</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Amount Issued</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
Apple lease, PUB 18034	1.54%	10-15-18	10-15-21	\$ 2,932,527	0
Apple lease, PUB 18940	1.15%	10-20-19	10-20-22	108,871	0
Total				<u>\$ 3,041,398</u>	<u>0</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Apple lease PUB 18034

This debt was paid off and retired from the 2019 Apple Lease Fund (4043).

2. Apple lease PUB 18940

This debt was paid off and retired from the 2020 Apple Lease Fund (4045).

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 15, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Amount Issued</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
QSCB, Series 2010	1.01%	01-15-10	01-15-25	\$ 3,000,000	3,000,000
QSCB, Series 2012	4.82%	05-15-12	05-15-27	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total				<u>\$ 8,000,000</u>	<u>8,000,000</u>

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. QSCB, Series 2010

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	30,300	30,300
2024		30,300	30,300
2025	3,000,000	30,300	3,030,300
Total	\$ 3,000,000	90,900	3,090,900

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund \$3M QSCB Fund.

2. QSCB, Series 2012

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	241,000	241,000
2024		241,000	241,000
2025		241,000	241,000
2026		241,000	241,000
2027	5,000,000	241,000	5,241,000
Total	\$ 5,000,000	1,205,000	6,205,000

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund \$5M QSCB Fund.

Total qualified construction bonds payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	271,300	271,300
2024		271,300	271,300
2025	3,000,000	271,300	3,271,300
2026		241,000	241,000
2027	5,000,000	241,000	5,241,000
Total	\$ 8,000,000	1,295,900	9,295,900

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$2,274,393, \$2,218,251, and \$2,249,263, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$28,339,564 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.191737 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.002395 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,105,768. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 197,605	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,651,895	
Changes of assumptions	86,218	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,308,522	10,672,014
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,274,393	
Total	<u>\$ 7,518,633</u>	<u>\$ 10,672,014</u>

\$2,274,393 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2023	\$	(621,441)
2024		(824,254)
2025		(1,438,792)
2026		(2,543,287)
Total	\$	<u>(5,427,774)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	22.00%	4.50%
Global Equity	12.00%	4.80%
Fixed Income	20.00%	-0.25%
Real Estate	10.00%	3.75%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.00%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	-1.00%
Total	100%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.55%)	Current Discount Rate (7.55%)	1% Increase (8.55%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>40,135,470</u>	\$ <u>28,339,564</u>	\$ <u>18,618,804</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et. seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/>.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$49,803 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,604,781 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.24931267 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00499667 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$71,808). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,745	\$ 501,794
Changes in assumptions		259,906	54,275
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		75	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		92,700	43,802
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		49,803	
Total	\$	<u>404,229</u>	<u>\$ 599,871</u>

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

\$49,803 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2023	\$	(53,627)
2024		(52,483)
2025		(41,709)
2026		(52,782)
2027		(44,844)
Total	\$	<u>(245,445)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 - 17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	2.13%
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Measurement Date	2021
Prior Measurement Date	2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	
Measurement Date	2.13%
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medicare Supplement Claims	
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last experience study dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease (1.13%)	Current Discount Rate (2.13%)	1% Increase (3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,766,263	\$ 1,604,781	\$ 1,458,566

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Current		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,486,442	\$	1,604,781	\$ 1,738,702

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/>.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 52 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 11 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,075,511) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,274,393 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$5,244,240 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$11,051,528 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$653,398 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 7 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,075,511) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$49,803 resulting from the amount paid by the school district as benefits come due subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$354,426 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,075,511) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$10,672,014 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$11,051,528 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow of escrow investments. The \$182,260 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2022

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

will be recognized as a revenue and increase the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 7 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,075,511) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$599,871 balance of deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

Note 12 - Alcorn Juvenile Detention Center

The Mississippi Code of 1972 Annotated Section 43-21-321 requires that educational services be provided to students detained in a juvenile detention facility. In an effort to ensure that academic and behavioral concerns are addressed, the Mississippi Department of Education has set standards for the provision of educational services in accordance with all applicable federal and state laws.

The District participates in the Alcorn County Juvenile Detention Center as the sponsoring District. The District's portion of the cost was \$6,820.

Note 13 - Prior Period Adjustment

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

<u>Explanations</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Adjustments were made to properly present capital assets during the fiscal year.	\$3,258
Adjustments were made to properly present long term liabilities.	<u>22</u>
Total	<u>\$3,280</u>

Note 14 - Other Matters

The onset of the recent COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a volatile investment market currently. The resulting impact of this pandemic upon the operations of the District is uncertain at this time.

Note 15 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When that stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments amounted to \$227,263.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U.S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount of deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$5,736,697. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Series 2010	Series 2012	Total
2023	\$ 200,000	333,333	533,333
2024	200,000	333,333	533,333
2025	200,000	333,333	533,333
2026	200,000	333,333	533,333
2027	0	333,333	333,333
Total	\$ 800,000	1,666,665	2,466,665

Note 16 - Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Corinth School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial

Corinth School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On March 9, 2023, the School District approved a loan in the amount of \$750,000 from the Education Facilities Revolving Loan Fund for the replacement of the Corinth High School Roof.

On May 5, 2023, the School District approved a combo bid to Ark Roofing, Inc. in the amount of \$1,689,041 for the Corinth High School Roofing project.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule
 General Fund
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 1

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variances Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final		Original to Final	Final to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 5,692,534	5,174,017	5,174,021	(518,517)	4
State sources	13,042,758	13,037,376	13,037,376	(5,382)	-
Federal sources	220,504	286,276	286,275	65,772	(1)
Total Revenues	<u>18,955,796</u>	<u>18,497,669</u>	<u>18,497,672</u>	<u>(458,127)</u>	<u>3</u>
Expenditures:					
Instruction	11,270,871	10,539,178	10,517,440	731,693	21,738
Support services	6,819,188	5,958,002	5,858,618	861,186	99,384
Facilities acquisition and construction	540,000	444,314	25,718	95,686	418,596
Total Expenditures	<u>18,630,059</u>	<u>16,941,494</u>	<u>16,401,776</u>	<u>1,688,565</u>	<u>539,718</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>325,737</u>	<u>1,556,175</u>	<u>2,095,896</u>	<u>1,230,438</u>	<u>539,721</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery	1,000	-	-	(1,000)	-
Sale of other property	850,000	538,045	538,045	(311,955)	-
Operating transfers in	1,295,527	460,202	233,600	(835,325)	(226,602)
Operating transfers out	(2,472,264)	(1,516,900)	(1,290,296)	955,364	226,604
Other financing uses	-	(7,300)	(7,300)	(7,300)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(325,737)</u>	<u>(525,953)</u>	<u>(525,951)</u>	<u>(200,216)</u>	<u>2</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>1,030,222</u>	<u>1,569,945</u>	<u>1,030,222</u>	<u>539,723</u>
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2021, as previously reported	12,101,961	11,838,195	11,838,195	(263,766)	-
Prior period adjustments	-	355,961	-	355,961	(355,961)
July 1, 2021, as restated	<u>12,101,961</u>	<u>12,194,156</u>	<u>11,838,195</u>	<u>92,195</u>	<u>(355,961)</u>
June 30, 2022	<u>\$ 12,101,961</u>	<u>13,224,378</u>	<u>13,408,140</u>	<u>1,122,417</u>	<u>183,762</u>

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule
 ESSER II Fund
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 2

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variances Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final		Original to Final	Final to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 2,987,923	2,965,550	769,852	(22,373)	(2,195,698)
Total Revenues	<u>2,987,923</u>	<u>2,965,550</u>	<u>769,852</u>	<u>(22,373)</u>	<u>(2,195,698)</u>
Expenditures:					
Instruction	2,743,186	2,024,634	367,672	718,552	1,656,962
Support services	244,737	614,303	299,435	(369,566)	314,868
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	12,025	-	(12,025)	12,025
Total Expenditures	<u>2,987,923</u>	<u>2,650,962</u>	<u>667,107</u>	<u>336,961</u>	<u>1,983,855</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>314,588</u>	<u>102,745</u>	<u>314,588</u>	<u>(211,843)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	-	(314,588)	(102,745)	(314,588)	211,843
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>(314,588)</u>	<u>(102,745)</u>	<u>(314,588)</u>	<u>211,843</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2021	-	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2022	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Corinth School District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,339,564	37,581,699	32,434,672	30,369,144	29,356,083	32,332,549	26,993,118	20,140,742
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.191737%	0.194132%	0.184372%	0.182584%	0.176595%	0.181008%	0.174622%	0.165929%
District's covered payroll	12,748,569	12,926,799	10,869,040	11,659,708	11,328,660	11,579,517	10,909,397	10,139,098
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	222.30%	290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Corinth School District
Schedule of District Contributions
PERS
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,274,393	2,218,251	2,249,263	1,891,213	1,836,404	1,784,264	1,823,774	1,718,230
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,274,393	2,218,251	2,249,263	1,891,213	1,836,404	1,784,264	1,823,774	1,718,230
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 13,071,224	12,748,569	12,926,799	12,007,702	11,659,708	11,328,660	11,579,517	10,909,397
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Corinth School District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,604,781	1,979,056	2,072,389	1,866,259	1,917,252
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.24931267%	0.25430934%	0.24422971%	0.24125900%	0.24435765%
District's covered-employee payroll	11,852,818	12,256,072	11,184,319	10,911,981	10,978,317 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

** The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Corinth School District
Schedule of District Contributions
OPEB
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 49,803	64,502	78,924	83,068	81,735	**
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	49,803	64,502	78,924	83,068	81,735	**
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,682,857	11,669,619	12,573,061	10,164,466	4,535,457	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.43%	0.55%	0.63%	0.82%	1.80%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

** The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Corinth School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	28.8 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

2019:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2020:

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

2021:

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017:

None

2018:

None

2019:

None

2020:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductions and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

2021:

The schedule of monthly retiree contribution was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

(3) *Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions.*

The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%

Corinth School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Initial health care cost trend rates	
Medicare Supplement Claims	
Pre-Medicare	7.00%

Ultimate health care cost trend rates	
Medicare Supplement Claims	
Pre-Medicare	4.75%

Year of ultimate trend rates	
Medicare Supplement Claims	
Pre-Medicare	2028

Long-term investment rate of return, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	2.19%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title/	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Federal Expenditures
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u>			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	215MS326N1099	10.555	\$ 181,252
Summer Food Service Program for Children	215MS326N1099	10.559	1,595,438
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,776,690
Child and Adult Care Food Program	225MS340N1050	10.558	4,345
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	225MS907N2533	10.560	4,068
Subtotal			8,413
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			1,785,103
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,785,103
<u>U. S. Department of Education</u>			
Direct Program:			
Impact Aid	N/A	84.041	12,743
Innovative Approaches to Literacy	N/A	84.215G	83,567
Total Direct Program			96,310
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ES010A210024	84.010	1,017,147
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth	ES010A210024	84.013	40,453
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A210024	84.048	47,973
Rehabilitation Services Vocation Rehabilitation Grants to States	N/A	84.126	31,136
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	ES196A190025	84.196	89,157
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	ES287C180024	84.287	390,623
Rural Education	ES358B180024	84.358	51,801
English Language Acquisition State Grants	ES365A180024	84.365	33,048
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ES367A190023	84.367	115,309
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ES424A190025	84.424	66,311
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I & II)	S425D200031	84.425D	853,991
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Elementary Relief (ARP ESSER)	S425D200031	84.425U	541,199
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Elementary Relief - Homeless Children and Youth	S425W210025	84.425W	28,004
Subtotal			3,306,152
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A190108	84.027	590,295
Positive Behavior Specialists	H027A190108	84.027A	7,713
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A190113	84.173	12,732
Total Special Education Cluster			610,740
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			3,916,892
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,013,202
<u>U. S. Department of Health and Human Services</u>			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Mental Health:			
Developmental Disabilities Basic Support and Advocacy Grant	N/A	93.630	62,970
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Mental Health			62,970
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	2005MS5ADM	93.778	13,685
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			13,685
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			76,655
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 5,874,960

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Corinth School District

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the “Schedule”) includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$117,906 are included in the School Breakfast Program. The pass-through entity identifying number for ALN 84.126 and 93.630 were not available.

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits \$	17,888,562	13,859,188	1,336,277	962,099	1,730,998
Other	7,397,331	2,255,022	140,938	4,801	4,996,570
Total	<u>\$ 25,285,893</u>	<u>16,114,210</u>	<u>1,477,215</u>	<u>966,900</u>	<u>6,727,568</u>
Total number of students *	<u>2,440</u>				
Cost per student	<u>\$ 10,362</u>	<u>6,604</u>	<u>605</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>2,757</u>

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

* Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
General Fund
Last Four Years

"UNAUDITED"

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,174,021	4,964,209	4,717,775	4,405,618
State sources	13,037,376	12,285,670	12,675,711	12,059,310
Federal sources	286,275	303,200	207,868	211,256
Total Revenues	<u>18,497,672</u>	<u>17,553,079</u>	<u>17,601,354</u>	<u>16,676,184</u>
Expenditures:				
Instruction	10,517,440	10,691,736	11,264,966	12,514,038
Support services	5,858,618	5,499,963	5,519,629	5,724,188
Noninstructional services	-	-	701	1,122
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,718	29,190	594,416	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	1,135,843
Total Expenditures	<u>16,401,776</u>	<u>16,220,889</u>	<u>17,379,712</u>	<u>19,375,191</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	<u>2,095,896</u>	<u>1,332,190</u>	<u>221,642</u>	<u>(2,699,007)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Inception of capital leases	-	-	108,871	3,197,127
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	2,878
Sale of other property	538,045	-	-	818,634
Operating transfers in	233,600	93,615	78,457	82,569
Operating transfers out	(1,290,296)	(619,511)	(1,237,499)	(2,118,068)
Other financing uses	(7,300)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(525,951)</u>	<u>(525,896)</u>	<u>(1,050,171)</u>	<u>1,983,140</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,569,945	806,294	(828,529)	(715,867)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	11,838,195	10,854,746	11,683,275	12,399,142
Prior period adjustment	-	177,155	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated	<u>11,838,195</u>	<u>11,031,901</u>	<u>11,683,275</u>	<u>12,399,142</u>
End of period	<u>\$ 13,408,140</u>	<u>11,838,195</u>	<u>10,854,746</u>	<u>11,683,275</u>

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

CORINTH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years

"UNAUDITED"

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 6,702,201	6,519,698	6,331,469	6,027,534
State sources	15,056,639	14,168,103	14,148,087	13,399,222
Federal sources	5,945,568	7,162,910	4,340,923	3,956,237
Total Revenues	<u>27,704,408</u>	<u>27,850,711</u>	<u>24,820,479</u>	<u>23,382,993</u>
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,595,369	17,382,123	14,489,150	15,504,479
Support services	7,042,332	6,535,398	6,307,908	6,689,910
Noninstructional services	1,695,869	1,699,810	1,737,278	1,664,669
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,718	29,190	645,201	137,959
Debt service:				
Principal	1,650,618	1,400,266	1,599,058	3,550,713
Interest	271,537	510,132	328,816	339,839
Other	4,450	4,450	4,450	4,450
Total Expenditures	<u>25,285,893</u>	<u>27,561,369</u>	<u>25,111,861</u>	<u>27,892,019</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	<u>2,418,515</u>	<u>289,342</u>	<u>(291,382)</u>	<u>(4,509,026)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Refinancing notes issued	-	3,000,000	-	-
Refinanced notes paid	-	(1,825,948)	-	-
Inception of capital leases	-	-	108,871	3,197,127
Insurance recovery	-	-	-	2,878
Payment from QSCB debt escrow agent	532,965	520,871	456,906	468,718
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(532,965)	(520,871)	(456,906)	(468,718)
Sale of other property	538,045	-	-	818,634
Operating transfers in	1,784,520	3,812,891	1,532,748	2,884,486
Operating transfers out	(1,784,520)	(3,812,891)	(1,532,748)	(2,884,486)
Other financing uses	(7,300)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>530,745</u>	<u>1,174,052</u>	<u>108,871</u>	<u>4,018,639</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,949,260	1,463,394	(182,511)	(490,387)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	19,103,139	17,476,915	17,643,358	18,214,356
Prior period adjustment	-	177,155	-	(75,442)
Beginning of period, as restated	<u>19,103,139</u>	<u>17,654,070</u>	<u>17,643,358</u>	<u>18,138,914</u>
Increase (decrease) in inventory	6,381	(14,325)	16,068	(5,169)
End of period	<u>\$ 22,058,780</u>	<u>19,103,139</u>	<u>17,476,915</u>	<u>17,643,358</u>

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON
AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board
Corinth School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Corinth School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Corinth School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 5, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corinth School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC
July 5, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board
Corinth School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Corinth School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Corinth School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Corinth School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Corinth School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Corinth School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Corinth School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the

design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Corinth School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Corinth School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Corinth School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Corinth School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Corinth School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Corinth School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of

compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC
July 5, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH
STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH
STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board
Corinth School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Corinth School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Corinth School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 5, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC
July 5, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Corinth School District

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
7. Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
84.425D*	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I & II)
84.425U*	COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)
84.425W*	COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - Homeless Children and Youth

* These three programs were audited as one major program - Education Stabilization Fund

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.