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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

#### AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES

sesmithcpa@msn.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Franklin County School District

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Franklin County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (*Government Auditing Standards*), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Franklin County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Franklin County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
  the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Franklin County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
  is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Franklin County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively

comprise the Franklin County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 2, 2023, on our consideration of the Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC Starkville, Mississippi

Juganne F. Smith

March 2, 2023

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Franklin County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$1,744,882 including a prior period adjustment of (\$657), which represents a 40% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 decreased \$812,433, including a prior period adjustment of \$21,430 and a reclassification of fund type of \$26,243, which represents a 23% decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,846,756 and \$11,328,283, or 65% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,872,338, or 35% of total revenues for 2022, and \$3,817,916, or 25% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$14,973,555 and \$16,006,305 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$5,872,338 for 2022 and \$3,817,916 for 2021 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,846,756 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs, while general revenues of \$11,328,283 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,326,825 in revenues and \$11,428,525 in expenditures for 2022, and \$11,211,947 in revenues and \$11,013,464 in expenditures in 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,250,245, including a prior period adjustment of (\$866), from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$171,319, including a prior period adjustment of (\$163), from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$257,792, including a prior period adjustment of \$82, for 2022 and increased by \$36,474 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt included the liability for compensated absences. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$13,925 for 2022 and decreased by \$6,714 for 2021.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are included in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,645,529 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	•	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	7,093,527	\$ 5,418,969	30.90%
Restricted assets		6,482,527	6,446,719	0.56%
Capital assets, net		6,643,293	6,901,085	-3.74%
Total assets		20,219,347	18,766,773	7.74%
Deferred outflows of resources		3,826,558	 3,228,027	18.54%
Current liabilities		540,632	530,423	1.92%
Long-term debt outstanding		82,737	96,662	-14.41%
Net pension liability		18,685,724	24,150,538	-22.63%
Net OPEB liability		1,083,595	1,271,875	-14.80%
Total liabilities		20,392,688	 26,049,498	-21.72%
Deferred inflows of resources		6,298,746	335,713	1776.23%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		6,643,293	6,901,085	-3.74%
Restricted		8,952,740	9,084,274	-1.45%
Unrestricted		(18,241,562)	(20,375,770)	10.47%
Total net position	\$	(2,645,529)	\$ (4,390,411)	39.74%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	(\$18,241,562)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	21,996,288
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 3,754,726

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in current assets in the amount of \$1,674,558.
- Increase in deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$598,531.
- Decrease in compensated absences of \$13,925.
- Decrease in the net pension liability in the amount of \$5,464,814.
- Decrease in the net OPEB liability in the amount of \$188,280.
- Increase in the deferred inflows of resources in the amount of \$5,963,033.

### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$16,719,094 and \$15,146,199, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$14,793,555 for 2022 and \$16,006,305 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 396,587	\$ 353,429	12.21%
Operating grants and contributions	5,453,460	3,458,930	57.66%
Capital Grants and Contributions	22,291	5,557	301.13%
General revenues:			
Propertly taxes	3,058,447	2,957,617	3.41%
Grants and contributions not restricted	7,343,359	7,502,925	-2.13%
Investment earnings	(184,472)	271,349	-167.98%
Sixteenth section sources	567,883	536,756	5.80%
Other	61,539	59,636	3.19%
Total revenues	16,719,094	15,146,199	10.38%
Expenses:			
Instruction	7,435,935	7,990,421	-6.94%
Support services	5,781,371	5,046,454	14.56%
Non-instructional	617,190	552,530	11.70%
Sixteenth section	71,564	45,206	58.31%
Pension expense	1,069,715	2,286,407	-53.21%
OPEB expense	(64,505)	16,526	-490.32%
Interest on long-term liabilities	62,285	68,761	-9.42%
Total expenses	14,973,555	16,006,305	-6.45%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	1,745,539	(860,106)	302.94%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(4,390,411)	(3,577,978)	-22.71%
Prior period adjustment	(657)	21,430	-103.07%
Reclassify fund type	-	26,243	-100.00%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(4,391,068)	(3,530,305)	-24.38%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (2,645,529)	\$ (4,390,411)	39.74%

## **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost

presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses				_ Percentage	
		2022		2021	Change	
Instruction	\$	7,435,935	\$	7,990,421	-6.94%	
Support services		5,781,371		5,046,454	14.56%	
Non-instructional		617,190		552,530	11.70%	
Sixteenth section		71,564		45,206	58.31%	
Pension Expense		1,069,715		2,286,407	-53.21%	
OPEB Expense		(64,505)		16,526	-490.32%	
Interest on long-term liabilities		62,285		68,761	-9.42%	
Total expenses	\$	14,973,555	\$	16,006,305	-6.45%	

	Net (Expense) Revenue				_ Percentage	
		2022		2021	Change	
Instruction	\$	(5,211,644)	\$	(5,729,553)	9.04%	
Support services		(3,067,779)		(4,203,873)	27.02%	
Non-instructional		256,757		89,195	187.86%	
Sixteenth section		(11,056)		27,536	-140.15%	
Pension Expense		(1,069,715)		(2,286,407)	53.21%	
OPEB Expense		64,505		(16,526)	490.32%	
Interest on long-term liabilities		(62,285)		(68,761)	9.42%	
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(9,101,217)	\$	(12,188,389)	25.33%	

Net cost of governmental activities [(\$9,101,217) for 2022 and (\$12,188,389) for 2021] was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,058,447 for 2022 and \$2,957,617 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$7,343,359 for 2022 and \$7,502,925 for 2021). In addition, there was \$567,883 and \$536,756 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Investment earnings amounted to (\$184,472) for 2022 and \$271,349 for 2021.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,790,203, an increase of \$1,454,938, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$726) and an increase in inventory of \$8,277. \$3,451,905 or 27% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the

General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$9,338,298 or 73% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,250,245, including a prior period adjustment of (\$866). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$336,795, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$140 and an increase in reserve for inventory of \$8,277, due primarily to an increase in the fund balance of the Child Nutrition Fund. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund Increase(Decrease)
ARP ESSER III Fund No change

16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund (\$132,102)

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$15,292,574, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$43,140, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3), from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$8,649,281, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$445,036, resulting in total net capital assets of \$6,643,293.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 86,490	\$ 86,490	0.00%
Buildings	3,174,613	3,273,018	-3.01%
Building Improvements	2,199,015	2,352,578	-6.53%
Improvements other than buildings	195,264	209,880	-6.96%
Mobile equipment	914,524	912,464	0.23%
Furniture and equipment	 73,387	66,655	10.10%
Total	\$ 6,643,293	\$ 6,901,085	-3.74%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2022, the District had \$82,737 in outstanding long-term debt, which consisted of compensated absences payable. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$13,925 from the prior year.

# Table 5 Outsanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Compensated absences payable	\$ 82,737	\$ 96,662	-14.41%
Total	\$ 82,737	\$ 96,662	-14.41%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Franklin County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District plans to continue its sound financial management to meet the challenges of the future. The District has four schools: Franklin County Lower Elementary School, Franklin County Upper Elementary School, Franklin County Middle School, and Franklin County High School. The District also has a Career and Technical Center.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Franklin County School District, 41 First Street (P. O. Box 605), Meadville, Mississippi 39653.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022	Exhibit A
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,274,287
Due from other governments	580,401
Leases receivable	207,063
Inventories	31,776
Restricted assets	6,482,527
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,643,293
Total Assets	20,219,347
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	3,580,905
Deferred outflows - OPEB	245,653
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,826,558
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	540,632
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Net OPEB liability	34,340
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Non-capital related liabilities	82,737
Net pension liability	18,685,724
Net OPEB liability	1,049,255
Total Liabilities	20,392,688
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	5,653,697
Deferred inflows - OPEB	399,830
Deferred inflows - leases	245,219
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,298,746
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	6,643,293
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	686,232
Forestry improvement	354,666
Unemployment benefits	34,090
Non-expendable:	<b></b>
Sixteenth section	7,877,752
Unrestricted	(18,241,562)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,645,529)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022						
•						Net (Expense)
						Revenue and
						Changes in
		_		Program Revenue		Net Position
				Operating	Capital	
For all and ID and are a		<b>-</b>	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	7,435,935	306,227	1,910,503	7,561	(5,211,644)
Support services	·	5,781,371	17,922	2,680,940	14,730	(3,067,779)
Non-instructional		617,190	11,930	862,017		256,757
Sixteenth section		71,564	60,508			(11,056)
Pension expense		1,069,715				(1,069,715)
OPEB expense		(64,505)				64,505
Interest on long-term liabilities		62,285				(62,285)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,973,555	396,587	5,453,460	22,291	(9,101,217)
			Taxes:			
			General	purpose levies		3,058,447
			Unrestricte	ed grants and con	tributions:	
			State			7,018,763
			Federal			324,596
				ed investment ear	nings	(184,472)
			Sixteenth s	section sources		567,883
			Other			61,539
			Total C	General Revenues	5	10,846,756
			Change in Ne		1,745,539	
			Net Position -	Beginning, as pre	eviously reported	(4,390,411)
			Prior Period	Adjustments		(657)
O			Net Position -	Beginning, as res	stated	(4,391,068)
-			Net Position -	Ending		\$ (2,645,529)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Governm	ental Funds			
Balance Sheet						Exhibit C
June 30, 2022						
			Major Funds		-	
		General Fund	ARP ESSER III Fund	16th Section Princpal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,118,825		810,926	1,155,462	7,085,213
Cash with fiscal agents				147,693		147,693
Investments				5,512,049		5,512,049
Due from other governments		194,680	26,676		359,045	580,401
Accrued interest receivable				11,859		11,859
Leases receivable		207,063				207,063
Due from other funds		321,607				321,607
Advance to other funds				1,395,225		1,395,225
Inventories					31,776	31,776
Total assets		5,842,175	26,676	7,877,752	1,546,283	15,292,886
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3	514,042			26,590	540,632
Due to other funds			26,676		294,931	321,607
Advances from other funds		1,395,225				1,395,225
Total Liabilities		1,909,267	26,676	0	321,521	2,257,464
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Leases		245,219				245,219
Total deferred inflows of resources		245,219	0	0	0	245,219
Fund Balances: Nonspendable:						
Inventory					31,776	31,776
Permanent fund principal				6,482,527		6,482,527
Advances				1,395,225		1,395,225
Restricted:						
Forestry improvements					354,666	354,666
Grant activities					654,456	654,456
Unemployment benefits					34,090	34,090
Assigned:						
Building improvements					128,287	128,287
Vocational					20,645	20,645
Student activities		235,784				235,784
Unemployment benefits					842	842
Unassigned		3,451,905				3,451,905
Total Fund Balances		3,687,689	0	7,877,752	1,224,762	12,790,203
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	5,842,175	26,676	7,877,752	1,546,283	15,292,886

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Funds							
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022							
То	tal fund balances for governmental funds		:	\$ 12,790,203			
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are fferent because:						
1.	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:						
	Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	86,490 7,648,531 3,966,640 632,114 2,474,920 483,879 (8,649,281)	6,643,293			
2.	Some liabilities, including net position obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net pension liability	(	18,685,724)				
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:						
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		3,580,905 (5,653,697)	(20,758,516)			
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:						
	Net OPEB liability		(1,083,595)				
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:						
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		245,653 (399,830)	(1,237,772)			
4.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:						
	Compensated absencies payable		(82,737)	(82,737)			
Ne	t Position of governmental activities			\$ (2,645,529)			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Gover	nmental Funds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	s and Cl	nanges in	Fund Balances			Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			Maion Evendo		Oth an	Tatal
		eneral	Major Funds ARP ESSER III	16th Section	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Princpal Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				•		
Local sources	\$ 3,	454,749			13,635	3,468,384
State sources	6,	989,229			621,261	7,610,490
Federal sources		444,754	2,031,257		2,732,609	5,208,620
Sixteenth section sources		438,093		(68,014)	61,781	431,860
Total Revenues	11,	326,825	2,031,257	(68,014)	3,429,286	16,719,354
Expenditures:						
Instruction	6,	772,062	38,209		1,792,127	8,602,398
Support services	4,	593,750	194,208		1,126,354	5,914,312
Noninstructional services		428			652,807	653,235
Sixteenth section					71,564	71,564
Debt service:						
Interest		62,285				62,285
Total Expenditures	11,	428,525	232,417	0	3,642,852	15,303,794
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	(	101,700)	1,798,840	(68,014)	(213,566)	1,415,560
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		32,087				32,087
Operating transfers in	1,	872,414			551,690	2,424,104
Operating transfers out	(	551,690)	(1,798,840)	(64,088)	(9,486)	(2,424,104)
Other financing uses					(260)	(260)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,	352,811	(1,798,840)	(64,088)	541,944	31,827
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,	251,111	0	(132,102)	328,378	1,447,387
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2021, as previously reported	2,	437,444	0	8,009,854	887,967	11,335,265
Prior period adjustments		(866)			140	(726)
July 1, 2021, as restated	2,	436,578	0	8,009,854	888,107	11,334,539
Increase in reserve for inventory					8,277	8,277
June 30, 2022	\$ 3,	687,689	0	7,877,752	1,224,762	12,790,203
•		•			. ,	. , -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022					
Ne	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,447,387	
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are fferent because:				
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:				
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense		202,317 45,036)	(242,719)	
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(15,155)	
3.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:				
	Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	• •	069,715) 04,694	434,979	
4.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:				
	OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		64,505 34,340	98,845	
5.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:				
	Change in compensated absences		13,925		
	Change in inventory reserve		8,277	22,202	
Ch	ange in Net Position of governmental activities		\$	1,745,539	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Franklin County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
  by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ARP ESSER III Fund – This is a special revenue fund used to account for the Federal Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund grant, administered by the United States Department of Education. ESSER III was established in March 2021, when the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act was signed into law.

16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund – This permanent fund accounts for the resources from sixteenth section lands that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Lond	¢	0	0
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows related to OPEB and pensions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The district has incurred deferred inflows related to OPEB, pensions, and leases.

See Notes 6, 8, 9, and 14 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by

state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

When acting as the lessor for the leasing of sixteenth section trust lands, the school district uses the minimum of 4% interest required by Mississippi statute for sixteenth section loans to calculate the net present value of future sixteenth section lease payments. See Note 6 for details.

## 10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

#### 11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. See Note 8 for details.

## 12. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state. See Note 9 for details.

#### Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is official action taken by the school board documented in its official minutes. The action for fund balance commitment must occur on or prior to balance sheet date. Currently there no assigned fund balances for the District.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Finance Director pursuant to authorization established by school board policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 5 percent of general fund revenues for the year. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District must develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

#### 14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease

accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$7,085,213.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$147,693.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities		
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)		Fair Value
				_
U. S. Treasury Notes	AA+	Less than 5 years	\$	554,846
U. S. Treasury Bonds	AA+	Less than 10 years		116,501
		5 years but less than 10 years		926,260
U. S. Government Agency Bonds	AA+	Less than 5 years		85,657
Mortgage Backed Securities	AA+	Less than 5 years		1,921,534
		5 years but less than 10 years		1,507,857
		10 years but less than 15 years		367,536
		25 years but less than 30 years	_	31,858
Total			\$	5,512,049

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

All investments are measured using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

#### Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Aı	mount
General Fund	ARP ESSER III Fund	\$	26,676
	Other governmental funds		294,931
		\$	321,607

Inter-fund balances represent loans created by the existence of negative fund cash balances in a pooled bank account. Negative fund cash balances in governmental funds (special revenue funds) are a result of the timing of cash flows inherent in the reimbursable grant funds due from the State and Federal governments.

#### B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,395,225
Total		\$ 1,395,225

The inter-fund balance represents a sixteenth section principal loan due from the General fund.

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2022, is four (4) percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Series 2013 Loan -

Year	Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 106,897	16,209	123,106
2024	100,193	11,933	112,126
2025	68,621	7,925	76,546
2026	58,150	5,181	63,331
2027	36,203	2,855	39,058
2028-2029	 35,161	1,586	36,747
Total	\$ 405,225	45,689	450,914

#### Series 2020 Loan -

Year	

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 55,000	39,600	94,600
2024	55,000	37,400	92,400
2025	55,000	35,200	90,200
2026	55,000	33,000	88,000
2027	55,000	30,800	85,800
2028-2032	275,000	121,000	396,000
2033-2037	275,000	66,000	341,000
2038-2040	 165,000	13,200	178,200
Total	\$ 990,000	376,200	1,366,200

Total payments due on all loans -

## Year Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 161,897	55,809	217,706
2024	155,193	49,333	204,526
2025	123,621	43,125	166,746
2026	113,150	38,181	151,331
2027	91,203	33,655	124,858
2028-2032	310,161	122,586	432,747
2033-2037	275,000	66,000	341,000
2038-2040	 165,000	13,200	178,200
Total	\$ 1,395,225	421,889	1,817,114

## C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 551,690
ARP ESSERS III Fund	General Fund	1,798,840
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	64,088
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 9,486
Total		\$ 2,424,104

Inter-fund transfers represent operating transfers from the General Fund to other governmental funds. Also included are transfers of indirect costs from special revenue funds to the General Fund and operating transfers from the ARP ESSER III and 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Funds to the General Fund.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance (\$810,926), the cash with fiscal agents balance (\$147,693), the investments balance (\$5,512,049), and the accrued interest balance (\$11,859) of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. Total restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position are \$6,482,527.

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities.

, ,	•	Balance				Balance
		7/1/2021	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2022
Governmental Activities:						_
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	86,490				86,490
Total non-depreciable capital assets		86,490	-	-	-	86,490
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		7,648,532			(1)	7,648,531
Building improvements		3,966,640				3,966,640
Improvements other than buildings		632,114				632,114
Mobile equipment		2,454,970	170,650	150,700		2,474,920
Furniture and equipment		460,688	31,667	8,474	(2)	483,879
Total depreciable capital assets		15,162,944	202,317	159,174	(3)	15,206,084
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		4,375,514	98,404			4,473,918
Building improvements		1,614,062	153,563			1,767,625
Improvements other than buildings		422,234	14,616			436,850
Mobile equipment		1,542,506	153,520	135,630		1,560,396
Furniture and equipment		394,033	24,933	8,389	(85)	410,492
Total accumulated depreciation		8,348,349	445,036	144,019	(85)	8,649,281
Total depreciable capital assets, net		6,814,595	(242,719)	15,155	82	6,556,803
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,901,085	(242,719)	15,155	82	6,643,293

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		_
Instruction	\$	7,088
Support services		431,395
Non-instructional		6,553
activities	\$ 445,036	

#### Note 6 - Leases

#### As Lessor:

Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools.

The school district uses the rate of 4% minimum interest required by Mississippi statute for sixteenth section loans to calculate the present value of sixteenth section lease rental payments since a rate implicit in the sixteenth section leases is not a part of the lease contract. The school district's financial statements have not been restated nor has a cumulative effect been reflected for the restatement of the beginning net position of the school district.

The school district, acting as lessor, has entered into 28 leases involving the leasing of the right to use Sixteenth Section school lands. Such leases are let for a term that corresponds with state law in accordance with the type of lease executed. The district's financial statements have not been restated nor has a cumulative effect been reflected for the restatement of the beginning net position of the district as part of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. The school district has, however, included in its financial statements at year end the net present value of future lease payments of \$207,063 as a lease receivable and \$245,219 as deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows of resources for leases are being amortized using the straight-line method of amortization.

The total amount of inflows of resources recognized during the current fiscal year is \$82,978.

The following are the future Principal and Interest Payments to be received on the leases:

Year Ending June 30	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total
2023	\$ 112,852	8,283	121,135
2024	37,088	3,768	40,856
2025	31,396	2,285	33,681
2026	7,133	1,029	8,162
2027	313	744	1,057
2028-2032	1,766	3,520	5,286
2033-2037	2,148	3,138	5,286
2038-2042	2,613	2,673	5,286
2043-2047	3,180	2,106	5,286
2048-2052	3,868	1,418	5,286
2053-2057	 4,706	580	5,286
Total	\$ 207,063	29,544	236,607

## Note 7 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

Amounts due

						Amounts due
		Balance			Balance	within one
		 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2022	year
A.	Compensated absences payable	\$ 96,662		13,925	82,737	_
	Subtotals	\$ 96,662	-	13,925	82,737	<u>-</u>

## A. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to

determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$1,504,694, \$1,462,606, and \$1,445,403, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$18,685,724 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.126422 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,069,715. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 182,791	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		5,643,100
Changes of assumptions	1,436,349	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	457,071	10,597
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,504,694	
Total	\$ 3,580,905	\$ 5,653,697

\$1,504,694 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (541,016)
2024	(545,215)
2025	(814,339)
2026	(1,676,916)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65-17.90 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.55%)	Rate (7.55%)	(8.55%)
District's proportionate share of		_	 _
the net pension liability	\$ 26,463,366	\$ 18,685,724	\$ 12,276,328

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$34,340 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,083,595 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.16834324 percent. This was an increase of 0.00490690 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$64,505). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,178	\$ 338,826
Changes of assumptions	175,496	36,648
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	51	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	34,588	24,356
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	34,340	
Total	\$ 245,653	\$ 399,830

\$34,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

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2023	\$	(52,229)
2024		(47,256)
2025		(31,204)
2026		(37,963)
2027		(19,865)

Year Ending June 30:

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 2.13% Prior Measurement Date 2.19%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2021 Prior Measurement Date 2020

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 2.13% Prior Measurement Date 2.19%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 6.50% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate

Pre-Medicare rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(1.13%)	Rate (2.13%)	(3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,199,385	\$ 1,083,595	\$ 984,867

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,003,689	\$ 1,083,595	\$ 1,174,022

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	Correction of a prior period error in recording an asset or liability	\$ (726)
2.	Restatement of capital assets and accumulated depreciation	82
3.	Restatement of prior period net OPEB liability	(13)
	Total	\$ (657)

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Α	mount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Error correction of a prior period recording of an asset or liability  Error correction of a prior period recording of an asset or liability	\$	(866) 140
Total		\$	(726)

## Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

## Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 43 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 43 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

#### Note 13 – Insurance Loss Recovery

The Franklin County School District received \$32,087 in insurance loss recovery related to property damage during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recovery was reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Insurance Loss Recovery	Percentage	Expense Function
•	_	•
\$32,087	100%	Support services

#### Note 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,241,562) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,504,694 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$2,076,211 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,241,562) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$5,653,697 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,241,562) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$34,340 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$211,313 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,241,562) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$399,830 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,241,562) includes the effect of deferring recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from leases. The \$245,219 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to leases at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 34 years.

## Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Franklin County School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 2, 2023, and determined that no events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				vanar	ices
				Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 3,312,742	3,428,976	3,454,749	116,234	25,773
State sources	6,988,947	6,989,229	6,989,229	282	0
Federal sources	230,377	444,754	444,754	214,377	0
Sixteenth section sources	 538,330	476,249	438,093	(62,081)	(38,156)
Total Revenues	 11,070,396	11,339,208	11,326,825	268,812	(12,383)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	7,139,410	6,772,062	6,772,062	367,348	0
Support services	4,738,107	4,593,750	4,593,750	144,357	0
Noninstructional services	6,500	428	428	6,072	0
Debt service:					
Principal	161,897	0	0	161,897	0
Interest	 62,285	62,285	62,285	0	0
Total Expenditures	 12,108,199	11,428,525	11,428,525	679,674	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (1,037,803)	(89,317)	(101,700)	948,486	(12,383)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery	0	32,087	32,087	32,087	0
Operating transfers in	2,602,119	2,351,956	1,872,414	(250,163)	(479,542)
Operating transfers out	 (2,951,939)	(1,031,232)	(551,690)	1,920,707	479,542
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (349,820)	1,352,811	1,352,811	1,702,631	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (1,387,623)	1,263,494	1,251,111	2,651,117	(12,383)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2021, as previously reported	3,709,016	2,437,444	2,437,444	(1,271,572)	0
Prior period adjustments	 0	(866)	(866)	(866)	0
July 1, 2021, as restated	3,709,016	2,436,578	2,436,578	(1,272,438)	0
June 30, 2022	\$ 2,321,393	3,700,072	3,687,689	1,378,679	(12,383)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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## FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ARP ESSER III Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Variances

					Positive (Negative)		
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$	0	2,944,815	2,031,257	2,944,815	(913,558)	
Total Revenues		0	2,944,815	2,031,257	2,944,815	(913,558)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		0	563,002	38,209	(563,002)	524,793	
Support services		0	346,883	194,208	(346,883)	152,675	
Facilities acquisition and construction		0	236,090	0	(236,090)	236,090	
Total Expenditures		0	1,145,975	232,417	(1,145,975)	913,558	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		0	1,798,840	1,798,840	1,798,840	0	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		0	(1,798,840)	(1,798,840)	(1,798,840)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	(1,798,840)	(1,798,840)	(1,798,840)	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances		0	0	0	0	0	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021		0	0	0	0	0	
June 30, 2022	\$	0	0	0	0	0	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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#### FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	0.126422	0.124752	0.123220%	0.123444	0.123417	0.126967	0.128183	0.125656
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	18,685,724	24,150,538	21,676,829	20,532,405	20,516,094	22,679,477	19,814,564	15,252,338
District's covered payroll	\$	8,405,782	8,306,914	8,025,022	7,883,105	7,917,251	8,122,400	8,008,114	7,678,203
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.30%	290.73%	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

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#### FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,504,694	1,462,606	1,445,403	1,263,941	1,241,589	1,246,967	1,279,278	1,261,278
Contributions in relation to the contractully required contribution	\$ 1,504,694	1,462,606	1,445,403	1,263,941	1,241,589	1,246,967	1,279,278	1,261,278
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	8,647,667	8,405,782	8,306,914	8,025,022	7,883,105	7,917,251	8,122,400	8,008,114
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

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#### FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.16834324%	0.16343634%	0.16590180%	0.16567863%	0.16646359%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,083,595	1,271,875	1,407,745	1,281,607	1,306,088
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,405,782	8,306,914	8,025,022	7,493,532	7,478,751
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	a	12.89%	15.31%	17.54%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

\*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

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## FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 34,340	43,554	54,189	56,427	55,680
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ 34,340	43,554	54,189	56,427	55,680
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	8,647,667	8,405,782	8,306,914	8,230,900	7,214,363
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.40%	0.52%	0.65%	0.69%	0.77%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit reports.

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

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# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

### (1) Changes of assumptions

### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# <u> 2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

# 2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

# (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in

that schedule:

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 28.8 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

Entry age

expense, including inflation

### **OPEB Schedules**

# (1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

# (2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 2.19%

price inflation

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Informati	on		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			<del></del>
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program		225MS326N1099 \$	•
National school lunch program		225MS326N1099	435,350
National school lunch program - commodities		225MS326N1099	73,154
COVID-19 - Emergency operations cost		225MS326N1099	80,435
Summer food service program for children	10.559	225MS326N1099	26,621
Total child nutrition cluster			742,018
Administrative expense reimbursement  Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	10.560	225MS907N2533	2,875 744,893
Passed-through Franklin County Board of Supervisors:			
Schools and roads - grants to states	10.665	N/A	308,040
Total passed-through Franklin County Board of Supervisors			308,040
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,052,933
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program:	40	<b>N</b> 1/A	70.000
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.xxx	N/A	79,363
Total U.S. Department of Defense			79,363
U.S. Department of Education  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:  Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A180024 S010A190024 S010A200024	442,002
		S010A210024	
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A210024	18,282
Tw enty-first century community learning centers	84.287	S287C200024 S287C210024	189,815
Rural education	84.358	S358B190024 S358B200024 S358B210024	15,557
Supporting effective instruction state grants	84.367	S367A180023 S367A190023 S367A200023 S367A210023	87,583
School improvement grants	84.377	S377A210025	1,548
Student support and academic enrichment program grants	84.424	S424A210025	29,383
Subtotal			784,170

Federal Grantor/	Federal Pass-through Assistanc Entity	
Pass-through Grantor/	e Listing Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number Number	Expenditures
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027 H027A180108	396,664
	H027A190108	
	H027A200108	
	H027A210108	
COVID-19 - Special education - grants to states	84.027X H027X210108	27,760
Special education - preschool grants	84.173 H173A200113	37,446
	H173A210113	
COVID-19 - Special education - preschool grants	84.173X H173X210113	4,501
Total special education cluster		466,371
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D S425D200031	7,441
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II	84.425D S425D210031	421,687
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Pre-K grants	84.425D S425D200031	18,359
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Nurse grant	84.425D S425D200031	49,188
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund CTW grant	84.425D S425D200031	8,104
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III	84.425U S425U210031	2,031,257
Total COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER)		2,536,036
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		3,786,577
Total U.S. Department of Education		3,786,577
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medicaid cluster:		
Medical assistance program	93.778 2205MS5ADM	37,776
Total Medicaid cluster		37,776
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		37,776
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		37,776
Social Security Administration		
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:		
Disability insurance/SSI cluster:		
Social security disability insurance	96.001 04MSD100	224
Total Social security disability insurance cluster		224
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:		224
Total Social Security Administration		224
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 4,956,873

The accompanying notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

As allow ed by federal regulations, the Franklin County School District elected to transfer program funds. The district expended \$40,265 from its Supporting effective instruction - state grants (84.367) on allow able activities of the Title I grants to local educational agencies grant (84.010). These expenditures are reflected on the schedule as expenditures of the Title I grants to local educational agencies grant (84.010).

As allow ed by federal regulations, the Franklin County School District elected to transfer program funds. The district expended \$29,383 from its Student support enrichment program grant (84.424) on allow able activities of the Title I grants to local educational agencies grant (84.010). These expenditures are reflected on the schedule as expenditures of the Title I grants to local educational agencies grant (84.010).

# FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Franklin County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Franklin County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Franklin County School District.

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

# (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Franklin County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# **Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 12,072,063 3,231,731	8,866,194 1,085,031	855,378 316,086	919,566 63,862	1,430,925 1,766,752
Total	\$ 15,303,794	9,951,225	1,171,464	983,428	3,197,677
Total number of students *	 1,086				
Cost per student	\$ 14,092	9,163	1,079	906	2,944

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

# OTHER INFORMATION

# FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# **Other Information**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				_
Local sources	\$ 3,454,749	3,272,776	3,119,508	3,218,435
State sources	6,989,229	6,937,050	6,942,904	6,514,809
Federal sources	444,754	444,782	436,097	391,228
Sixteenth section sources	 438,093	557,339	773,327	574,107
Total Revenues	 11,326,825	11,211,947	11,271,836	10,698,579
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,772,062	6,737,229	6,829,293	6,503,320
Support services	4,593,750	4,206,813	4,265,013	4,230,948
Noninstructional services	428	661	1,047	2,083
Facilities acquisition and construction			4,767	
Debt service:				
Interest	62,285	68,761	29,037	33,563
Total Expenditures	11,428,525	11,013,464	11,129,157	10,769,914
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(101,700)	198,483	142,679	(71,335)
ever (anaer) Experianteree	 (101,100)	100, 100	1 12,010	(11,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	32,087	90,676		
Sale of transportation equipment			4,837	11,001
Operating transfers in	1,872,414	229,584	52,184	56,200
Operating transfers out	(551,690)	(373,504)	(1,357,289)	(344,253)
Other financing uses			(1,846)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,352,811	(53,244)	(1,302,114)	(277,052)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,251,111	145,239	(1,159,435)	(348,387)
E and Delegan				
Fund Balances:	0.407.444	0.000.405	0.400.050	0.770.040
Beginning of period, as previously reported	2,437,444	2,266,125	3,423,956	3,772,343
Prior period adjustments	(866)	(163)	1,604	
Fund reclassification	 0.400.570	26,243	0.405.500	0.770.040
Beginning of period, as restated	 2,436,578	2,292,205	3,425,560	3,772,343
End of Period	\$ 3,687,689	2,437,444	2,266,125	3,423,956

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	3,468,384	3,353,578	3,239,548	3,394,122
State sources		7,610,490	7,637,255	7,549,513	7,117,187
Federal sources		5,208,620	3,330,156	2,344,853	2,292,166
Sixteenth section sources		431,860	825,210	1,289,471	998,066
Total Revenues		16,719,354	15,146,199	14,423,385	13,801,541
Expenditures:					
Instruction		8,602,398	9,089,813	8,189,890	7,825,538
Support services		5,914,312	5,187,986	5,357,878	5,221,360
Noninstructional services		653,235	565,400	659,559	675,186
Sixteenth section		71,564	45,206	28,409	21,040
Facilities acquisition and construction			345,646	974,006	
Debt service:					
Interest		62,285	68,761	29,037	33,563
Total Expenditures		15,303,794	15,302,812	15,238,779	13,776,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,415,560	(156,613)	(815,394)	24,854
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		32,087	90,676		
Sale of transportation equipment		02,007	30,070	4,837	11,001
Operating transfers in		2,424,104	603,088	1,409,473	468,004
Operating transfers out		(2,424,104)	(603,088)	(1,409,473)	(468,004)
Other financing uses		(260)	(000,000)	(1,846)	(100,001)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		31,827	90,676	2,991	11,001
rotal care i manonig courses (coss)		01,027	00,010	2,001	,
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,447,387	(65,937)	(812,403)	35,855
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		11,335,265	11,390,646	12,178,848	12,146,684
Prior period adjustments		(726)	(163)	875	12, 140,004
Fund reclassification		(720)	26,243	0/3	
Beginning of period, as restated		11,334,539	11,416,726	12,179,723	12,146,684
boghting of portou, as restated		11,004,000	11,710,720	12,110,120	12, 140,004
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		8,277	(15,524)	23,326	(3,691)
End of Period	\$	12,790,203 \$	11,335,265 \$	11,390,646 \$	12,178,848
2.10 0.1 0.100	Ψ	,,,ου,,200 φ	,σσσ,2σσ φ	,οοο,οιο φ	12,170,010

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

# AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES

sesmithcpa@msn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Franklin County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of American and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Franklin County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Franklin County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 2, 2023.

# Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Franklin County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Franklin County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Franklin County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Franklin County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

POST OFFICE BOX 1563 STARKVILLE, MS 39760 PHONE: 601-938-5717

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC Starkville, MS 39760

Juzanne 5. Smith

March 2, 2023

# SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

# AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and the School Board Franklin County School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Franklin County School District's compliance with the type of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Franklin County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Franklin County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Franklin County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Franklin County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Franklin County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Franklin County School District's federal programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and to express an opinion on Franklin County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Franklin County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding Franklin County School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
  in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Franklin County School District's internal control over compliance
  relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
  and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance,
  but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Franklin County School
  District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC Starkville, MS 39760

Juganne S. Smith

March 2, 2023

# SUZANNE E. SMITH, CPA, PLLC

# AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING SERVICES

sesmithcpa@msn.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Franklin County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Franklin County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Franklin County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 2, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district." The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Suzanne E. Smith, CPA, PLLC Starkville, Mississippi

Juzanne 5. Smith

March 2, 2023

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# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified? (Yes/No) No

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? (Yes/None reported) None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? (Yes/No) No

# Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified? (Yes/No) No

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? (Yes/None reported) None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)

7. Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425D	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I
84.425D	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II
84.425D	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Pre-K Grants
84.425D	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund Nurse Grant
84.425D	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund CTW Grant
84.425U	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III - ARP

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? (Yes/No) Yes

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit No findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). (Yes/No)

# FRANKLIN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.