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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

M. M. WINKLER & ASSOCIATES, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Tupelo, Mississippi

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	<i>′</i>
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position	
Exhibit B – Statement of Activities	20
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C – Balance Sheet	2′
Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net	
Position	
Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Exhibit D-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	
Notes to the Financial Statements	3
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	6
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title I-Basic Fund.	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – ESSER III Fund.	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of District S Hoportonate Share of the Net Fension Elabority	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	0. 61
Schedule of District Stripportionate Share of the Net Of EB Endonty	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	7
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Schedule of instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds	/
OTHER INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund,	
Last Four Years	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds,	
Last Four Funds	82
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	8
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control Over	0. r
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.	8′
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND	0,
REGULATIONS	9.
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	0
SCHEDULE OF FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS	7

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Holly Springs School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Holly Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Holly Springs School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Holly Springs School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Holly Springs School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Holly Springs School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Holly Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Holly Springs School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

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Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Holly Springs School District's basic financial statements. accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 24, 2023, on our consideration of the Holly Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Holly Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Holly Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

M. M. Winkler & Associates, PLLC

Tupelo, MS July 24, 2023 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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Holly Springs School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of Holly Springs School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$1,396,184, which represents an 18.3% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 increased \$870,695, including a prior period adjustment of \$59,465, which represents a 10.3% increase from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$11,647,334 and \$11,870,694, or 72.4% and 75.8% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,430,914, or 27.6% of total revenues for 2022, and \$3,787,795, or 24.2% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$14,682,064 and \$14,847,259 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$4,430,914 for 2022 and \$3,787,795 for 2021 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$11,647,334 for 2022 and \$11,870,694 for 2021 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$10,794,164 in revenues and \$10,483,584 in expenditures for 2022, and \$10,693,535 in revenues and \$9,239,259 in expenditures in 2021. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$247,550 from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$1,016,223, including a prior period adjustment of \$45,278, from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$327,254 for 2022 and decreased by \$613,274 for 2021. The increase for 2022 was due to the addition of construction in progress coupled with the offsetting increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$929,738 for 2022 and increased by \$225,858 for 2021, including adjustments made for advance refunding in 2020. This decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$424 for 2022 and increased by \$3,447 for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

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Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

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Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds' financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds' financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

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Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$6,221,948 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

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Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$ 6,300,407	\$ 7,125,341	-11.58 %
Capital assets, net	16,565,011	16,237,757	2.02 %
Total assets	22,865,418	23,363,098	-2.13%
Deferred outflows of resources	3,618,952	3,677,169	-1.58 %
Current liabilities	1,009,811	1,008,178	0.16 %
Long-term debt outstanding	9,692,979	10,623,141	-8.76 %
Net OPEB liability	924,589	1,176,104	-21.39 %
Net pension liability	14,780,437	21,294,722	-30.59 %
Total liabilities	26,407,816	34,102,145	-22.56%
Deferred inflows of resources	6,298,502	556,254	1,032.31 %
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	7,523,582	6,315,282	19.13%
Restricted	1,987,921	2,780,205	-28.50%
Unrestricted	(15,733,451)	(16,713,619)	5.86%
Total net position	\$ (6,221,948)	\$ (7,618,132)	18.33%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (15,733,451)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	18,968,874
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 3,235,423

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$327,254.
- The principal retirement of \$929,738 of long-term debt.

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Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$16,078,248 and \$15,658,489, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$14,682,064 for 2022 and \$14,847,259 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	Year Ended June 30, 2022		Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 200,373	\$	82,897	141.71 %
Operating grants and contributions	4,230,541		3,704,898	14.19 %
General revenues:				
Property taxes	5,018,628		5,267,765	-4.73 %
Grants and contributions not restricted	6,586,543		6,570,892	0.24 %
Investment earnings	17,431		15,663	11.29 %
Other	24,732		16,374	51.04 %
Total revenues	16,078,248	_	15,658,489	2.68 %
Expenses:		_		
Instruction	7,469,513		6,905,540	8.17 %
Support services	5,500,013		5,140,168	7.00~%
Non-instructional	1,156,678		664,021	74.19 %
Pension expense	348,055		1,876,758	-81.45 %
OPEB expense	(71,718)		15,552	-561.15 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	279,523		245,220	13.99 %
Total expenses	14,682,064	_	14,847,259	-1.11 %
Increase (Decrease) in net position	1,396,184	_	811,230	72.11 %
Net Position, July 1	(7,618,132)		(8,429,362)	9.62 %
Net Position, June 30	\$ (6,221,948)	\$	(7,618,132)	18.33 %

Table 2Changes in Net Position

-Continued-

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Total	Percentage	
	 2022	 2021	Change
Instruction	\$ 7,469,513	\$ 6,905,540	8.17 %
Support services	5,500,013	5,140,168	7.00~%
Non-instructional	1,156,678	664,021	74.19 %
Pension Expense	348,055	1,876,758	-81.45 %
OPEB Expense	(71,718)	15,552	-561.15 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	279,523	245,220	13.99 %
Total expenses	\$ 14,682,064	\$ 14,847,259	-1.11%

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Expe	Percentage	
	 2022	 2021	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,785,246)	\$ (5,111,173)	-13.19 %
Support services	(4,031,717)	(3,938,925)	-2.36 %
Non-instructional	102,881	106,720	-3.60 %
Pension Expense	(348,055)	(1,876,758)	81.45 %
OPEB Expense	71,718	(15,552)	561.15 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	(260,731)	(223,776)	-16.51 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (10,251,150)	\$ (11,059,464)	7.31 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$10,251,150 for 2022 and \$11,059,464 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,018,628 for 2022 and \$5,267,765 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$6,586,543 for 2022 and \$6,570,892 for 2021).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$17,431 for 2022 and \$15,663 for 2021.

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FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,331,056, a decrease of \$834,469, which includes an increase in inventory of \$1,138. \$3,302,674 or 62% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,028,382 or 38% is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$247,550. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$778,105, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$1,138. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I - Basic	No increase or decrease
ESSER III	No increase or decrease
GO Refunding	\$ 191,186

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

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CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$26,891,480, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$764,499 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$10,326,469, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$624,954, resulting in total net capital assets of \$16,565,011.

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation										
		June 30, 2022	Percentage Change							
Land	\$	227,020	\$	227,020	0.00%					
Construction in Progress		883,228		-0-	N/A					
Buildings		12,621,003		12,965,617	-2.66 %					
Building Improvements		2,131,049		2,271,777	-6.19 %					
Improvements other than buildings		50,737		57,216	-11.32 %					
Mobile equipment		237,261		263,540	-9.97 %					
Furniture and equipment	_	414,713	_	452,587	-8.37 %					
Total	\$	16,565,011	\$	16,237,757	2.02%					

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$9,625,727 in outstanding long-term debt, excluding compensated absences, of which \$931,956 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$424 from the prior year.

The District maintains an AA- bond rating.

Table 5	
Outstanding Long-Term D)ebt

		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
General obligation bonds payable	\$	500,000	\$	985,000	-49.24 %
Premiums/Discounts		9,535		19,070	-50.00 %
General obligation refunding bonds payable		7,386,000		7,529,000	-1.90 %
Three mill notes payable		306,000		470,000	-34.89 %
Obligations under energy efficiency loans		1,037,382		1,098,461	-5.56 %
Qualified school construction bonds payable	e	386,810		453,934	-14.79 %
Compensated absences payable	_	67,252	-	67,676	-0.63 %
Total	\$	9,692,979	\$	10,623,141	-8.76%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

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CURRENT ISSUES

The Holly Springs School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of public schools, which include the Holly Springs Primary School, the Holly Springs Intermediate School, the Holly Springs Junior High School, the Holly Springs High School, and the Holly Springs Career and Technical School.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and finance internal controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Holly Springs School District, 840 Highway 178 East, Holly Springs, Mississippi 38635.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position Exhibit A June 30, 2022 Governmental Activities Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5.211.976 246,423 Cash with fiscal agents Due from other governments 705,649 Other receivables, net 103,315 4,363 Inventories 28,681 Prepaid items Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land 227,020 Construction in progress 883,228 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings 12,621,003 Building improvements 2,131,049 Improvements other than buildings 50,737 Mobile equipment 237,261 Furniture and equipment 414,713 Total Assets 22,865,418 \$ **Deferred Outflows of Resources** Deferred outflows - pensions \$ 2,847,648 Deferred outflows - OPEB 187,006 Deferred outflows - refunding 584.298 Total deferred outflows of resources 3,618,952 \$ Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 969.351 Interest payable on long-term liabilities 40,460 Long-term liabilities, due within one year: Capital related liabilities 931,956 Net OPEB liability 44,228 Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year: Capital related liabilities 8,693,771 Non-capital related liabilities 67,252 Net pension liability 14,780,437 Net OPEB liability 880,361 Total Liabilities 26,407,816 \$ **Deferred Inflows of Resources** Deferred inflows - pensions \$ 5,884,014 Deferred inflows - OPEB 414,488 Total deferred inflows of resources 6,298,502 \$ Net Position Net investment in capital assets \$ 7,523,582 Restricted for: Expendable: School-based activities 251,417 Debt service 1,453,172 Capital improvements 255,287 Unemployment benefits 28,045 Unrestricted (15,733,451)Total Net Position (6,221,948)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Tear Ended Suit 50, 2022	-		Prograr	n Re	evenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses	 Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	 Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction Support services Non-instructional Pension expense OPEB expense Interest on long-term liabilities	\$	7,469,513 5,500,013 1,156,678 348,055 (71,718) 279,523	\$ 124,961 23,161 33,459 - 18,792	\$	1,559,306 1,445,135 1,226,100	\$ $(5,785,246) \\ (4,031,717) \\ 102,881 \\ (348,055) \\ 71,718 \\ (260,731) \\ (5,785,246) \\ (2,785,246) \\ (3,785,246) \\$
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,682,064	\$ 200,373	\$	4,230,541	\$ (10,251,150)
			General Revenues: Taxes: General purp Debt purpose	ose		\$ 3,879,671 1,138,957
			Unrestricted gr State Federal Unrestricted in Other		and contributions: ment earnings	6,378,881 207,662 17,431 24,732
			Total Gen	eral	Revenues	\$ 11,647,334
			Change in Net Pos	itio	1	\$ 1,396,184
			Net Position - Beg	inni	ng	\$ (7,618,132)
			Net Position - End	ing		\$ (6,221,948)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

Exhibit C

Major Funds												
		General Fund		Title I - Basic Fund		ESSER III Fund		GO Refunding Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,516,995	\$	-	\$	-	\$	614,969	\$	1,080,012	\$	5,211,976
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-		246,423		246,423
Due from other governments		233,125		173,259		126,749		42,210		130,306		705,649
Other receivables, net		102,845		470		-		-		-		103,315
Due from other funds		241,293		-		416		-		-		241,709
Inventories		-		-		-		-		4,363		4,363
Prepaid items		28,681		-		-		-		-		28,681
Total assets	\$	4,122,939	\$	173,729	\$	127,165	\$	657,179	\$	1,461,104	\$	6,542,116
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	791,168	\$	48,491	\$	54,546	\$	-	\$	75,146	\$	969,351
Due to other funds		416		125,238		72,619		-		43,436		241,709
Total Liabilities	\$	791,584	\$	173,729	\$	127,165	\$	-	\$	118,582	\$	1,211,060
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Inventory	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,363	\$	4,363
Prepaid items		28,681		-		-		-		-		28,681
Restricted:												
Debt service		-		-		-		657,179		836,453		1,493,632
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		-		28,045		28,045
Assigned:												
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		255,287		255,287
School activities		-		-		-		-		218,374		218,374
Unassigned		3,302,674		-		-	_	-		-		3,302,674
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,331,355	\$	-	\$	-	\$	657,179	\$	1,342,522	\$	5,331,056
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,122,939	\$	173,729	\$	127,165	\$	657,179	\$	1,461,104	\$	6,542,116

	Governmental Funds					
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position						
Ju	ne 30, 2022					
An di	tal fund balances for governmental funds nounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are fferent because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:	\$	5,331,056			
	Land \$ Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	$\begin{array}{r} 227,020\\ 883,228\\ 18,453,662\\ 3,518,195\\ 161,975\\ 1,714,044\\ 1,933,356\\ (10,326,469)\end{array}$	16,565,011			
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
	Net pension liability		(14,780,437)			
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,847,648 (5,884,014)	(3,036,366)			
3.	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
	Net OPEB liability		(924,589)			
	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
	Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	187,006 (414,488)	(227,482)			
4.	Deferred outflows of resources related to refunding bonds are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		584,298			
5.	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds Notes payable Obligations under energy efficiency loans Qualified school construction bonds Unamortized premiums Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	$(7,886,000) \\ (306,000) \\ (1,037,382) \\ (386,810) \\ (9,535) \\ (67,252) \\ (40,460) \\ (40,460)$	(9,733,439)			
Ne	t Position of governmental activities	\$	(6,221,948)			

				Governmenta	l Fı	unds					
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	l Ch	anges in Func	l B	alances							Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	Major Funds Other							Total			
	-	General Fund		Title I - Basic Fund		ESSER III Fund		GO Refunding Fund		Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-		-				-		-		
Local sources	\$	4,064,485	\$	-	\$	-	\$	491,453	\$	686,433	\$ 5,242,371
State sources		6,525,467		-		-		-		238,075	6,763,542
Federal sources		204,212	_	982,304	_	926,715	_		_	1,959,104	 4,072,335
Total Revenues	\$	10,794,164	\$	982,304	\$	926,715	\$	491,453	\$	2,883,612	\$ 16,078,248
Expenditures:											
Instruction	\$	5,971,244	\$	545,817	\$	460,119	\$		\$	754,703	\$ 7,731,883
Support services		4,512,340		463,269		236,070		-		1,595,583	6,807,262
Noninstructional services		-		60,636		189,390		-		956,213	1,206,239
Debt service:											
Principal		-		-		-		143,000		777,203	920,203
Interest		-		-		-		156,607		88,690	245,297
Other		-		-		-		660		2,311	2,971
Total Expenditures	\$	10,483,584	\$	1,069,722	\$	885,579	\$	300,267	\$	4,174,703	\$ 16,913,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over (under) Expenditures	\$_	310,580	\$_	(87,418)	\$	41,136	\$	191,186	\$	(1,291,091)	\$ (835,607)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Operating transfers in	\$	91,854	\$	110,807	\$	-	\$		\$	649,984	\$ 852,645
Operating transfers out		(649,984)	_	(23,389)	_	(41,136)	_		_	(138,136)	 (852,645)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(558,130)	\$	87,418	\$	(41,136)	\$	-	\$	511,848	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$_	(247,550)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	191,186	\$_	(779,243)	\$ (835,607)
Fund Balances:											
July 1, 2021	\$	3,578,905	\$	-	\$	-	\$	465,993	\$	2,120,627	\$ 6,165,525
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	-	_	-		-	_		-	1,138	 1,138
June 30, 2022	\$	3,331,355	\$	-	\$		\$	657,179	\$	1,342,522	\$ 5,331,056
	-		-				-				

	Governmental Funds		
	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities r the Year Ended June 30, 2022		
Ne Ar	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds nounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different cause:		\$ (835,607)
	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay	\$ 954,104	
	Depreciation expense	(624,954)	329,150
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(1,896)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	000 000	
	Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	920,203 7,902	928,105
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
	Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(348,055) 1,260,245	912,190
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
	OPEB expense	71,718	101.926
6.	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	30,118	101,836
	Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	424 1,138 9,535	11,097
7.	The amortization of the interest costs associated with the refunding bond is reported in the statement of activities, but does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(48,691)
Cł	ange in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,396,184
	e notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Holly Springs since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Holly Springs School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I – Basic Fund – This fund is federally funded to provide supplemental funds for the education of the district's disadvantaged students.

ESSER III Fund – This fund is federally funded to address the impact of COVID-19 on students and to assist in post-pandemic recovery.

GO Refunding Bond Fund – This fund is supported by ad valorem taxes to retire the 2020 refunding bond for the construction of the Intermediate School.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g., Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Intangible assets		**	**

** The estimated useful life is the term of the lease agreement. There is no mandated maximum amortization period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should not be amortized. *The term 'depreciation' includes the amortization of intangible assets.*

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three deferred outflows of resources: pensions, OPEB, and refunding.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two deferred inflows of resources: pensions and OPEB.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 5 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the formal vote that is required to be taken by the Board to establish the commitment. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by school board policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The Board of the Holly Springs School District formally adopted the Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance policy (Policy DGA) which states that the goal of the District is to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at fiscal year-end of no less than 7% of all revenues (functions 0000-5999). If the unassigned balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued

13. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87 Leases was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. However, this standard had no effect on Holly Springs School District Financial Statements.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$ 5,211,976.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$246,423.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I - Basic	\$ 125,238
	ESSER III	72,619
	Other governmental funds	43,436
ESSER III	General Fund	 416
Total		\$ 241,709

The purposes of the interfund loans were to cover federal funds and/or ad valorem taxes earned, but not received prior to fiscal year-end.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 649,984
Title I - Basic	General Fund	23,389
ESSER III	General Fund	41,136
Other governmental funds	General Fund	27,329
	Title I - Basic	 110,807
Total		\$ 852,645

The principal purpose of the interfund transfers were to provide for daily operations. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with activities of the fund making the transfer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 4 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

The following is a summary of changes i	<u>r</u> -	Balance	0-					Balance
		7/1/2021		Increases		Decreases	_	6/30/2022
Governmental Activities:								
Non-depreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	227,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	227,020
Construction-in-progress	_	-	_	883,228	_	-	_	883,228
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	227,020		883,228		-	_	1,110,248
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings		18,453,662		-		-		18,453,662
Building improvements		3,518,195		-		-		3,518,195
Improvements other than buildings		161,975		-		-		161,975
Mobile equipment		1,714,044		-		-		1,714,044
Furniture and equipment	_	2,052,085		70,876	_	189,605	_	1,933,356
Total depreciable capital assets	_	25,899,961		70,876	_	189,605	-	25,781,232
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		5,488,045		344,614		-		5,832,659
Building improvements		1,246,418		140,728		-		1,387,146
Improvements other than buildings		104,759		6,479		-		111,238
Mobile equipment		1,450,504		26,279		-		1,476,783
Furniture and equipment		1,599,498		106,854		187,709	_	1,518,643
Total accumulated depreciation	_	9,889,224	_	624,954	_	187,709	_	10,326,469
Total depreciable capital assets, net		16,010,737		(554,078)		1,896	_	15,454,763
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	16,237,757	\$	329,150	\$	1,896	\$	16,565,011

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	570,138	
Support services		43,253	
Non-instructional		11,563	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	624,954	

The capital assets above include significant amounts of buildings which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 4 - Capital Assets - continued

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to	Remaining
	_	June 30, 2022	Commitment
Governmental Activities:			
Energy efficiency project	\$	828,197 \$	246,359
HVAC project		55,031	1,105,045
Total governmental activities		883,228	1,351,404
Total construction in progress	\$	883,228 \$	1,351,404

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with energy cost savings in the General Fund and ESSER III funds.

Note 5 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	due within
	 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2022	one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 985,000	\$ -	\$ 485,000 \$	500,000 \$	500,000
General obligation refunding bonds payable	7,529,000	-	143,000	7,386,000	146,000
Premiums/Discounts	19,070	-	9,535	9,535	-
B. Three mill notes payable	470,000	-	164,000	306,000	153,000
C. Obligations under energy efficiency loans	1,098,461	-	61,079	1,037,382	62,631
D. Qualified school construction bonds payable	453,934	-	67,124	386,810	70,325
E. Compensated absences payable	 67,676	-	424	67,252	-
Total	\$ 10,623,141	\$ -	\$ 930,162 \$	9,692,979 \$	931,956

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Am	ount Issued	Outstanding
1. GO Bond 2013	3.50-4.00%	8/1/2013	8/1/2022	\$	9,750,000	\$ 500,000
2. GO Refunding	2.10%	4/14/2020	8/1/2033		7,702,000	7,386,000
Total				\$	17,452,000	\$ 7,886,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Long-term Liabilities - continued

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bond issue of August 1, 2013:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 500,000 \$	10,000 \$	510,000
Total	\$ 500,000 \$	10,000 \$	510,000

This debt will be retired from the GO Intermediate Construction Bond Fund.

2.	General obligation bond issue of April 14, 2020:	
	Year Ending	

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 146,000 \$	153,573 \$	299,573
2024	671,000	144,995	815,995
2025	691,000	130,693	821,693
2026	708,000	116,004	824,004
2027	723,000	100,978	823,978
2028 - 2032	3,780,000	271,110	4,051,110
2033 - 2037	667,000	14,081	681,081
Total	\$ 7,386,000 \$	931,434 \$	8,317,434

This debt will be retired from the GO Refunding Bonds 2020 fund.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 646,000 \$	163,573 \$	809,573
2024	671,000	144,995	815,995
2025	691,000	130,693	821,693
2026	708,000	116,004	824,004
2027	723,000	100,978	823,978
2028 - 2032	3,780,000	271,110	4,051,110
2033 - 2037	667,000	14,081	681,081
Total	\$ 7,886,000 \$	941,434 \$	8,827,434

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Long-term Liabilities - continued

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2022, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 9.38% of property assessments as of October 1, 2021.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

			Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited Tax Note	2.125-2.3%	8/11/2017	6/1/2024	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 306,000
Total				\$ 1,100,000	\$ 306,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes payable issue of August 11, 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 153,000 \$	7,000 \$	160,000
2024	 153,000	3,519	156,519
Total	\$ 306,000 \$	10,519 \$	316,519

This debt will be retired from the 2017 Three Mill Note Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 – Long-term Liabilities - continued

C. Obligations under energy efficiency loans

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Energy efficiency loan	2.54%	6/30/2021	6/30/2036	\$ 1,098,461	\$ 1,037,382
Total				\$ 1,098,461	\$ 1,037,382

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Obligations under energy efficiency loans issue of June 30, 2021:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 62,631 \$	26,349 \$	88,980
2024	64,221	24,759	88,980
2025	65,853	23,127	88,980
2026	67,525	21,455	88,980
2027	69,240	19,740	88,980
2028 - 2032	373,493	71,407	444,900
2033 - 2037	334,419	21,502	355,921
Total	\$ 1,037,382 \$	208,339 \$	1,245,721

This debt will be retired from the Energy Equipment Loan Fund.

An energy efficiency loan agreement dated June 30, 2021, was executed by and between the District, the payor, and Truist Bank, the payee.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,098,461 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the loan shall be made from the district maintenance fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency loan agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the payee, the payor has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Long-term Liabilities - continued

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 11, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued		Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds Total	4.77%	6/29/2012	6/29/2027	\$ \$	935,961 935,961	\$ \$	386,810 386,810

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 70,325 \$	18,451 \$	88,776
2024	73,680	15,096	88,776
2025	77,194	11,582	88,776
2026	80,877	7,899	88,776
2027	 84,734	4,042	88,776
Total	\$ 386,810 \$	57,070 \$	443,880

1. Qualified school construction bonds issue of June 29, 2012:

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Sinking Fund.

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 6 – Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 4.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public-school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$1,260,245, \$1,160,975 and \$1,264,217, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$14,780,437 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability was 0.100 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.010 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$348,055. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual Experience	\$	246,518	\$	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions		1,142,980		4,359,579
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		197,905		1,524,435
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	¢ —	1,260,245	<u> </u>	5 884 014
TOTAL	\$	2,047,048	. э —	5,884,014

\$1,260,245 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (840,777)
2024	(1,018,110)
2025	(1,111,280)
2026	(1,326,444)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100.00	%		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.55%)	(7.55%)	(8.55%)
District's proportionate	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 · · · ·	 · · · · · ·
share of the net pension			
liability	\$ 20,932,564	\$ 14,780,437	\$ 9,710,595

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$30,118 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$924,589 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employee is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.14364070 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00748913 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(71,718). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	\$ 1,005 149,744 43	\$ 289,107 31,271
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,096 30,118	94,110
Total	\$ 187,006	\$ 414,488

\$30,118 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (61,255)
2024	(58,555)
2025	(50,039)
2026	(56,113)
2027	(31,638)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2021 2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - continued

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately; therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

		C	urrent		
	1% Decrease	D	viscount	1	1% Increase
	(1.13%)	R	ate (2.13%)		(3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,023,388	\$	924,589	\$	840,348

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare				
	Cost Trend							
	Rates							
	19	% Decrease		Current		1% Increase		
Net OPEB liability	\$	856,409	\$	924,589	\$	1,001,747		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9 – Contingencies - continued

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public-school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments amounted to \$18,792.

Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(15,733,451) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,260,245 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$1,587,403 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position - continued

The unrestricted net position amount of (15,733,451) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The 5,884,014 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(15,733,451) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$30,118 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$156,888 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(15,733,451) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$414,488 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The net investment in capital assets of \$7,523,582 includes the effect of deferring recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from refunding bond interest expense. The \$584,298 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to refunding at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 12 years.

Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Holly Springs School District evaluated the activity of the district through July 24, 2023 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On May 9, 2023, the District approved to issue a \$1,000,000 limited-tax promissory note at 4.38% interest with a maturity date of June 1, 2028.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Tear Ended June 30, 2022								Var Positive		
		Budgete	d A	mounts		Actual	-	Original	(1.1	Final
	-	Original		Final	•	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:	-					<u>`</u>				
Local sources	\$	3,599,665	\$	4,064,485	\$	4,064,485	\$	464,820	\$	-
State sources		6,264,599		6,525,467		6,525,467		260,868		-
Federal sources		111,500		204,212		204,212		92,712		-
Total Revenues	\$	9,975,764	\$	10,794,164	\$	10,794,164	\$	818,400	\$	-
Expenditures:										
Instruction	\$	6,070,362	\$	5,971,244	\$	5,971,244	\$	99,118	\$	-
Support services	_	4,493,113		4,512,340		4,512,340		(19,227)	_	-
Total Expenditures	\$	10,563,475	\$	10,483,584	\$	10,483,584	\$	79,891	\$	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures	\$_	(587,711)	\$	310,580	\$	310,580	\$	898,291	\$	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Insurance recovery	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Operating transfers in		1,994,340		91,854		91,854		(1,902,486)		-
Operating transfers out	_	(2,410,299)		(649,984)		(649,984)	_	1,760,315	_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(415,959)	\$	(558,130)	\$	(558,130)	\$	(142,171)	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(1,003,670)	\$	(247,550)	\$	(247,550)	\$	756,120	\$_	-
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2021, as previously reported	\$	3,435,303	\$	3,578,909	\$	3,578,905	\$	143,606	\$	(4)
Prior period adjustments	_	-		(4)		-	_	(4)	_	4
July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	3,435,303	\$	3,578,905	\$	3,578,905	\$	143,602	\$	
June 30, 2022	\$	2,431,633	\$	3,331,355	\$	3,331,355	\$	899,722	\$_	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Title I - Basic

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

							Var Positive	
	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual		Original	Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final	to Actual
Revenues:								
Federal sources	\$	1,540,840	\$	982,304	\$ 982,304	\$	(558,536)	\$ -
Total Revenues	\$	1,540,840	\$	982,304	\$ 982,304	\$	(558,536)	\$ -
Expenditures:								
Instruction	\$	646,243	\$	545,817	\$ 545,817	\$	100,426	\$ -
Support services		820,854		463,269	463,269		357,585	-
Noninstructional services	_	73,743		60,636	 60,636	_	13,107	 -
Total Expenditures	\$	1,540,840	\$	1,069,722	\$ 1,069,722	\$	471,118	\$ -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(87,418)	\$ (87,418)	\$	(87,418)	\$ -
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in	\$	-	\$	110,807	\$ 110,807	\$	110,807	\$ -
Operating transfers out	_	-		(23,389)	 (23,389)	_	(23,389)	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	87,418	\$ 87,418	\$	87,418	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
June 30, 2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER III For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

								Var	iano	ces	
							_	Positive	(Ne	egative)	
		Budgeted Amounts			Actual			Original		Final	
		Original		Final	(0	GAAP Basis))	to Final		to Actual	
Revenues:											
Federal sources	\$	6,827,652	\$	926,715	\$	926,715	\$	(5,900,937)	\$	-	
Total Revenues	\$	6,827,652	\$	926,715	\$	926,715	\$	(5,900,937)	\$	-	
Expenditures:											
Instruction	\$	6,827,652	\$	460,119	\$	460,119	\$	6,367,533	\$	-	
Support services		-		236,070		236,070		(236,070)		-	
Noninstructional services		-	_	189,390		189,390		(189,390)		-	
Total Expenditures	\$	6,827,652	\$	885,579	\$	885,579	\$	5,942,073	\$	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over (under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	41,136	\$	41,136	\$	41,136	\$	-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Operating transfers out	\$	-	\$	(41,136)	\$	(41,136)	\$	(41,136)	\$	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	(41,136)	\$	(41,136)	\$	(41,136)	\$	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fund Balances:											
July 1, 2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
June 30, 2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	=						-		=		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	0.100%	0.110%	0.112%	0.106%	0.109%	0.111%	0.113%	0.121%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	14,780,437	21,294,722	19,703,010	17,630,949	18,119,501	19,827,373	17,467,572	14,687,185
District's covered payroll		6,672,268	7,265,615	7,262,279	6,761,168	6,990,830	7,113,226	7,074,584	7,392,260
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		221.52%	293.09%	271.31%	260.77%	259.19%	278.74%	246.91%	198.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,260,245	1,160,975	1,264,217	1,143,809	1,064,884	1,101,057	1,120,334	1,114,247
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	1,260,245	1,160,975	1,264,217	1,143,809 -	1,064,884 -	1,101,057 -	1,120,334	1,114,247
District's covered payroll		7,242,782	6,672,268	7,265,615	7,262,279	6,761,168	6,990,830	7,113,226	7,074,584
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	% 0.14364070	0.1511298	0.1581592	0.1589437	0.1575551
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 924,589	1,176,104	1,342,046	1,229,509	1,236,191
District's covered-employee payroll	6,048,875	5,985,389	6,573,615	7,188,917	7,078,517
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	15.29%	19.65%	20.42%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	30,118	37,163	46,903	53,793	52,701
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	30,118		46,903	53,793	52,701
District's covered-employee payroll	1	7,072,601	6,048,875	5,985,389	6,573,615	7,188,917
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.43%	0.61%	0.78%	0.82%	0.73%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

1 - Fiscal years 2020, 2019 and 2018 were restated to agree to reported amounts on the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability.

*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Continued-

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Continued-

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.* The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Entry age
Level percentage of payroll, open
28.8 years
5-year smoothed market
2.75 percent
3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including
inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Continued-

OPEB Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

<u>2017</u>: None

<u>2018</u>: None

<u>2019:</u> None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information -Continued-

(3) *Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.* The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.19%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	225MS326N1099	\$ 213,180
Total School breakfast program			\$ 213,180
National school lunch program	10.555	225MS326N1099	\$ 824,459
Total National school lunch program			\$ 824,459
Summer food service program for children	10.559	225MS326N1099	\$ 35,996
Total Summer food service program for children			\$ 35,996
Total child nutrition cluster			\$ 1,073,635
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			\$ 1,073,635
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$ 1,073,635
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	\$ 168,206
Total Federal Communications Commission			\$ 168,206
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			
Rehabilitation services-vocational grants to the state	81.126	H126A000034	\$ 322
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services	01.120	11120/1000034	\$ <u>322</u> \$ <u>322</u>
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			φ
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A210024	\$ 982,304
Career and technical educational agencies	84.048	V048A2100024	29,281
Rural education	84.358	S358B210024	25,262
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A210023	113,077
Student support and academic achievement	84.424	S424A210025	62,591
Subtotal	0	5.2.11210020	\$ 1,212,515
Special education cluster:			+
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A210108	\$ 440,896
IDEA, Part B ARP Grant	84.027x	H027X210108	15,756
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A210113	7,467
IDEA, Part B Preschool ARP Grant	84.173x	H173X210113	604
Total special education cluster			\$ 464,723
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	S425D200031	\$ 123,217
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	S425D200051 S425D210031	48,527
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III	84.425U	S425U210031	926,715
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal	04.4250	54250210051	\$ 1,098,459
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			\$ 2,775,697
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$ 2,776,019
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medicaid cluster:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1805MS5ADM	\$ 5,086
Total Medicaid cluster	15.110	TOUTINISTADINI	\$ <u>5,080</u> \$ 5,086
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			\$ <u>5,080</u> \$ 5,086
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ <u>5,080</u> \$ 5,086
-			\$ 4,022,946
Total for All Federal Awards			φ +,022,940

The accompanying notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Holly Springs School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Holly Springs School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Holly Springs School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Holly Springs School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$65,575 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 10,216,275 6,697,580	7,175,732 2,394,401	913,644 351,115	883,658 13,758	1,243,241 3,938,306
Total	\$ 16,913,855	9,570,133	1,264,759	897,416	5,181,547
Total number of students *	 1,067				
Cost per student	\$ 15,851	8,969	1,185	841	4,856

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:	_				
Local sources	\$	4,064,485 \$	4,113,774 \$	3,869,581 \$	3,879,080
State sources		6,525,467	6,483,751	6,873,374	6,826,003
Federal sources		204,212	96,010	103,369	55,686
Total Revenues	_	10,794,164	10,693,535	10,846,324	10,760,769
Expenditures:					
Instruction		5,971,244	5,013,509	5,814,244	5,802,466
Support services		4,512,340	4,225,750	4,595,381	4,703,435
Noninstructional services		-	-	34,040	-
Total Expenditures	_	10,483,584	9,239,259	10,443,665	10,505,901
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	310,580	1,454,276	402,659	254,868
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in		91,854	50,527	30,207	30,830
Operating transfers out		(649,984)	(533,858)	(596,295)	(675,359)
Other financing uses		-	-	(3,517)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(558,130)	(483,331)	(569,605)	(644,529)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(247,550)	970,945	(166,946)	(389,661)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		3,578,905	2,562,682	2,734,774	3,113,534
Prior period adjustments		-	45,278	(5,146)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	_	3,578,905	2,607,960	2,729,628	3,113,534
Residual equity transfer	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	10,901
End of Period	\$	3,331,355 \$	3,578,905 \$	2,562,682 \$	2,734,774

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	5,242,371		5,023,109 \$	4,998,912
State sources		6,763,542	6,786,650	7,170,760	7,167,569
Federal sources		4,072,335	3,510,584	2,959,350	2,706,523
Total Revenues	_	16,078,248	15,658,489	15,153,219	14,873,004
Expenditures:					
Instruction		7,731,883	7,065,390	7,227,453	7,193,876
Support services		6,807,262	5,522,200	5,708,976	5,967,746
Noninstructional services		1,206,239	703,990	1,263,482	1,018,496
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	-	183,501
Debt service:					
Principal		920,203	863,068	669,151	418,367
Interest		245,297	211,139	406,864	425,376
Other		2,971	2,667	2,416	1,242
Total Expenditures	_	16,913,855	14,368,454	15,278,342	15,208,604
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(835,607)	1,290,035	(125,123)	(335,600)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Loans issued		-	1,098,461	-	-
Operating transfers in		852,645	692,646	764,090	816,917
Operating transfers out		(852,645)	(692,646)	(764,090)	(816,917)
Other financing uses		-	-	(3,517)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	1,098,461	(3,517)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(835,607)	2,388,496	(128,640)	(335,600)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		6,165,525	3,731,317	3,872,518	4,207,737
Prior period adjustments		-	45,278	(5,146)	60
Beginning of period, as restated	_	6,165,525	3,776,595	3,867,372	4,207,797
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	1,138	434	(7,415)	321
End of Period	\$ <u> </u>	5,331,056	\$ 6,165,525 \$	3,731,317 \$	3,872,518

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

M. M. WINKLER & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants 221 Franklin Street - P. O. Box 499 Tupelo, Mississippi 38802 (662) 842-4641 or Fax (662) 842-4646 info@mmwinkler.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Superintendent and School Board Holly Springs School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Holly Springs School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related note to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Holly Springs School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Holly Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Holly Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Holly Springs School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Holly Springs School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

M. M. Winkler & Associates, PLLC

Tupelo, MS July 24, 2023

M. M. WINKLER & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants 221 Franklin Street - P. O. Box 499 Tupelo, Mississippi 38802 (662) 842-4641 or Fax (662) 842-4646 info@mmwinkler.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Superintendent and School Board Holly Springs School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Holly Springs School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Holly Springs School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Holly Springs School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Holly Springs School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Holly Springs School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal major program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Holly Springs School District's compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Holly Springs School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Holly Springs School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Unform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Holly Springs School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Holly Springs School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Holly Springs School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Holly Springs School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or internal control over compliance is a deficiency or internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

M. M. Winkler & Associates, PLLC

Tupelo, Mississippi July 24, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

M. M. WINKLER & ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Holly Springs School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Holly Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Holly Springs School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

<u>The School District Should Ensure Compliance with State Laws over Certified</u> <u>Employees' Salaries and Maintaining Background Checks and MDE</u> <u>Certifications in Personnel Files.</u>

Repeat Finding: Yes; 2021, 2020

1.

Criteria: Section 37-9-33, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) and Board Policy CGA, Administrative Personnel Compensation Guides and Contracts, states, "In employing and contracting with appointed superintendents, principals, and certified employees, the school board shall in all cases determine whether the amount of salary to be paid such superintendent, principal, and certified employees is in compliance with the provisions of the adequate education program. No contracts shall be entered into where the salary of a superintendent, principal, or certified employee is to be paid, in whole or in part, from adequate education program funds except were the reimbursements of said chapter as to the amount of salary are fully met... The allowance in the Mississippi Adequate Education Program for teachers' salaries in each county and separate school district shall be determined and paid in accordance with the scale for teachers' salaries as provided in this subsection."

Section 37-9-17, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972), states, "Current criminal records background checks and current child abuse registry checks are obtained, and that such criminal record information and registry checks are on file for any new hires applying for employment as a licensed or non-licensed employee at a school and not previously employed in such school under the purview of the State Board or at such local school district prior to July 1, 2000." Ultimately, the criminal records information and registry must be kept on file for any and all new hires. Additionally, employees employed under the recommendation of a personnel supervisor may not be paid compensation in excess of their approved contract without Board approval."

- Condition: During the testing of the School District's certified employees' files, the auditor noted the following exceptions out of 30 tested:
 - Two personnel files did not have evidence of background checks
- Cause: The School District is not properly maintaining required documentation in personnel files.
- Effect: Failure to properly maintain documentation in personnel files could expose the District to legal action.

Recommend-

- ation: We recommend that Holly Springs School District should ensure all personnel files are properly maintained and contain all required documentation.
- Response: The district will comply with the recommendation.

2. <u>The School District Should Ensure Compliance with State Laws over Re-</u> employment of Retired Public Employees.

Repeat Finding: Yes; 2021, 2020

Criteria: Section 25-11-127(4), Mississippi Code Annotated. (1972), states, "Notice shall be given in writing to the executive director, setting forth the facts upon which the employment is being made, and the notice shall be given within five (5) days from the date of employment and also from the date of termination of the employment."

Mississippi Public Employment Retirement System (PERS) Board Regulation 34, Section 105, states, "The lawfully employ a PERS service retiree under Section 103, the employer must notify PERS in writing of the terms of the eligible employment within five (5) days from the date of employment and also from the date of termination on a form prescribed by the Board. Failure by the employer to timely notify PERS may result in the assessment of \$300 penalty per occurrence payable by the employer."

- Condition: During the review of the School District's PERS Form 4Bs, the auditor noted the following exception out of eight tested:
 - Eight PERS Form 4Bs were not filed within five days of the rehire date.
- Cause:The School District is not timely filing PERS Form 4B.Effect:The Mississippi Public Employees Retirement System could assess a penalty per
occurrence payable by the District for not properly filing PERS Form 4B.Recommend-
ation:We recommend the Holly Springs School District ensures compliance with state
law and PERS by properly filing Form 4Bs within five days of rehire.Response:The district will comply with the recommendation.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Holly Springs School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

M. M. Winkler & Associates, PLLC

Tupelo, MS July 24, 2023 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

HOLLY SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:							
1.	Type of auditor's report issued: Unm						
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporti	ng:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identif	ied?	No			
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) ide	entified?	None reported			
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial	statements noted?	No			
Fee	deral Av	wards:					
4.	Interna	al control over major programs	:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identif	ied?	No			
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported						
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified						
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in No accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	7. Identification of major programs:						
	<u>Assista</u>	ance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Clu	ster			
	10.553	8, 10.555, 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster				
	84.010)	Title I grants to local educational	agencies			
	84.425D, 84.425UCOVID-19 Elementary & secondary school emergency relief fund I, II, and ARP III (ESSER						
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B \$750,000 programs:						
9.	. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No						
10.	. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would No require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).						

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.