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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

# Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Monroe County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Monroe County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Monroe County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing

standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Monroe County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Monroe County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 50, 51, 52, 53 & 54, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Monroe County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic

financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 6, 2023, on our consideration of the Monroe County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Monroe County School District's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Monroe County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, MS July 6, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of Monroe County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Monroe County School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Monroe County School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Monroe County School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$2,004,374, including a prior period adjustment of (\$40,904), which represents a 197% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 decreased \$1,488,216, which represents a 318% decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$17,804,835 and \$17,275,330, or 76% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,671,423, or 24% of total revenues for 2022, and \$5,235,562, or 23% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$21,430,980 and \$23,999,108 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$5,671,423 for 2022 and \$5,235,562 for 2021 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$17,804,835 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs and \$17,275,330 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,493,686 in revenues and \$16,353,221 in expenditures for 2022, and \$17,660,888 in revenues and \$16,679,979 in expenditures in 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,517,398 from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$79,774, from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$350,505, including a prior period adjustment of (\$40,904) for 2022 and decreased by \$184,976 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$154,329 for 2022 and increased by \$709,167 for 2021. This decrease for 2022 was due to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$10,699 for 2022 and increased by \$19,432 for 2021.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

# Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

**Governmental funds** – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

# **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

# Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

# **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$984,858 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table I Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 luno 20, 2022	 luno 20, 2021	Percentage	е
	 June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Change	
Current assets	\$ 13,791,673	\$ 11,975,173	15.17	%
Restricted assets	2,290,627	2,158,774	6.11	%
Capital assets, net	19,460,527	19,811,032	(1.77)	%
Total assets	 35,542,827	 33,944,979	4.71	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 6,458,082	 5,751,710	12.28	%
Current liabilities	1,529,450	1,394,170	9.70	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,159,165	2,302,795	(6.24)	
Leases payable	134,141	-	`N/A	
Net OPEB liability	1,691,154	1,944,602	(13.03)	%
Net pension liability	26,591,189	33,871,965	(21.49)	
Total liabilities	 32,105,099	 39,513,532	(18.75)	
Deferred inflows of resources	 8,910,952	 1,202,673	640.93	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	17,387,228	17,717,545	(1.86)	%
Restricted	3,798,042	3,747,239	1.36	%
Unrestricted	(20,200,412)	(22,484,300)	10.16	%
Total net position	\$ 984,858	\$ (1,019,516)	196.60	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (20,200,412)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	 30,490,341
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 10,289,929

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$350,505.
- The principal retirement of \$154,329 of long-term debt.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$23,476,258 and \$22,510,892, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$21,430,980 for 2022 and \$23,999,108 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	Year Ended June 30, 2022				Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	600,236	\$	1,567,194	(61.70)	%
Operating grants and contributions		5,071,187		3,668,368	38.24	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		4,741,209		4,812,041	(1.47)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		12,271,244		12,037,379	1.94	%
Investment earnings		164,928		132,080	24.87	%
Sixteenth section sources		527,107		153,890	242.52	%
Other		100,347		139,940	(28.29)	%
Total revenues		23,476,258		22,510,892	4.29	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		11,790,147		12,694,766	(7.13)	%
Support services		6,827,194		6,964,203	(1.97)	%
Non-instructional		1,164,644		1,038,601	12.14	%
Sixteenth section		96,384		47,653	102.26	%
Pension expense		1,484,584		3,098,073	(52.08)	%
OPEB expense		(64,909)		53,472	(221.39)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		132,936		102,340	29.90	%
Total expenses		21,430,980		23,999,108	(10.70)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		2,045,278		(1,488,216)	237.43	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(1,019,516)		468,700	(317.52)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(40,904)		-	N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(1,060,420)		468,700	(326.25)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	984,858	\$	(1,019,516)	196.60	%

### Table 2 Changes in Net Position

# **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

# Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Percentage	
	 2022	 2021	Change
Instruction	\$ 11,790,147	\$ 12,694,766	(7.13) %
Support services	6,827,194	6,964,203	(1.97) %
Non-instructional	1,164,644	1,038,601	12.14 %
Sixteenth section	96,384	47,653	102.26 %
Pension Expense	1,484,584	3,098,073	(52.08) %
OPEB Expense	(64,909)	53,472	(221.39) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 132,936	 102,340	29.90 %
Total expenses	\$ 21,430,980	\$ 23,999,108	(10.70) %

	 Net (Expe	Percentage	
	 2022	 2021	Change
Instruction	\$ (9,490,996)	\$ (8,723,897)	(8.79) %
Support services	(4,975,671)	(6,874,506)	27.62 %
Non-instructional	356,105	136,395	161.08 %
Sixteenth section	(96,384)	(47,653)	(102.26) %
Pension Expense	(1,484,584)	(3,098,073)	52.08 %
OPEB Expense	64,909	(53,472)	221.39 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (132,936)	 (102,340)	(29.90) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (15,759,557)	\$ (18,763,546)	16.01 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$15,759,557 for 2022 and \$18,763,546 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,741,209 for 2022 and \$4,812,041 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$12,271,244 for 2022 and \$12,037,379 for 2021). In addition, there was \$527,107 and \$153,890 in sixteenth section sources for 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$164,928 for 2022 and \$132,080 for 2021.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$14,357,636, an

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

increase of \$1,604,398, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$190. \$5,630,402 or 39% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,727,234 or 61% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,517,398. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed increase in the amount of \$87,000, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$190, due primarily to normal operations.

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Monroe County School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$33,929,995, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$344,980 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$14,469,468, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$893,286, resulting in total net capital assets of \$19,460,527.

	 June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change	e
Land	\$ 498,838	\$ 498,838	0.00	%
Construction in progress	-	150,203	(100.00)	%
Buildings	13,098,890	13,322,927	(1.68)	%
Building improvements	2,727,283	2,315,197	17.80	%
Improvements other than buildings	1,621,466	1,782,835	(9.05)	%
Mobile equipment	1,225,106	1,133,723	8.06	%
Furniture and equipment	157,978	157,088	0.57	%
Leased property under capital leases	-	450,221	(100.00)	%
Intangible right to use equipment	130,966	-	N/A	%
Total	\$ 19,460,527	\$ 19,811,032	(1.77)	%

# Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2022, the District had \$2,159,165 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$162,158 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$10,699 from the prior year.

#### Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2022	Jı	une 30, 2021	Percent Chang	-
Three mill notes payable	\$ 797,000	\$	875,000	(8.91)	%
Energy efficiency loans payable	82,158		158,487	(48.16)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,060,000		1,060,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	220,007		209,308	5.11	%
Total	\$ 2,159,165	\$	2,302,795	(6.24)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

# **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Monroe County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Monroe County School District, Post Office Box 209, Amory, Mississippi 38821.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

# Statement of Net Position June 30. 2022

June 30, 2022	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,890,948
Due from other governments	626,615
Other receivables, net	1,234
Lease receivable	249,458
Inventories	23,418
Restricted assets	2,290,627
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	400,000
Land	498,838
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation: Buildings	13,098,890
Building improvements	2,727,283
Improvements other than buildings	1,621,466
Mobile equipment	1,225,106
Furniture and equipment	157,978
Intangible assets	130,966
Total Assets	35,542,827
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>.</u>
Deferred outflows - pensions	5,995,045
Deferred outflows - OPEB	463,037
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,458,082
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,479,792
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	49,658
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	40,000
Capital related liabilities	162,158
Leases payable	49,954
Net OPEB liability	52,597
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	0_,001
Capital related liabilities	1,777,000
Non-capital related liabilities	220,007
•	84,187
Leases payable Net pension liability	26,591,189
Net OPEB liability	1,638,557
Total Liabilities	32,105,099
Deferred Inflows of Resources	0.075.000
Deferred inflows - pensions	8,075,333
Deferred inflows - OPEB	590,747
Deferred inflows - Leases Total deferred inflows of resources	244,872
Total deletted millows of resources	8,910,952
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	17,387,228
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,292,662
Debt service	742,007
Capital improvements	183,087
Forestry improvements	54,499
Unemployment benefits	51,336
Nonexpendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	1,474,451
Unrestricted	(20,200,412)
Total Net Position	\$ 984,858

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			P	rogram Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 11,790,147	\$ 528,844	\$	1,770,307	\$	-	\$ (9,490,996)
Support services	6,827,194	-		1,851,523		-	(4,975,671)
Non-instructional	1,164,644	71,392		1,449,357		-	356,105
Sixteenth section	96,384	-		-		-	(96,384)
Pension expense	1,484,584	-		-		-	(1,484,584)
OPEB expense	(64,909)	-		-		-	64,909
Interest on long-term liabilities	 132,936	-		-		-	 (132,936)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 21,430,980	\$ 600,236	\$	5,071,187	\$	-	\$ (15,759,557)

General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	4,645,120
Debt purpose levies	96,089
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	12,041,921
Federal	229,323
Unrestricted investment earnings	164,928
Sixteenth section	527,107
Other	100,347
Total General Revenues	 17,804,835
Change in Net Position	 2,045,278
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(1,019,516)
Prior period adjustments	 (40,904)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	 (1,060,420)
Net Position - Ending	\$ 984,858

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B

MONROE COUNTY S Governmen			т		
Balance Sheet	ual I	unus			Exhibit C
June 30, 2022					
		Major Fund	s		
				Other	Total
		General		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,288,505	\$	3,206,285	\$ 14,494,790
Cash with fiscal agents		-		2	2
Investments		-		686,783	686,783
Due from other governments		264,546		362,069	626,615
Other receivables, net		1,234		-	1,234
Lease receivable		249,458		-	249,458
Due from other funds Inventories		407,687		3,213	410,900
Total assets		-		23,418	23,418
Total assets		12,211,430		4,281,770	 16,493,200
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,453,409	\$	26,383	\$ 1,479,792
Due to other funds		3,213		407,687	410,900
Total Liabilities		1,456,622		434,070	1,890,692
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Leases		244,872		-	244,872
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		244,872		-	244,872
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory				23,418	22 /10
Permanent fund principal		-		23,418 1,474,451	23,418 1,474,451
Restricted:		-		1,474,431	1,474,401
Debt service				791,665	791,665
Grant activities				1,269,244	1,269,244
Capital improvements		_		183,087	183,087
Forestry improvements		-		54,499	54,499
Unemployment benefits		-		51,336	51,336
Assigned:				01,000	01,000
Student activities		480,281		-	480,281
School bus trips		5,095		-	5,095
Capital improvements		4,394,158		-	4,394,158
Unassigned		5,630,402		-	5,630,402
Total Fund Balances		10,509,936		3,847,700	 14,357,636
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		-,0,000		-,,	 ,,
and Fund Balances	\$	12,211,430	\$	4,281,770	\$ 16,493,200

MONROE	COUNTY SCHOOL	DISTRICT
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Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position		Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2022		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	14,357,636
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are		
different because:		
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>		
Land	498,838	
Buildings	21,010,671	
Building improvements	4,708,497	
Improvements other than buildings	2,954,386	
Mobile equipment	3,438,998	
Furniture and equipment	1,136,942	
Intangible assets	181,663	
Accumulated depreciation	(14,469,468)	19,460,527
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(26,591,189)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	5,995,045	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(8,075,333)	(28,671,477)
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(1,691,154)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	463,037	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(590,747)	(1,818,864)
4 Long term lightlifting and related operand interact are not due and payable in the surrent		
4 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Three mill notes payable	(797,000)	
Energy efficiency loan payables	(82,158)	
Qualified school construction bonds	(1,060,000)	
Leases payable	(1,000,000) (134,141)	
Compensated absences	(220,007)	
Accrued interest payable	(49,658)	(2,342,964)
		004.070
Net position of governmental activities	\$	984,858

	G	COUNTY SCHOOL DIS overnmental Funds		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and				Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	-			
		Major Funds		
			Other	Total
		General	Governmental	Governmental
_		Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:		•		
Local sources	\$	5,335,138 \$	192,164 \$	5,527,302
State sources		12,521,274	550,490	13,071,764
Federal sources		181,591	4,089,076	4,270,667
Sixteenth section sources		455,683	97,836	553,519
Total Revenues		18,493,686	4,929,566	23,423,252
Expenditures:				
Instruction		11,014,615	2,144,821	13,159,436
Support services		5,135,264	1,897,880	7,033,144
Noninstructional services		160	1,203,105	1,203,265
Sixteenth section		62,579	33,805	96,384
Debt service:			,	,
Principal		123,851	78,000	201,851
Interest		16,752	78,737	95,489
Other		-	1,250	1,250
Total Expenditures		16,353,221	5,437,598	21,790,819
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures		2,140,465	(508,032)	1,632,433
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			· · ·	
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		-	62,311	62,311
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	(62,311)	(62,311)
Operating transfers in		438,406	1,275,289	1,713,695
Other financing sources		20,134	-	20,134
Operating transfers out		(1,081,607)	(632,088)	(1,713,695)
Other financing uses		-	(47,979)	(47,979)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(623,067)	595,222	(27,845)
5 ( )			,	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,517,398	87,190	1,604,588
Fund Balances:				
July 1, 2021		8,992,538	3,760,700	12,753,238
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	(190)	(190)
June 30, 2022	¢	10,509,936 \$	3,847,700 \$	14,357,636

Personalization of the Covernmental Funda Statement of Pevenues			Evhibit D 4
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			Exhibit D-1
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,604,588
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are			
different because:			
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>			
Capital outlay	\$ 425,250		
Depreciation expense	(893,286)	<u> </u>	(468,036)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(23,228)
8. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Payments of debt principal	154,329		
Payments on leases payable	47,522		
Accrued interest payable	(36,197)		165,654
I. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Pension expense	(1,484,584)		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,144,268		659.684
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	2,144,200	-	000,004
OPEB expense	64,909		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,597		117,506
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		-	
Change in compensated absences	(10,699)		
Change in inventory reserve	(190)		(10,889)
Rounding			(1)
		\$	2,045,278

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Monroe County School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Monroe County School District's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Greene County School District is considered a "primary government." The Monroe County School District is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Monroe County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Monroe County School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Monroe County School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the Monroe County School District reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the Monroe County School District based upon an order adopted by the school board of the Monroe County School District requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the Monroe County School District, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

# D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Monroe County School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The Monroe County School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Cap Poli	oitalization cy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Intangible assets		**	**

(\*\*) Intangible assets for the district represent right-to-use leased assets and are capitalized as a group for reporting purposes. The estimated useful life is the term of the lease agreement. There is no mandated maximum amortization period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should not be amortized.

The term 'depreciation' includes the amortization of intangible assets.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$5,995,045 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$463,037 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$8,075,333 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan, \$590,747 related to its OPEB plan and \$244,872 of deferred inflows related to leases receivable.

See Note 13 for further details.

# 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Monroe County School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Monroe County School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Monroe County School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The Monroe County School District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known.

10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

*Nonspendable fund balance* includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is board approval of commitments. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# 14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Monroe County School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Monroe County School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$14,494,790.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$14,858,772 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

# Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of Monroe County School District's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$2.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 686,783
Total			\$ 686,783

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

 U.S. government securities type of investments of \$686,783 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 686,783	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

# A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 407,687
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 3,213
Total		\$ 410,900

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end.

# B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,081,607
Other governmental funds	General Fund	438,406
	Other governmental funds	 193,682
Total		\$ 1,713,695

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

# Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,493,907 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the School District's programs.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$109,935 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$2 and \$686,783 respectively, of the QSCB Sinking Fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities.

The term depreciation includes amortization of intangible assets.

	Balance		_	Adjustments and	Balance
	 7/1/2021	Increases	Decreases	Reclassifications	6/30/2022
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 498,838 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	498,838
Construction in progress	 150,203	-	-	(150,203)	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 649,041	-	-	(150,203)	498,838
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	20,906,596	104,080	-	(5)	21,010,671
Building improvements	3,754,326	-	-	954,171	4,708,497
Improvement other than buildings	2,984,831	-	-	(30,445)	2,954,386
Mobile equipment	3,386,974	283,506	(231,484)	2	3,438,998
Furniture and equipment	1,099,279	37,664	(7,940)	7,939	1,136,942
Leased property under capital leases	803,968	-	-	(803,968)	-
Intangible right to use equipment	-	181,663	-	-	181,663
Total depreciable capital assets	 32,935,974	606,913	(239,424)	127,694	33,431,157
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	7,583,669	328,111	-	1	7,911,781
Building improvements	1,439,129	156,181	-	385,904	1,981,214
Improvement other than buildings	1,201,996	111,083	-	19,841	1,332,920
Mobile equipment	2,253,251	158,440	(208,335)	10,536	2,213,892
Furniture and equipment	942,191	56,615	(7,861)	(11,981)	978,964
Leased property under capital leases	353,747	32,159	-	(385,906)	-
Intangible right to use equipment		50,697	-	-	50,697
Total accumulated depreciation	 13,773,983	893,286	(216,196)	18,395	14,469,468
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 19,161,991	(286,373)	(23,228)	109,299	18,961,689
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 19,811,032 \$	(286,373) \$	(23,228) \$	(40,904) \$	19,460,527

 Total capital assets, net excluding intangible right to use assets, net
 \$ 19,329,561

 Intangible right to use assets, net
 130,966

 Total capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net
 \$ 19,460,527

The reclassifications above for leased property under capital leases are a result of the implementation of GASB 87. Under the new guidance, leases that were previously reported as capital leases and whereby the asset conveys to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease, are now considered financed purchases. Since these assets are no longer considered leased assets, reclassifications have been made to report them in their respective category. See note 6 for further details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	171,734	
Support services		701,113	
Non-instructional		20,439	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	893,286	

# Note 6 – Leases

# As Lessee:

The school district is a lessee for various noncancellable leases of equipment. For leases that have a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the school district recognizes expense based on the provisions of the lease contract. For all other leases, other than short term, the school district recognized a lease and an intangible right-to-use lease asset.

At lease commencement, the school district initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, less lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs ancillary to placing the underlying asset into service, less any lease incentives received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized in depreciation and amortization expense on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

The school district generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor charges is known. The estimated incremental borrowing rate is the rate the district would expect to obtain for a similar financed purchase at the date of lease inception.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus any additional periods covered by either a school district or lessor option to extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised or terminate for which it is reasonably certain to not be exercised. Periods in which both the school district and the lessor have a unilateral option to terminate (or if both parties have agreed to extend) are excluded from the lease term.

The following is a summary of changes in lease assets and liabilities:

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Lease Assets	Balance 7/1/2021		Additions Amortization		Balance 6/30/2022
2021 Copier Lease	\$	- \$	181,663 \$	(50,697)	\$ 130,966
Total	\$	- \$	181,663 \$	(50,697)	\$ 130,966

See Note 5 for further details regarding intangible right to use equipment, which represents leased assets.

Lease Liabilities	 Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Principal Payments	 Balance 6/30/2022
2021 Copier Lease	\$ - \$	181,663 \$	(47,522)	\$ 134,141
Total	\$ - \$	181,663 \$	(47,522)	\$ 134,141

# 2021 Copier and Printer Lease:

The district has entered into a 48 month lease of copiers and printers from JR Ray Company for a fixed \$4,723 per month. The lease agreement can only be cancelled if both parties agree. There are no options to extend the lease agreement and no variable payment options.

	Discout			Maturity		Monthly		Amount
Description	Rate	Term	Issue Date	Date		Payment	0	Dutstanding
Copy machines	5.00%	48 Months	2/1/2021	1/31/2025	\$_	\$ 4,723	\$	134,141

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 49,954 \$	6,722 \$	56,676
2024	52,509	4,167	56,676
2025	 31,678	1,383	33,061
Total	\$ 134,141 \$	12,272 \$	146,413

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## As Lessor:

The school district is a lessor for multiple sixteenth section leases for residential, forestry, commercial and agriculture purposes. The lease maturities range from 1-27 years. Future lease payments have been discounted to present value using the 4% statutory minimum rate the district would pay on sixteenth section permanent fund loans. At lease inception, the district records a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for future lease payments. Lease revenue is recognized systematically over the term of the lease. The lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the payments received over the term of lease.

For the year ending June 30, 2022, the district recognized \$127,392 in revenue related to its sixteenth section lease receivables.

#### Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall ensure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payments
2023	\$ 58,507	7,344	\$ 65,851
2024	60,847	5,004	65,851
2025	63,281	2,570	65,851
2026	4,249	2,407	6,656
2027	4,016	2,252	6,268
2028 – 2032	18,501	9,123	27,624
2033 - 2037	20,280	5,405	25,685
2038 – 2042	14,975	1,769	16,744
2043-2047	3,955	383	4,338
2048-2049	847	17	864
Total	\$ 249,458 \$	36,274	\$ 285,732

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 7 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2022	Amounts due within one year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$ 875,000 \$	- \$	(78,000) \$	797,000 \$	80,000
B. Energy efficiency loans payable	158,487	-	(76,329)	82,158	82,158
C. Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,060,000	-	-	1,060,000	-
D. Compensated absences payable	 209,308	10,699	-	220,007	-
Total	\$ 2,302,795 \$	10,699 \$	(154,329) \$	2,159,165 \$	162,158

#### A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(	Dutstanding
1. Limited tax notes payable, Series 2020	3.29%	10/15/2020	10/15/2030	\$ 875,000	\$	797,000
Total				\$ 875,000	\$	797,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 80,000 \$	13,788 \$	93,788
2024	82,000	12,404	94,404
2025	84,000	10,986	94,986
2026	86,000	9,532	95,532
2027	88,000	8,045	96,045
2028-2031	 377,000	16,504	393,504
Total	\$ 797,000 \$	71,259 \$	868,259

This debt will be retired from the three mill note debt service fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### B. Energy efficiency loan payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Energy equipment	5.440%	12/16/2010	6/30/2023	\$ 808,482	\$ 82,158
Total				\$ 808,482	\$ 82,158

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 82,158	7,598 \$	89,756
Total	\$ 82,158 \$	7,598 \$	89,756

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

An energy efficiency agreement dated December 16, 2020, was executed by and between the Monroe County School District and First Security Leasing.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$808,482 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the District Maintenance Fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The Monroe County School District entered into this energy efficiency agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to First Security Leasing, the district has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

#### C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the Monroe County School District that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	(	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds, series 2010 Total	6.00%	12/17/2010	6/30/2028	\$ \$	1,060,000 1,060,000	\$ \$	1,060,000 1,060,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ - \$	63,600 \$	63,600
2024	-	63,600	63,600
2025	-	63,600	63,600
2026	-	63,600	63,600
2027	-	63,600	63,600
2028	 1,060,000	63,600	1,123,600
Total	\$ 1,060,000 \$	381,600 \$	1,441,600

#### D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

## Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan Description.* The Monroe County School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for gualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the Monroe County School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Monroe County School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$2,144,268, \$2,081,393 and \$2,027,237, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Monroe County School District reported a liability of \$26,591,189 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Monroe County School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Monroe County School District's proportion at the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was a increase of .00494 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021 net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,484,584. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$	\$	
	420,168	-
	-	8,043,548
	2,042,390	-
	1,388,219	31,785
_	2,144,268	-
\$	5,995,045 \$	8,075,333
		of Resources \$ \$ 420,168 - 2,042,390 1,388,219 2,144,268

\$2,144,268 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Monroe County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (157,710)
2024	(627,549)
2025	(1,052,918)
2026	 (2,386,379)
Total	\$ (4,224,556)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100	%		

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.55%)	Discount Rate (7.55%)	1% Increase (8.55%)
District's proportionate share	 (0.0070)	 1100 (1.00 /0)	 (0.0070)
of the net pension liability	\$ 37,659,357	\$ 26,591,189	\$ 17,470,137

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues available report obtained а publicly financial that can be at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$52,597 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,691,154 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .26273134 percent. This was an increase of .0128 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$64,909). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	1,839	528,802
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	79	-
Changes of assumptions	273,895	57,197
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	134,627	4,748
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 52,597	-
Total	\$ 463,037 \$	590,747

\$52,597 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Monroe County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (45,770)
2024	(42,197)
2025	(26,669)
2026	(41,202)
2027	 (24,469)
Total	\$ (180,307)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2021 2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	
Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(1.13%)	Rate (2.13%)	(3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,871,866	\$ 1,691,154	\$ 1,537,070

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

-		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,566,446	\$ 1,691,154	\$ 1,832,283

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

### Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. To adjust capital assets to subsidiary ledger.	\$ (40,904)
Total	\$ (40,904)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Monroe County School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Monroe County School District.

Litigation – The Monroe County School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Monroe County School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Monroe County School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Monroe County School District.

## Note 12 – Risk Management

The Monroe County School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The Monroe County School District is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 52 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school district would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

## Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,200,412) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,144,268 resulting from the Monroe County School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$3,850,777 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,200,412) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$8,075,333 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,200,412) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$52,597 resulting from the Monroe County School District contribution

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$410,440 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,200,412) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$590,747 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$20,200,412) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from leases. The \$244,872 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to leases, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 27 years.

## Note 14 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the Monroe County School District.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the Monroe County School District may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the interest rate subsidy was \$52,878.

The Monroe County School District makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$686,785. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the Monroe County School District.

Year Ending	Amount
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ 62,311
2024	62,311
2025	62,311
2026	62,311
2027	62,311
2028	 63,024
Total	\$ 374,579

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 15 – Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated November 13, 2015 creating the Monroe County School District Career and Technical Educational Center. The consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Nettleton Line Consolidated School District, the Aberdeen School District, and the Monroe County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Monroe County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Monroe County School District Career and Technical Educational Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Monroe County School District Career and Technical Educational Center.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Revenues

Local sources:		
Tuition from other LEA's within the state:		
Aberdeen School District	\$	4,020
Nettleton Line Consolidated School District		5,700
Total tuition from other LEA's within the state		9,720
Other		4,400
Total local sources		14,120
State sources		467,823
Federal sources		58,373
Total Revenues		540,316
Expenditures		
Salaries		1,097,114
Employee benefits		372,235
Purchased professional and technical services		12,953
Other purchased services		55,323
Supplies		19,675
Property		58,549
Total Expenditures		1,615,849
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,075,533)
Other Financing Sources/Uses:		
Operating transfers in		1,077,154
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses		1,077,154
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,621
Fund Balance:	_	
July 1, 2021		-
June 30, 2022	\$	1,621

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed at require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Monroe County School District evaluated the activity of the district through July 6, 2023 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022						Varia Positive (I	
	 Budgeted A	mounts	_	Actual	_	Original	Final
	 Original	Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final	to Actual
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$ 5,255,279 \$	5,335,140	\$	5,335,138	\$	79,861 \$	(2)
State sources	12,463,167	12,521,274		12,521,274		58,107	-
Federal sources	186,800	181,591		181,591		(5,209)	-
Sixteenth section sources	 186,336	451,097		455,683		264,761	4,586
Total Revenues	 18,091,582	18,489,102		18,493,686		397,520	4,584
Expenditures:							
Instruction	11,571,777	11,061,067		11,014,615		510,710	46,452
Support services	6,043,654	5,225,080		5,135,264		818,574	89,816
Noninstructional services	-	160		160		(160)	-
Sixteenth section	-	62,579		62,579		(62,579)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	195,000	91,353		-		103,647	91,353
Debt service:							
Principal	76,329	76,329		123,851		-	(47,522)
Interest	7,598	7,598		16,752		-	(9,154)
Total Expenditures	 17,894,358	16,524,166		16,353,221		1,370,192	170,945
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	 197,224	1,964,936		2,140,465		1,767,712	175,529
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers in	2,868,873	5,981,043		438,406		3,112,170	(5,542,637)
Other financing sources	1,000	20,133		20,134		19,133	1
Operating transfers out	(3,542,289)	(6,624,244)		(1,081,607)		(3,081,955)	5,542,637
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (672,416)	(623,068)		(623,067)		49,348	1
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (475,192)	1,341,868		1,517,398		1,817,060	175,530
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021	 8,992,538	8,992,538		8,992,538		-	-
June 30, 2022	\$ 8,517,346 \$	10,334,406	\$	10,509,936	\$	1,817,060 \$	175,530

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	<b>2022</b> 0.179908	<b>2021</b> 0.174969	<b>2020</b> 0.171816	<b>2019</b> 0.159117	<b>2018</b> 0.179248	<b>2017</b> 0.176966	<b>2016</b> 0.172654	<b>2015</b> 0.179029
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	26,591,189	33,871,965	30,225,824	26,465,884	29,797,101	31,616,618	26,696,014	20,744,130
District's covered payroll	\$	11,962,029	11,650,787	11,189,956	10,161,156	11,498,857	11,320,946	10,786,444	10,444,641
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.30%	290.73%	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.28%	247.50%	198.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### MONROE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Contractually required contribution	\$	<b>2022</b> 2,144,268	<b>2021</b> 2,081,393	<b>2020</b> 2,027,237	<b>2019</b> 1,762,418	<b>2018</b> 1,600,382	<b>2017</b> 1,811,070	<b>2016</b> 1,783,049	<b>2015</b> 1,698,865
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	2,144,268	2,081,393	2,027,237	1,762,418	1,600,382	1,811,070	1,783,049	1,698,865
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll		12,323,379	11,962,029	11,650,787	11,189,956	10,161,156	11,498,857	11,320,946	10,786,444
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.26273134	0.24988200	0.24798824	0.24230687	0.24380000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,691,154	1,944,602	2,104,282	1,874,365	1,913,208
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,962,029	11,650,787	11,189,956	10,953,264	11,498,857
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		14.14%	16.69%	18.81%	17.11%	16.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

\*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB	-		( SCHOOL DISTI nentary Informat	-		
Last 10 Fiscal Years*						
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	<b>2022</b> 52,597	<b>2021</b> 67,973	<b>2020</b> 77,550	<b>2019</b> 84,346	2018* 81,563
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	52,597	67,973	77,550	84,346	81,563
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-				
District's covered-employee payroll		12,323,379	11,962,029	11,650,787	11,189,956	10,953,264
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.43%	0.57%	0.67%	0.75%	0.74%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\*This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ending June 30, 2022

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ending June 30, 2022

#### <u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

#### <u>2021:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ending June 30, 2022

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

#### (3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	28.8 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ending June 30, 2022

the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

(3) *Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.* The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age				
Amortization method	Level dollar				
Amortization period	30 years, open				
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets				
Price inflation	2.75%				
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%				
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%				
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%				
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028				
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.19%				

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program COVID-19 - National school lunch program COVID-19 - Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster	10.553 10.555 10.559	205MS326N1099 205MS326N1099 205MS326N1099	\$ 361,956 1,083,505 108,230 1,553,691
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,553,691</u> <u>1,553,691</u>
<u>Federal Communications Commission</u> Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	53,180
Total Federal Communications Commission <u>U.S. Department of Interior</u>			53,180
Direct program:			
Payment in lieu of taxes Total U.S. Department of Interior	15.226	N/A	97,466 97,466
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A180024 S010A190024 S010A200024 S010A210024	510,835
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO048A210024	58,373
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A180023 S367A190023 S367A200023 S367A210023	127,069
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	S424A190025 S424A200025 S424A210025	35,614
Subtotal			721 901
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I	84.425D	S425D200031	<u>731,891</u> 30,687
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal	84.425D 84.425U	S425D210031 S425U210031	818,963 203,422 1,053,072
Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A180108 H027A190108 H027A200108 H027A200108 H027A210108	633,753
IDEA, Part B ARP Grants	84.027x	H027X210108	51,321
Total Special Education - grants to states			685,074
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190113 H173A200113 H173A210113	17,616
Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education <b>Total U.S. Department of Education</b>			702,690 2,487,653 2,487,653
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medicaid cluster: Medical assistance program	93.778	2105MS5ADM	25,799
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			25,799 25,799
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 4,217,789

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Monroe County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Monroe County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Monroe County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Monroe County School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of 22,352 are included in the COVID-19 – National School Lunch Program.

## Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 17,115,092 4,675,727	13,619,460 1,359,347	675,399 246,771	1,334,603 20,449	1,485,630 3,049,160
Total	\$ 21,790,819	14,978,807	922,170	1,355,052	4,534,790
Total number of students *	 2,133				
Cost per student	\$ 10,216	7,023	432	635	2,126

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

## Other Information

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

General Fund

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,335,138	\$ 5,255,864	\$ 5,246,022	\$ 5,163,482
State sources	12,521,274	12,034,912	12,422,655	11,771,465
Federal sources	181,591	246,455	182,641	185,005
Sixteenth section sources	 455,683	123,657	191,795	249,685
Total Revenues	 18,493,686	17,660,888	18,043,113	17,369,637
Expenditures:				
Instruction	11,014,615	11,039,950	10,901,992	10,454,130
Support services	5,135,264	5,557,632	5,287,201	5,731,250
Noninstructional services	160	39	105	111
Sixteenth section	62,579	-	4,514	80,852
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	-	-	-	4,300
Principal	123,851	70,833	65,650	60,767
Interest	16,752	11,525	15,166	18,537
Total Expenditures	 16,353,221	16,679,979	16,274,628	16,349,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 2,140,465	980,909	1,768,485	1,019,690
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	8,342	55,781	2,346
Sale of other property	-	5,809	-	8,965
Operating transfers in	438,406	40,000	47,226	114,585
Other financing sources	20,134	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	 (1,081,607)	(955,286)	(947,567)	(941,701)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (623,067)	 (901,135)	(844,560)	(815,805)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,517,398	79,774	923,925	203,885
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	 8,992,538	8,912,764	7,988,839	7,784,954
End of Period	\$ 10,509,936	\$ 8,992,538	\$ 8,912,764	\$ 7,988,839

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	 2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,527,302	\$ 5,493,731	\$ 5,700,031	\$ 5,730,918
State sources	13,071,764	12,798,937	12,967,379	12,369,898
Federal sources	4,270,667	4,059,664	2,001,250	2,104,056
Sixteenth section sources	553,519	153,890	227,470	296,979
Total Revenues	 23,423,252	22,506,222	20,896,130	20,501,851
Expenditures:				
Instruction	13,159,436	14,165,945	12,654,861	12,102,064
Support services	7,033,144	7,307,880	6,128,915	6,548,253
Noninstructional services	1,203,265	1,134,891	1,081,651	1,171,407
Sixteenth section	96,384	47,653	29,756	111,239
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	4,300
Debt service:				,
Principal	201,851	165,833	160,650	155,767
Interest	95,489	78,251	85,017	91,441
Other	1,250	14,225	1,250	1,250
Total Expenditures	 21,790,819	22,914,678	20,142,100	20,185,721
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,632,433	(408,456)	754,030	316,130
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery		8,342	55,781	2 246
Bonds and notes issued	-	875,000	55,761	2,346
	-		-	-
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	-	(3,672)	16,228	28,255
Payment held by QSCB debt escrow agent	62,311	-	62,311	62,311
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(62,311)	-	(62,311)	(62,311)
Sale of other property	-	5,959	-	9,365
Operating transfers in	1,713,695	995,286	1,186,032	1,185,456
Other financing sources	20,134	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(1,713,695)	(995,286)	(1,186,032)	(1,185,706)
Other financing uses	 (47,979)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (27,845)	885,629	72,009	39,716
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,604,588	477,173	826,039	355,846
-	 , ,	, -	,	,
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	12,753,238	12,315,836	11,488,266	11,126,535
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (190)	(39,771)	1,531	5,885
End of Period	\$ 14,357,636	\$ 12,753,238	\$ 12,315,836	\$ 11,488,266
	\$ 	\$ 	\$	\$

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Monroe County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Monroe County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Monroe County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Monroe County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Monroe County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Monroe County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, MS July 6, 2023

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Monroe County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Monroe County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Monroe County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Monroe County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Monroe County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Monroe County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Monroe County School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Monroe County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not

detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Monroe County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Monroe County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Monroe County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Monroe County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to ver compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, MS July 6, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Monroe County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monroe County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Monroe County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 6, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi July 6, 2023

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

#### Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No
- 7. Identification of major programs:

ALNs	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425D	COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I & II (ESSER)
84.425U	COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief ARP III (ESSER)
Special Education Cluster:	

84.027	Special Education – grants to states
84.027x	IDEA, Part B ARP Grant
84.173	Special Education – preschool grants

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). No

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.