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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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## FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

## FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the North Panola School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Panola School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the North Panola School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Emphasis-of-Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and

for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the North Panola School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Panola School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the North Panola School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the North Panola School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of* Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial

statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 3, 2023, on our consideration of the North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering North Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Certified Public Accountants

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC May 3, 2023 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of North Panola School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$2,629,582, including a prior period adjustment of (\$80,395), which represents a 22% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 increased \$1,301,118 which represents a 10% increase from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$12,174,277 and \$12,201,692, or 72% and 70% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,770,389, or 28% of total revenues for 2022 and, \$5,172,439, or 30% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$14,234,689 and \$16,073,013 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$4,770,389 for 2022 and \$5,172,439 for 2021 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$12,174,277 for 2022 and \$12,201,692 for 2021 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$11,687,531 in revenues and \$10,739,235 in expenditures for 2022, and \$11,406,878 in revenues and \$10,011,386 in expenditures for 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,633,145, from 2021 to 2022 and increased by \$1,476,663, from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$325,116 for 2022 and decreased by \$303,721 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the recording of depreciation expense during the year.
- Long-term debt increased by \$364,728 and decreased by \$61,991 for 2021. This increase for 2022 was due primarily to the issuance of an installment purchase loan totaling \$428,952. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$37,928 for 2022 and decreased by \$1,783 for 2021.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

### North Panola School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

**Governmental funds** - All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue funds as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

### **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$9,198,363 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	_	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	9,681,748	7,728,602	25%
Restricted assets		1,444,179	1,314,112	10%
Capital assets, net		5,898,427	6,223,543	(5)%
Total assets	_	17,024,354	15,266,257	12%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	4,693,016	4,079,858	15%
Current liabilities		608,884	614,958	(1)%
Long-term debt outstanding		2,502,189	2,175,389	15%
Net OPEB Liability		1,184,691	1,487,941	(20)%
Net pension liability		17,958,823	24,518,744	(27)%
Total liabilities		22,254,587	28,797,032	(23)%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	8,661,146	2,377,028	264%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		3,452,938	4,142,782	(17)%
Restricted		3,611,514	3,151,494	15%
Unrestricted	_	(16,262,815)	(19,122,221)	15%
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(9,198,363)	(11,827,945)	22%

# Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (16,262,815)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related	
deferred outflows and deferred inflows	 23,111,644
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ 6,848,829

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$325,116.
- The principal retirement of \$64,224 of long-term debt.
- Issuance of an installment purchase loan totaling \$428,952.

### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$16,944,666 and \$17,374,131, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$14,234,689 for 2022 and \$16,073,013 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 341,379	45,514	650%
Operating grants and contributions	4,429,010	5,126,925	(14)%
General Revenues:			
Property taxes	4,463,443	4,359,365	2%
Grants and contributions not restricted	7,622,145	7,672,333	(1)%
Unrestricted investment earnings	41,690	90,159	(54)%
Other	46,999	79,835	(41)%
Total revenues	16,944,666	17,374,131	(2)%
Expenses:			
Instruction	7,119,941	7,613,117	(6)%
Support services	5,658,255	5,484,891	3%
Non-instructional	1,056,176	806,193	31%
Pension expense	350,229	1,990,234	(82)%
OPEB expense	(72,998)	35,035	(308)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	123,086	143,543	(14)%
Total expenses	14,234,689	16,073,013	(11)%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	2,709,977	1,301,118	(108)%
Net Position (Deficit) , July 1, as previously reported	(11,827,945)	(13,129,063)	10%
Prior Period Adjustment	(80,395)		N/A
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated	(11,908,340)	(13,129,063)	9%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$ (9,198,363)	(11,827,945)	22%

**North Panola School District** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	_	Total Expenses		
	_	2022	2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	7,119,941	7,613,117	(6)%
Support services		5,658,255	5,484,891	3%
Non-instructional		1,056,176	806,193	31%
Pension expense		350,229	1,990,234	(82)%
OPEB expense		(72,998)	35,035	(308)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	123,086	143,543	(14)%
Total expenses	\$ _	14,234,689	16,073,013	(11)%

## Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Net (Expense) Revenue		
	_	2022	2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	(5,053,325)	(5,187,610)	3%
Support services		(4,380,291)	(4,149,186)	(6)%
Non-instructional		369,633	605,034	(39)%
Pension expense		(350,229)	(1,990,234)	82%
OPEB expense		72,998	(35,035)	308%
Interest on long-term liabilities		(123,086)	(143,543)	14%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ _	(9,464,300)	(10,900,574)	13%





- Net cost of governmental activities (\$9,464,300 for 2022 and \$10,900,574 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,463,443 for 2022 and \$4,359,365 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$7,622,145 for 2022 and \$7,672,333 for 2021).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$41,690 for 2022 and \$90,159 for 2021.

### **North Panola School District** Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$10,587,701, an increase of \$2,091,273, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$80,395). \$6,830,682 or 65% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the general fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,757,019 or 35% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,633,145, including a prior period adjustment of (\$76,517). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$87,628, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,878). The increase (decrease) in the fund balance of the other major fund were as follow:

Major Fund	Incr	ease (Decrease)
School Food Service Fund	\$	412,658
Title I A Basic Fund	No incr	ease or decrease
NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund	\$	133,098

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$16,251,447, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$6,225 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$10,353,020, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$350,105, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,898,427.

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 139,509	139,509	0%
Buildings	2,874,843	2,935,459	(2)%
Building improvements	2,138,488	2,270,420	(6)%
Improvements other than buildings	118,256	124,926	(5)%
Mobile equipment	491,358	362,191	36%
Furniture and equipment	135,973	162,731	(16)%
Leased property under capital leases		228,307	(100)%
Total	\$ 5,898,427	6,223,543	(5)%

## Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2022, the District had \$2,502,189 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$148,150 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$37,928 from the prior year.

## Table 5Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	-	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Obligation under capital leases payable	\$		130,761	(100)%
Installment purchase loans payable		495,489		N/A
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,950,000	1,950,000	0%
Compensated absences payable		56,700	94,628	(40)%
Total	\$	2,502,189	2,175,389	15%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The North Panola School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the North Panola School District, 470 Highway 51 North, Sardis, MS 38666.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,612,653
Cash with fiscal agents	Ψ	428,952
Due from other governments		624,336
Accrued interest receivable		3,031
Inventories		12,776
Restricted assets		1,444,179
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		1,111,170
Land		139,509
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		100,000
Buildings		2,874,843
Building improvements		2,138,488
Improvements of than buildings		118,256
Mobile equipment		491,358
Furniture and equipment		135,973
Total Assets		17,024,354
		17,024,004
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,423,183
Deferred outflows - OPEB		269,833
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,693,016
		4,000,010
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		528,756
Unearned revenue		9,470
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		70,658
interest payable of long term induities		70,000
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		148,150
Net OPEB liability		48,129
		-, -
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		2,297,339
Non-capital related liabilities		56,700
Net pension liability		17,958,823
Net OPEB liability		1,136,562
Total Liabilities		22,254,587
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		8,158,948
Deferred inflows - OPEB		502,198
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,661,146
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,452,938
Restricted For:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		1,748,981
Debt service		1,822,048
Unemployment benefits		40,485
Unrestricted		(16,262,815)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(9,198,363)
	.=	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues Operating Charges for Grants and Expenses Services Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Pension expense OPEB expense Interest on long-term liabilities Total Governmental Activities	\$       7,119,941       \$       152,630       \$       1,913,986         5,658,255       188,749       1,089,215         1,056,176        1,425,809         350,229           (72,998)           123,086           \$       14,234,689       \$       341,379	\$ (5,053,325) (4,380,291) 369,633 (350,229) 72,998 (123,086) (9,464,300)
	General Revenues: Taxes: General purpose levies Debt purpose levies Unrestricted grants and contributions: State Federal Unrestricted investment earnings Other Total General Revenues	4,272,680 190,763 7,523,229 98,916 41,690 46,999 12,174,277
	Change in Net Position Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustment Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as restated Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	2,709,977 (11,827,945) (80,395) (11,908,340) \$(9,198,363)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	School Food Service Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents Investments Due from other governments Accrued interest receivable Due from other funds Inventories Total Assets	\$ 6,515,357 428,952  125,075  378,915  \$ \$ 7,448,299	\$ 1,684,221     17,463 12,776 \$ 1,714,460
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$     524,322	\$ 849   <u>849</u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory Restricted: Unemployment benefits Debt service Grant activities Food service Assigned: School activity fund Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	      78,725 <u>6,830,682</u> <u>6,909,407</u> \$ 7,448,299	12,776   1,700,835   <u>1,713,611</u> \$ 1,714,460

Title I	NPSD	Other	Total	
A Basic	2010 Sinking	Governmental	Governmental	
Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
\$ 8,891  172,893   	\$ 145,091 1,299,000  3,031  	\$ 404,184  88 326,368   	\$	
\$181,784_	\$ <u>1,447,122</u>	\$ <u>730,640</u>	\$ <u>11,522,305</u>	
\$ 406	\$	\$ 3,179	\$ 528,756 396,378 9,470 934,604	
173,944		207,864		
7,434		2,036		
181,784		213,079		
			12,776	
		40,485	40,485	
	1,447,122	445,584	1,892,706	
		16,381	16,381	
		15,111	1,715,946	
			78,725	
			<u>6,830,682</u>	
	1,447,122	517,561	10,587,701	
	1,447,122	517,561	10,587,701	
\$181,784	\$1,447,122	\$	\$11,522,305	

#### NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds		10,587,701
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Liabilities due in one year are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for installment purchase loans which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		5,898,427 (196,279) (1,950,000) (347,339) (70,658) (56,700) (17,958,823) (8,158,948) 4,423,183 (1,136,562) (502,198) 269,833
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(9,198,363)

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#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

School General Food Fund Service Fund **Revenues:** Local sources \$ \$ 9,732 4,469,754 7,147,572 State sources Federal sources 70,205 1,216,093 **Total Revenues** 11,687,531 1,225,825 **Expenditures:** Instruction 5,791,276 --Support services 84,246 4,930,590 Noninstructional services 824,752 Debt service: Principal 17,369 --Interest 10,739,235 908,998 **Total Expenditures** Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 948,296 316,827 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of loans 428.952 --Insurance recovery 188,749 --Payment held by QSCB escrow agent ----Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent ----Operating transfers in 179,982 145,435 Operating transfers out (1,770)(84, 151)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 761,366 95,831 Net change in fund balances 1,709,662 412,658 Fund Balances: July 1, 2021, as previously reported 5,276,262 1,300,953 Prior period adjustments (76, 517)--July 1, 2021, as restated 5.199.745 1.300.953 June 30, 2022 6,909,407 1,713,611 \$ \$

	Title I A Basic Fund	NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	 1,290,146 1,290,146	\$ 31,184   31,184	\$ 190,824 906,303 1,424,104 2,521,231	\$ 4,701,494 8,053,875 4,000,548 16,755,917	
	980,923 151,132 37,383	 2,500 	1,074,818 905,148 233,858	7,847,017 6,073,616 1,095,993	
_	  1,169,438	 <u>117,000</u> <u>119,500</u>	46,855 4,100 2,264,779	64,224 121,100 15,201,950	
_	120,708	(88,316)	256,452	1,553,967	
	   90,000 (210,708) (120,708)	 101,914 (101,914) 221,414  221,414	   186,839 (527,041) (340,202)	428,952 188,749 101,914 (101,914) 823,670 (823,670) 617,701	
		133,098	(83,750)	2,171,668	
\$	  	1,314,024  1,314,024 \$1,447,122	605,189 (3,878) 601,311 \$517,561	8,496,428 (80,395) 8,416,033 \$	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		2,171,668
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds. Repayment of installment purchase loans principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds. Inception of installment purchase loans do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds. Implicit rate subsidy fluctuation from one year to the next. Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL. Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds. OPEB contribution subsequent to the measurement date. OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.		25,179 (350,105) (190) 64,224 (1,986) 37,928 (428,952) (15) 1,432,012 (350,229) 37,445 72,998
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	2,709,977

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, North Panola School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

School Food Service Fund - This special revenue fund is used to account for the financial resources associated with the federal grants in the Child Nutrition Cluster, which provides nutritious breakfasts and lunches to the district's students.

Title I A Basic Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the federal revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the Title I grants to local educational agencies program.

NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund - This debt service fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of the District's Qualified School Construction Bond issue.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments
Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building Improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Intangible assets	**	**

(\*\*) Intangible assets for the district are capitalized as a group for reporting purposes. The estimated useful life is the term of the lease agreement. There is no mandated maximum amortization period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should not be amortized.

The term 'depreciation' includes the amortization of intangible assets.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows for pension and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The school district has three deferred inflow items which are presented as deferred inflow for pensions and deferred inflow for OPEB.

See Note 12 for further details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

*Nonspendable fund balance* includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The goal of the District is to maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of at least 7% at fiscal year end of revenues.

#### 14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$8,612,653.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits*. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$9,463,834 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$574,043.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit	N/A	5 to 10 years	\$ <u>1,299,088</u>

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

• U.S Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$1,299,088 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

#### Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Title I A Basic Fund	\$ 173,944
	Other Governmental Funds	204,971
School Food Service Fund	General Fund	14,570
	Other Governmental Funds	 2,893
Total		\$ 396,378

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end.

#### **B.** Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	School Food Service Fund	\$ 84,151
	Title I A Basic Fund	27,174
	Other Governmental Funds	34,110
School Food Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	179,982
Title I A Basic Fund	Other Governmental Funds	90,000
NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund	Other Governmental Funds	221,414
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,770
	Title I A Basic Fund	183,534
	Other Governmental Funds	 1,535
Total		\$ 823,670

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Note 4 - Restricted Assets**

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance, and investment balance, totaling \$145,091, and \$1,299,000, respectively, of the NPSD 2010 Sinking Fund for the retirement of the QSCB. The restricted assets also represent the \$88 cash with fiscal agent balance in the MAEP Retirement Fund.

#### **Note 5 - Capital Assets**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 139,509				139,509
Total non-depreciable capital assets	139,509	0	0	0	139,509
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	8,004,507				8,004,507
Building improvements	4,599,361				4,599,361
Improvements other than buildings	192,999				192,999
Mobile equipment	2,040,626			312,750	2,353,376
Furniture and equipment	955,470	25,179	18,954		961,695
Leased property under capital leases	312,750			(312,750)	0
Total depreciable capital assets	16,105,713	25,179	18,954	0	16,111,938
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	5,069,048	60,616			5,129,664
Building improvements	2,328,941	131,932			2,460,873
Improvements other than buildings	68,073	6,670			74,743
Mobile equipment	1,678,435	99,140		84,443	1,862,018
Furniture and equipment	792,739	51,747	18,764		825,722
Leased property under capital leases	84,443			(84,443)	0
Total accumulated depreciation	10,021,679	350,105	18,764	0	10,353,020
Total depreciable capital assets, net	6,084,034	(324,926)	190	0	5,758,918
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$6,223,543	(324,926)	190	0	5,898,427

Adjustments were made to properly present capital assets at fiscal year end.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	_	Amount
Instruction	\$	221,743
Support services		113,305
Non-instructional		15,057
Total depreciation expense	\$	350,105

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 6 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	_	Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2022	Amounts due within one year
A. Obligations under capital leases	\$	130,761			(130,761)	0	
B. Installment purchase loans payable			428,952	64,224	130,761	495,489	148,150
C. Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,950,000				1,950,000	
D. Compensated absences payable		94,628		37,928		56,700	
Total	\$	2,175,389	428,952	102,152	0	2,502,189	148,150

Adjustments were made to correctly present long-term debt due to the implementation of GASB 87.

#### A. Obligations under capital leases

As a result of the implementation of GASB 87, leases that were formerly classified as capital leases, where ownership of the asset conveys to the lessee at maturity, are no longer considered leases. These agreements are now considered financed purchases. As such, we have reclassed the beginning obligations under capital assets to installment purchase loans payable.

#### B. Installment purchase loans

The school district has entered into installment purchase agreements as listed below. Property under these installment purchases agreements are composed of the following:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Buses	3.57%	06-29-18	04-10-23	\$	312,750	66,537
Buses	4.33%	06-23-22	04-10-27		428,952	428,952
Total				\$	741,702	495,489

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Buses issue of June 2018:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$_	66,537	1,787	68,324

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund and EEF Building and Buses Fund.

5,506
5,506
5,506
5,506
5,506
7,530
) ) )

2. Buses issue of June 2022:

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

Total installment purchase loans payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$	148,150	15,680	163,830
2024		81,337	14,169	95,506
2025		84,897	10,609	95,506
2026		88,613	6,893	95,506
2027		92,492	3,014	95,506
Total	\$_	495,489	50,365	545,854

# C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 11, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
	-			_		
Qualified school construction bonds, Series 2010	6.00%	12-07-10	12-01-25	\$	1,950,000	1,950,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	g	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$		117,000	117,000
2024			117,000	117,000
2025			117,000	117,000
2026		1,950,000	117,000	2,067,000
Total	\$_	1,950,000	468,000	2,418,000

#### **D.** Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

# Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description*. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

*Benefits provided.* Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$1,432,012, \$1,405,708, and \$1,467,447, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$17,958,823 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.121504 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.005150 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$350,229. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	292,404	\$		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			5,252,514		
Changes of assumptions		1,389,328			
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,309,439	2,906,434		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,432,012			
Total	\$	4,423,183	\$ 8,158,948		

\$1,432,012 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (1,282,334)
2024	(1,211,823)
2025	(1,061,940)
2026	(1,611,680)
Total	\$ (5,167,777)

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table,

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	22.00%	4.50%
Global Equity	12.00%	4.80%
Fixed Income	20.00%	-0.25%
Real Estate	10.00%	3.75%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.00%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	-1.00%
Total	100%	

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 1% Decrease (6.55%)	 Current Discount Rate (7.55%)	_	1% Increase (8.55%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 25,433,903	\$ 17,958,823	\$_	11,798,761

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description.* State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et. seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/ junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$37,445 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# **OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB**

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,184,691 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.18404917 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00715183 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$72,998). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,288	\$ 370,438
Changes of assumptions		191,869	40,068
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		55	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		39,176	91,692
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		37,445	
Total	\$	269,833	\$ 502,198

\$37,445 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (59,579)
2024	(57,641)
2025	(51,293)
2026	(63,832)
2027	 (37,465)
Total	\$ (269,810)

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Measurement Date	2.13%
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2021 2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including	
inflation	
Measurement Date	2.13%
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.13%)	Discount Rate (2.13%)	1% Increase (3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,311,284 \$	1,184,691	\$ 1,076,752

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,097,331	\$ 1,184,691	\$ 1,283,555

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.</u>

# Note 9 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 52 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 11 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy receivable was \$98,496.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$1,444,091. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30:	Amount
2023	\$ 134,000
2024	134,000
2025	134,000
2026	134,000
Total	\$ 536,000

#### Note 12 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,262,815) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,432,012 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$2,991,171 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,262,815) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$8,158,948 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,262,815) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$37,445 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$232,388 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$16,262,815) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$502,198 balance of deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

#### Note 13 - Other Matters

The onset of the recent COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a volatile investment market currently. The resulting impact of this pandemic upon the operations of the District is uncertain at this time.

#### Note 14 - Insurance Recovery

The North Panola Consolidated School received \$188,749 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated to the expense function support services.

#### Note 15 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments are as follows:

Explanation	Amount
To adjust prior year expenditures.	(\$80,395)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To adjust prior year expenditures.	(\$76,517)
Other Governmental Funds	To adjust prior year expenditures.	<u>(3,878)</u>
Total		<u>(\$80,395)</u>

#### Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the North Panola School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

,					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:	_			<u></u>			
Local sources	\$	4,339,590	4,469,754	4,469,754	130,164	-	
State sources		7,191,430	7,147,572	7,147,572	(43,858)	-	
Federal sources		185,020	70,205	70,205	(114,815)	-	
Total Revenues	_	11,716,040	11,687,531	11,687,531	(28,509)	-	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		6,866,304	5,791,276	5,791,276	1,075,028	-	
Support services		5,076,713	4,930,589	4,930,590	146,124	(1)	
Facilities acquisition and constrution		200,000	-	-	200,000	-	
Debt service:							
Principal		17,369	17,369	17,369	-	-	
Total Expenditures	_	12,160,386	10,739,234	10,739,235	1,421,152	(1)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(444,346)	948,297	948,296	1,392,643	(1)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds of loans		-	-	428,952	-	428,952	
Insurance recovery		-	188,749	188,749	188,749	-	
Operating transfers in		164,346	145,435	145,435	(18,911)	-	
Operating transfers out		(20,000)	(1,771)	(1,770)	18,229	1	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	144,346	332,413	761,366	188,067	428,953	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(300,000)	1,280,710	1,709,662	1,580,710	428,952	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		300,000	5,276,262	5,276,262	4,976,262	-	
Prior period adjustments		-	(76,517)	(76,517)	(76,517)	-	
July 1, 2021, as restated	_	300,000	5,199,745	5,199,745	4,899,745	-	
June 30, 2022	\$		6,480,455	6,909,407	6,480,455	428,952	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### Exhibit 1

#### NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Tor the Teal Ended suite 50, 2022					Variai	
		Dudaatad	A	Astrol	Positive (N	Final
	_	Budgeted A	Final	Actual	Original to Final	
P	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	¢	22 500	0.722	0.700	(12.7(0))	
Local sources	\$	23,500	9,732	9,732	(13,768)	-
Federal sources		1,134,397	1,216,093	1,216,093	81,696	
Total Revenues	_	1,157,897	1,225,825	1,225,825	67,928	
Expenditures:						
Support services		261,070	84,246	84,246	176,824	-
Noninstructional services		1,333,827	824,752	824,752	509,075	-
Total Expenditures	_	1,594,897	908,998	908,998	685,899	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(437,000)	316,827	316,827	753,827	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		-	179,982	179,982	179,982	-
Operating transfers out		(125,000)	(84,151)	(84,151)	40,849	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(125,000)	95,831	95,831	220,831	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(562,000)	412,658	412,658	974,658	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2021		562,000	1,300,953	1,300,953	738,953	
June 30, 2022	\$	-	1,713,611	1,713,611	1,713,611	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Exhibit 2

#### NORTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I A Basic Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Positive (N	<u> </u>
	_	Budgeted A		Actual	Original	Final
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	1,045,632	1,796,292	1,290,146	750,660	(506,146)
Total Revenues	_	1,045,632	1,796,292	1,290,146	750,660	(506,146)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		848,320	1,409,200	980,923	(560,880)	428,277
Support services		123,316	194,273	151,132	(70,957)	43,141
Noninstructional services		48,510	61,651	37,383	(13,141)	24,268
Total Expenditures	_	1,020,146	1,665,124	1,169,438	(644,978)	495,686
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	25,486	131,168	120,708	105,682	(10,460)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		-	90,000	90,000	90,000	-
Operating transfers out		(25,486)	(221,168)	(210,708)	(195,682)	10,460
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(25,486)	(131,168)	(120,708)	(105,682)	10,460
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2021		-	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2022	\$_	-	-		-	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### Exhibit 3

Variances

North Panola School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>2022</u> \$ 17,958	$\frac{2021}{24,518,743}$	2020 24,161,695	2019 22,257,576	2018 21,878,548	2017 24,297,997	2016 20,794,758	2015 16,424,278
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.1215	0.126654%	0.137345%	0.133816%	0.131613%	0.136028%	0.134524%	0.135311%
District's covered payroll	8,078	8,433,603	8,096,724	8,545,441	8,443,048	8,702,032	8,404,305	8,268,203
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	222	30% 290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.	44% 58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2022 1,432,012	2021 1,405,708	2020	2019	2018	2017 1,329,780	2016 1,370,570	2015 1,323,678
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,432,012	1,405,708	1,467,447	1,408,830	1,345,907	1,329,780	1,370,570	1,323,678
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-		-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,229,954	8,078,782	8,433,603	8,944,952	8,545,441	8,443,048	8,702,032	8,404,305
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2022	2021 1,487,941	2020	2019 1,505,049	2018 1,502,493
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.18404917%	0.19120100%	0.19882658%	0.19456389%	0.19149571%
District's covered-employee payroll	8,750,062	9,214,657	9,105,116	8,799,992	8,603,376 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

\*\* The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2022 37,445	2021 47,617	2020 59,339	2019 67,625	2018 64,053 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		37,445	47,617	59,339	67,625	64,053 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =	-	·	-	·	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,448,646	7,173,284	7,476,290	8,944,952	6,473,370
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.50%	0.66%	0.79%	0.76%	0.99%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

\*\* The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions* 

#### <u>2015</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### <u>2019</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

# <u>2021</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions* 

<u>2016</u>:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.* The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	28.8 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **OPEB** Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

#### <u>2017</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

#### <u>2018</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

#### <u>2019</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

#### <u>2020</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2017</u>: None

<u>2018</u>: None

<u>2019</u>: None

#### <u>2020</u>:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.
#### North Panola School District

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. TheActuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.19%

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title/	Pass-through Entity Identifying Numbers	Assistance Listing Number	 Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program	225MS326N1099	10.555	\$ 1,085,499
Summer Food Service Program for Children	225MS326N1099	10.559	49,585
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,135,084
Child and Adult Care Food Program	225MS326N1099	10.558	37,499
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	225MS907N2533	10.560	93,095
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			1,265,678
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,265,678
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program:			
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	N/A	12.xxx	69,785
Total U.S. Department of Defense			69,785
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S010A210024	84.010	1,483,840
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A210024	84.048	91,023
Rural Education	S358B210024	84.358	31,308
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	S367A210023	84.367	130,424
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	S424A210025	84.424	105,475
COVID - 19- Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I & II) Subtotal	S425D210031	84.425D	343,929 2,185,999
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A210108	84.027	378,026
State Grants - B(611)	H027A210108	84.027A	73,580
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A210113	84.173	18,512
Total Special Education Cluster			470,118
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			2,656,117
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,656,117
U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			
Passed-through MS Department of Rehabilitation Services			
Social Security Disability Insurance	04-22-04MSDI00	96.001	420
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services			420
Total U. S. Department of Social Security Administration			420
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,992,000

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

## North Panola School District

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

## (4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$93,095 are included in the State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits \$ Other Total \$	11,595,353 3,606,597 15,201,950	7,961,694 1,267,393 9,229,087	1,007,977 242,988 1,250,965	862,880 1,334 864,214	1,762,802 2,094,882 3,857,684
Total number of students *	1,200				
Cost per student \$	12,668	7,691	1,042	720	3,215

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

\* Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

# OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

2022 2021\* 2020\* 2019\* **Revenues:** \$ 4,469,754 4,355,137 4,089,849 4,212,885 Local sources 7,147,572 6,950,541 7,314,891 7,266,019 State sources Federal sources 70,205 101,200 85,802 124,209 **Total Revenues** 11,687,531 11,406,878 11,490,542 11,603,113 **Expenditures:** Instruction 5,791,276 5,600,491 6,089,499 6,648,898 4,930,590 Support services 4,359,541 4,628,851 5,315,443 Facilities acquisition and construction 33,985 303,870 Debt service: Principal 17,369 15,545 46,934 80,615 Interest 1,824 4,549 4,982 **Total Expenditures** 10,739,235 10,011,386 11,073,703 12,049,938 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 948,296 1,395,492 416,839 (446, 825)**Other Financing Sources (Uses):** Proceeds of loans 428,952 167,798 Insurance recovery 188,749 Sale of transportation equipment 6,799 107,498 Operating transfers in 145,435 107,328 157,882 Operating transfers out (1,770)(26, 157)(226)(23, 341)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 309,138 761,366 81,171 107,272 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,709,662 1,476,663 524,111 (137, 687)Fund Balances: Beginnig of period, as previously reported 5,276,262 3,799,599 3,275,488 3,413,175 Prior period adjustments (76, 517)5,199,745 3,799,599 3,275,488 3,413,175 Beginning of period, as restated 6,909,407 5,276,262 3,799,599 3,275,488 End of period \$

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

#### "UNAUDITED"

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

"UNAUDITED"

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:	-				
Local sources	\$	4,701,494	4,574,873	4,397,318	4,430,995
State sources		8,053,875	7,934,719	8,453,275	8,245,192
Federal sources		4,000,548	4,864,539	3,285,569	4,070,305
Total Revenues	-	16,755,917	17,374,131	16,136,162	16,746,492
Expenditures:					
Instruction		7,847,017	8,310,321	8,297,766	8,978,078
Support services		6,073,616	5,867,174	5,715,229	6,562,795
Noninstructional services		1,095,993	838,343	894,720	1,033,280
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	33,985	303,870	-
Debt service:					
Principal		64,224	61,991	93,380	125,570
Interest		121,100	125,833	114,323	127,982
Other		-	-	-	2,297
Total Expenditures	-	15,201,950	15,237,647	15,419,288	16,830,002
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	-	1,553,967	2,136,484	716,874	(83,510)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans		428,952	-	-	-
Insurance recovery		188,749	-	-	167,798
Sale of transportation equipment		-	-	-	6,799
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		101,914	116,636	104,712	109,879
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(101,914)	(116,636)	(104,712)	(109,879)
Operating transfers in		823,670	481,514	304,862	377,441
Operating transfers out		(823,670)	(481,514)	(304,862)	(377,441)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	617,701	-	-	174,597
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,171,668	2,136,484	716,874	91,087
Fund Balances:					
Beginnig of period, as previously reported		8,496,428	6,365,709	5,644,535	5,552,840
Prior period adjustments		(80,395)	-	(2,734)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	-	8,416,033	6,365,709	5,641,801	5,552,840
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-	-	(5,765)	7,034	608
End of period	\$	10,587,701	8,496,428	6,365,709	5,644,535

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Panola School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the North Panola School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2023.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2022-002 to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the North Panola School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### North Panola School District's Responses to Findings

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the North Panola School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. North Panola School District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC May 3, 2023 Certified Public Accountants

# FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited North Panola School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on North Panola School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The North Panola School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, North Panola School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

## **Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal *Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of North Panola School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of North Panola School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

1048 Gluckstadt Road, Suite B Madison, Mississippi 39110 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033

## **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to North Panola School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on North Panola School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about North Panola School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding North Panola School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of North Panola School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of North Panola School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies and corrected, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC May 3, 2023 Certified Public Accountants

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board North Panola School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise North Panola School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

1048 Gluckstadt Road, Suite B Madison, Mississippi 39110 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033 This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC May 3, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### North Panola School District

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? Yes.
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

#### Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major program:

Assistance Listing Number:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

## Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Material Weakness**

## Finding 2022-001

## Criteria:

An effective system of internal controls is the responsibility of management. Management should establish an internal control that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting records.

## Condition:

During the course of our fieldwork, we determined: (1) As of June 30, 2022, the Accounts Payable bank account has an unreconciled balance of \$35,723, and the payroll bank account has an unreconciled balance of \$78,794. (2) The District is not maintaining accurate years of service records for employees and cannot accurately calculate its liability for compensated absences. (3) The District is not maintaining documents of I-9s or E-Verifies of newly hired district employees.

## Cause:

This is the result of the school district not properly implementing an effective internal control system and maintaining the system.

## Effect:

Without a proper internal control system being in place to ensure accurate accounting records, the district increases the risk that the financial statements will contain materially misstated accounts.

## Recommendation:

The District should implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control that will ensure strong financial accountability, proper safeguarding of assets, and accurate accounting records.

## Response:

We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability.

## **Significant Deficiency**

## Finding 2022-002

## Criteria:

An effective system of internal controls is the responsibility of management. Management should establish an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting

records.

#### Condition:

During our test of invoices, we noted three out of sixty-six purchase orders were missing signatures indicating goods had been delivered and received by the client.

#### Cause:

This is the result of the school district transitioning between business managers and had missed these three expenditures during the transition.

#### Effect:

Without a proper internal control system being in place to ensure accurate accounting records, the district increases the risk that the financial statements will contain materially misstated accounts.

#### Recommendation:

District should implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability, proper safeguarding of assets, and accurate accounting records.

#### Response:

We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability.

#### Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

"Leadership • Collaboration • Innovation"

Chad Spence, Superintendent



## AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the North Panola School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Finding</u>		Corrective Action Plan Details
2022-001	a.	Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action
		Name: Sharonda Windless
		Title: Business Manager Phone Number: 662-647-2305
		Phone Number: 002-047-2303
	b.	Correction Action Planned:
		We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability
	c.	Anticipated Completion Date: Immediately.
2022-002	а.	Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action
2022-002	a.	-
2022-002	a.	Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action Name: Sharonda Windless Title: Business Manager
2022-002	a.	Name: Sharonda Windless
2022-002	a. b.	Name: Sharonda Windless Title: Business Manager
2022-002		Name: Sharonda Windless Title: Business Manager Phone Number: 662-647-2305
2022-002		Name: Sharonda Windless Title: Business Manager Phone Number: 662-647-2305 Correction Action Planned: We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal