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South Pike School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board South Pike School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Pike School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Pike School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Pike School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the South Pike School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation

and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the South Pike School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Pike School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the South Pike School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Pike School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 16, 2024, on our consideration of the South Pike School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Pike School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Pike School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC February 16, 2024 Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of South Pike School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$1,458,344, including a prior period adjustment of \$175,487, which represents a 46% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 decreased \$846,538, including a prior period adjustment of \$206,456, which represents a 36% decrease from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$13,773,723 and \$14,144,389, or 69% and 74% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,227,724, or 31% of total revenues for 2022, and \$4,942,157, or 26% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$18,718,590 and \$20,139,540 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$6,227,724 for 2022 and \$4,942,157 for 2021 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$13,773,723 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$14,144,389 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$14,065,263 in revenues and \$12,858,872 in expenditures for 2022, and \$14,084,774 in revenues and \$12,816,223 in expenditures in 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$51,483 from 2021 to 2022, including a prior period adjustment of \$79,648, and increased by \$526,702 from 2020 to 2021, including a prior period adjustment of \$24,751.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$224,900 for 2022 and decreased by \$156,009 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, increased by \$2,573,727 for 2022 and decreased by \$158,198 for 2021. The increase for 2022 was due primarily to the issuance of three mill notes during the fiscal year. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$18,727 for 2022 and increased by \$71,802 for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,725,347 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

			Percentage)
	 June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Change	
Current assets	\$ 16,457,272	\$ 15,606,411	5.45	%
Restricted assets	6,002,535	2,762,942	117.25	%
Capital assets, net	7,941,682	8,166,582	(2.75)	%
Total assets	 30,401,489	 26,535,935	14.57	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 4,328,779	 4,463,824	(3.03)	%
Current liabilities	794,911	905,808	(12.24)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	4,832,486	2,258,759	113.94	%
Net OPEB liability	1,414,366	1,730,287	(18.26)	%
Net pension liability	21,412,567	28,914,360	(25.94)	%
Total liabilities	 28,454,330	 33,809,214	(15.84)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 8,001,285	 374,236	2,038.03	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	6,499,585	6,076,582	6.96	%
Restricted	5,400,098	4,871,418	10.85	%
Unrestricted	 (13,625,030)	 (14,131,691)	3.59	%
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,725,347)	\$ (3,183,691)	45.81	%

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (13,625,030)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	 26,081,154
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 12,456,124

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$224,900.
- Proceeds from the issuance of three mill notes in the amount of \$3,350,000.
- The principal retirement of \$205,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$20,001,447 and \$19,086,546, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$18,718,590 for 2022 and \$20,139,540 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentag Change	е
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 161,078	\$ 141,713	13.66	%
Operating grants and contributions	6,066,646	4,800,444	26.38	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	5,149,599	5,443,348	(5.40)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	8,546,611	8,300,764	2.96	%
Investment earnings	(89,148)	277,121	(132.17)	%
Sixteenth section sources	85,369	76,075	12.22	%
Other	 81,292	 47,081	72.66	%
Total revenues	20,001,447	19,086,546	4.79	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	8,320,426	7,908,828	5.20	%
Support services	7,571,156	7,795,079	(2.87)	%
Non-instructional	1,280,642	926,017	38.30	%
Sixteenth section	35,537	25,827	37.60	%
Pension expense	1,370,348	3,290,557	(58.36)	%
OPEB expense	(38,300)	81,458	(147.02)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 178,781	 111,774	59.95	%
Total expenses	18,718,590	 20,139,540	(7.06)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 1,282,857	(1,052,994)	221.83	%
Net Position (deficit), July 1, as previously reported	 (3,183,691)	 (2,337,153)	(36.22)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 175,487	206,456	(15.00)	%
Net Position (deficit), July 1, as restated	(3,008,204)	(2,130,697)	(41.18)	%
Net Position (deficit), June 30	\$ (1,725,347)	\$ (3,183,691)	45.81	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Expen	ses	Percentage		
	2022		2021	Change		
Instruction	\$ 8,320,426	\$	7,908,828	5.20 %		
Support services	7,571,156		7,795,079	(2.87) %		
Non-instructional	1,280,642		926,017	38.30 %		
Sixteenth section	35,537		25,827	37.60 %		
Pension Expense	1,370,348		3,290,557	(58.36) %		
OPEB Expense	(38,300)		81,458	(147.02) %		
Interest on long-term liabilities	 178,781		111,774	59.95 %		
Total expenses	\$ 18,718,590	\$	20,139,540	(7.06) %		

	 Net (Expe	nse) F	Revenue	Percentage
	 2022	1	2021	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,989,595)	\$	(6,097,673)	1.77 %
Support services	(5,408,764)		(5,595,130)	3.33 %
Non-instructional	451,800		5,036	8,871.41 %
Sixteenth section	(33,478)		(25,827)	(29.62) %
Pension Expense	(1,370,348)		(3,290,557)	58.36 %
OPEB Expense	38,300		(81,458)	147.02 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (178,781)		(111,774)	(59.95) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (12,490,866)	\$	(15,197,383)	17.81 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$12,490,866 for 2022 and \$15,197,383 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,149,599 for 2022 and \$5,443,348 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$8,546,611 for 2022 and \$8,300,764 for 2021). In addition, there was \$85,369 and \$76,075 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Investment earnings (loss) amounted to (\$89,148) for 2022 and \$277,121 for 2021.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,292,212, an increase of \$3,775,231, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$175,487 and a decrease in inventory of \$20,272. \$12,517,618, or 59% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance

of \$8,774,594, or 41% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$51,483, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$79,648. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$527,173, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$3,439 and a decrease in inventory of \$20,272. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Incr	<u>ease (Decrease)</u>
South Pike ESSER Fund	no ir	crease or decrease
School Construction Fund	\$	3,196,575

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$19,958,986, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$102,174 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$12,017,304, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$327,074, resulting in total net capital assets of \$7,941,682.

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land	\$	455,071	\$ 455,071	0.00 %
Construction in Progress		9,100	-	N/A %
Buildings		6,016,884	6,186,001	(2.73) %
Building improvements		676,041	751,814	(10.08) %
Improvements other than buildings		13,294	13,294	0.00 %
Mobile equipment		747,048	735,387	1.59 %
Furniture and equipment		24,244	25,015	(3.08) %
Total	\$	7,941,682	\$ 8,166,582	(2.75) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$4,832,486 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,734,374 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District received proceeds from the issuance of three mill notes in the amount of \$3,350,000. The District made payments on existing long term debt in the amount of \$205,000. The liability for compensated absences increased \$18,727 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021	Percenta Change	0
Three mill refunding notes payable	\$	3,145,000	\$	590,000	433.05	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,500,000		1,500,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		187,486		168,759	11.10	%
Total	\$	4,832,486	\$	2,258,759	113.94	%

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Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The South Pike School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Pike School District, 250 W. Bay Street, Magnolia, MS 39652.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022		
		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,172,348
Due from other governments		1,802,557
Lease receivable		404,265
Inventories		78,102
Restricted assets		6,002,535
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		455.074
Land		455,071
Construction in progress		9,100
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		0.040.004
Buildings		6,016,884
Building improvements		676,041
Improvements other than buildings		13,294
Mobile equipment		747,048
Furniture and equipment		24,244
Total Assets		30,401,489
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt		6,328
Deferred outflows - pensions		3,929,539
Deferred outflows - OPEB		392,912
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Total Deferred Outnows of Resources		4,328,779
Liabilities		720 700
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		732,780
Unearned revenue		10,202
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		51,929
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		1 705 000
Capital related liabilities		1,725,000
Non-capital related liabilities		9,374
Net OPEB liability		56,181
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		2 020 000
Capital related liabilities		2,920,000
Non-capital related liabilities		178,112
Net pension liability		21,412,567
Net OPEB liability		1,358,185
Total Liabilities		28,454,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		7,068,695
Deferred inflows - OPEB		507,977
Deferred inflows - leases		424,613
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,001,285
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		6,499,585
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		2,374,069
Debt service		1,325,443
Forestry improvements		237,084
Unemployment benefits		29,289
Non-expendable:		
Sixteenth section		1,434,213
Unrestricted		(13,625,030)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$	(1,725,347)
	_	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit B

			Progra	am Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction Support services Non-instructional	\$ 8,320,426 7,571,156 1,280,642	\$	148,899 - 10,120	\$	2,181,932 2,162,392 1,722,322	\$ (5,989,595) (5,408,764) 451,800
Sixteenth section Pension expense OPEB expense	35,537 1,370,348 (38,300)		2,059		-	(33,478) (1,370,348) 38,300
Interest on long-term liabilities	 178,781		-		<u> </u>	(178,781)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 18,718,590	\$	161,078	\$	6,066,646	\$ (12,490,866)
		G	General Revenues:			
			Taxes: General purpose	e levies		4,898,774
			General purpose	vies	utions:	4,898,774 250,825
			General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State	vies	outions:	250,825 8,428,079
			General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State Federal	vies s and contrib		250,825
			General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State Federal Unrestricted invest Sixteenth section s	vies s and contrib tment earnin		250,825 8,428,079 118,532 (89,148) 85,369
			General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State Federal Unrestricted invest	vies s and contrib tment earnin sources		250,825 8,428,079 118,532 (89,148)
		C	General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State Federal Unrestricted invest Sixteenth section s Other	vies s and contrib tment earnin sources I Revenues		250,825 8,428,079 118,532 (89,148) 85,369 81,292
			General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State Federal Unrestricted invest Sixteenth section s Other Total General	vies s and contrib tment earnin sources I Revenues Beginning, as	gs	 250,825 8,428,079 118,532 (89,148) 85,369 81,292 13,773,723
		N	General purpose Debt purpose lev Unrestricted grants State Federal Unrestricted invest Sixteenth section s Other Total General Change in Net Position let Position (deficit) - E	vies s and contrib tment earnin sources I Revenues Beginning, as ents	gs s previously reported	 250,825 8,428,079 118,532 (89,148) 85,369 81,292 13,773,723 1,282,857 (3,183,691)

			SCHOOL DISTRIC	т		
Balance Sheet		Governn	nental Funds			Exhibit C
June 30, 2022						Exhibit C
		Major Fu	unds			
		General Fund	South Pike ESSER Fund	School Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,533,069 \$	- \$	3,196,575 \$	4,068,090 \$ 3	18,797,734 3
Cash with fiscal agents Investments		-	-	-	3 1,377,146	1,377,146
Due from other governments		- 174,777	709,635		918,145	1,802,557
Lease receivable		404,265	- 109,000		910,145	404,265
Due from other funds		1,661,892	_	_	-	1,661,892
Inventories		-	-	-	78,102	78,102
Total Assets	\$	13,774,003 \$	709,635 \$	3,196,575 \$	6,441,486 \$	24,121,699
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances: Liabilities:	5,					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	705,780 \$	- \$	- \$	27,000 \$	732,780
Due to other funds		-	709,635	-	952,257	1,661,892
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-	-	-	10,202	10,202
Total Liabilities		705,780	709,635	-	989,459	2,404,874
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Leases		424,613	-	-	-	424,613
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		424,613	-	-	-	424,613
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		-	-	-	78,102	78,102
Permanent fund principal		-	-	-	1,434,213	1,434,213
Restricted:						
Debt service		-	-	-	1,377,372	1,377,372
Capital projects		-	-	3,196,575	-	3,196,575
Forestry improvement purposes		-	-	-	237,084	237,084
Grant activities		-	-	-	2,295,967	2,295,967
Unemployment benefits Assigned:		-	-	-	29,289	29,289
Student activities		125,992	-	_	_	125,992
Unassigned		12,517,618	-	-	-	12,517,618
Total Fund Balances		12,643,610	-	3,196,575	5,452,027	21,292,212
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	13,774,003 \$	709,635 \$	3,196,575 \$	6,441,486 \$	24,121,699
			· · ·			<u> </u>

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net P June 30, 2022	osition	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	21,292,212
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 455,071 9,100 11,653,829 1,894,327 66,470 3,455,843 2,424,346 (12,017,304)	7,941,682
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(21,412,567)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	9	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,929,539 (7,068,695)	(24,551,723)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(1,414,366)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	392,912 (507,977)	(1,529,431
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		
Other bonds payable Notes payable Compensated absences Unamortized charges Accrued interest payable	(1,500,000) (3,145,000) (187,486) 6,328 (51,929)	(4,878,087)
Net Position of governmental activities		(1,725,347)

		Governmental Fu	inds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change	s in Fund B	alances				Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022		Maion Eur				
		Major Fu	Other	Total		
		General	South Pike ESSER	School Construction	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	5,129,107 \$	- \$	1,466 \$	163,655 \$	5,294,228
State sources		8,693,810	-	-	387,422	9,081,232
Federal sources		171,235	197,836	-	5,167,503	5,536,574
Sixteenth section sources		71,111	-	-	18,302	89,413
Total Revenues		14,065,263	197,836	1,466	5,736,882	20,001,447
Expenditures:						
Instruction		7,037,653	241,388	-	2,125,909	9,404,950
Support services		5,719,582	48,848	-	2,222,353	7,990,783
Noninstructional services		-	-	-	1,309,445	1,309,445
Sixteenth section		14,637	-	-	20,900	35,537
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	-	9,100	9,100
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-	-	205,000	205,000
Interest		87,000	-	-	59,628	146,628
Debt issuance costs		-	-	-	31,780	31,780
Other		-	-	15	1,290	1,305
Total Expenditures		12,858,872	290,236	15	5,985,405	19,134,528
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		1,206,391	(92,400)	1,451	(248,523)	866,919
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Refunding notes issued		-	-	3,350,000	-	3,350,000
Payments held by escrow agent		-	-	-	124,999	124,999
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-	(123,096)	(473,807)	(596,903)
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(124,999)	-	-	-	(124,999)
Operating transfers in		-	-	-	1,697,011	1,697,011
Operating transfers out		(1,109,557)	-	(31,780)	(555,674)	(1,697,011)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,234,556)	-	3,195,124	792,529	2,753,097
Net Change in Fund Balances		(28,165)	(92,400)	3,196,575	544,006	3,620,016
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		12,592,127	-	-	4,924,854	17,516,981
Prior period adjustments		79,648	92,400		3,439	175,487
July 1, 2021, as restated		12,671,775	92,400	-	4,928,293	17,692,468
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		-	-	-	(20,272)	(20,272)
June 30, 2022	\$	12,643,610 \$	- \$	3,196,575 \$	5,452,027 \$	21,292,212
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SOUTH PIKE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	3,620,016
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	(224,900)
2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities		
Refunding notes issued Payments of debt principal Payments to refunded bond escrow agent Accrued interest payable	(3,350,000) 205,000 596,903 1,507	(2,546,590)
3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:	t	
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(1,370,348) 1,763,261	392,913
4. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	38,300 42,692	80,992
 Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: 		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(18,727) (20,272) (575)	(39,574)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	\$	1,282,857

South Pike School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Pike School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

South Pike ESSER Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's ESSER Fund.

School Construction Fund – This is a capital projects fund that accounts for the proceeds of three mill notes and the expenditures incurred for the construction and renovation of various school facilities.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt, deferred outflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to OPEB.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions, deferred inflows related to OPEB, and deferred inflows related to leases.

See Notes 8, 9, and 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

When acting as lessor for the leasing of sixteenth section trust lands, the school district uses the minimum of 4% interest required by Mississippi statute for sixteenth section loans to calculate the net present value of future sixteenth section lease payments. When acting as lessee, the school district uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known. See Note 6 for more information regarding leases.

10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the business manager and Superintendent pursuant to authorization established by school board policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of budgeted District Maintenance Fund revenues.

14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$18,797,734.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$19,612,462 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$3.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
Qualified School Construction Bond Common Trust Fund Certificates of deposit	N/A N/A	N/A less than 1 year	\$ 1,371,744 5,402
Total			\$ 1,377,146

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

- Qualified School Construction Bond Common Trust Fund of \$1,371,744 is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Certificates of deposit of \$5,402 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
Trustmark National Bank	\$ 1,371,744	99.61%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	South Pike ESSER Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$ 709,635 952,257
Total		\$ 1,661,892

The primary purpose of the inter-fund receivables and payables is to close out federal program funds at year end. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund School Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,109,557 31,780
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 555,674
Total		\$ 1,697,011

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: vocational and special education expenditure transfers, cost pool transfers, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers. These transfers are consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling \$1,428,811 and \$5,402, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) and other permanent funds which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$3 and \$1,371,744, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund. The restricted assets also includes the cash balance totaling \$3,196,575 of the School Construction Fund resulting from unspent proceeds of long-term debt issued during the fiscal year.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2022
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 455,071 \$	\$	\$	455,071
Construction-in-progress		9,100		9,100
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 455,071	9,100	-	464,171
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	11,653,829			11,653,829
Building improvements	1,894,327			1,894,327
Improvements other than buildings	66,470			66,470
Mobile equipment	3,362,769	93,074		3,455,843
Furniture and equipment	2,424,346			2,424,346
Total depreciable capital assets	19,401,741	93,074	-	19,494,815
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	5,467,828	169,117		5,636,945
Building improvements	1,142,513	75,773		1,218,286
Improvements other than buildings	53,176			53,176
Mobile equipment	2,627,382	81,413		2,708,795
Furniture and equipment	2,399,331	771		2,400,102
Total accumulated depreciation	 11,690,230	327,074	-	12,017,304
Total depreciable capital assets, net	7,711,511	(234,000)	-	7,477,511
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,166,582 \$	(224,900) \$	- \$	7,941,682

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	166,534	
Support services		120,253	
Non-instructional		40,287	
Total depreciation expense	\$	327,074	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to	Remaining	
	Jun	e 30, 2022	Commitment	
Governmental Activities:				
South Pike High School Addition	\$	4,550 \$	-	
Eva Gordon Elementary Main Entrance Addition		4,550	-	
Total construction in progress	\$	9,100 \$	-	

The remaining commitment amount could not be determined at fiscal year end because contracts for each project had not been approved. Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with proceeds from the issuance of three mill notes.

Note 6 – Leases

As Lessee:

The school district has no leases of equipment, buildings, etc. that were recorded per GASB 87 in the current fiscal year.

As Lessor:

Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools.

The school district uses the rate of 4% minimum interest required by Mississippi statute for sixteenth section loans to calculate the present value of sixteenth section lease rental payments since a rate implicit in the sixteenth section leases is not a part of the lease contract.

The school district, acting as lessor, has entered into 45 leases involving the leasing of the right to use Sixteenth Section school lands. Such leases are let for a term that corresponds with state law in accordance with the type of lease executed. The district's financial statements have not been restated nor has a cumulative effect been reflected for the restatement of the beginning net position of the district as part of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. The school district has, however, included in its financial statements at year end the net present value of future lease payments of \$404,265 as a lease receivable and \$424,613 as deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows of resources for leases are being amortized using the straight-line method of amortization.

The total amount of inflows of resources related to sixteenth section land leases recognized during the current fiscal year is \$50,706.

The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Payments
2023	\$ 60,552 \$	16,171 \$	76,723
2024	58,631	13,748	72,379
2025	59,026	11,403	70,429
2026	52,276	9,042	61,318
2027	22,270	6,951	29,221
2028 – 2032	28,832	27,393	56,225
2033 – 2037	20,788	22,630	43,418
2038 – 2042	6,745	19,838	26,583
2043 – 2047	5,701	18,477	24,178
2048 – 2052	3,644	17,609	21,253
2053 – 2057	4,434	16,819	21,253
2058 – 2062	5,394	15,859	21,253
2063 – 2067	6,563	14,690	21,253
2068 – 2072	7,984	13,268	21,252
Thereafter	 61,425	32,087	93,512
Total	\$ 404,265 \$	255,985 \$	660,250

Note 7 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		 Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Refunding Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2022	due within one year
Α.	Three mill refunding notes payable	\$ 590,000 \$	3,350,000 \$	205,000 \$	(590,000) \$	3,145,000 \$	225,000
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,500,000				1,500,000	1,500,000
C.	Compensated absences payable	 168,759	18,727			187,486	9,374
	Total	\$ 2,258,759 \$	3,368,727 \$	205,000 \$	(590,000) \$	4,832,486 \$	1,734,374

A. Three mill refunding notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	(Amount Outstanding
Three mill refunding notes, Series 2021 Total	1.99%	7/9/2021	6/1/2033	\$ \$	3,350,000 3,350,000		3,145,000 3,145,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 225,000 \$	62,586 \$	287,586
2024	250,000	58,108	308,108
2025	270,000	53,133	323,133
2026	275,000	47,760	322,760
2027	280,000	42,288	322,288
2028 – 2032	1,510,000	125,171	1,635,171
2033	 335,000	6,666	341,666
Total	\$ 3,145,000 \$	395,712 \$	3,540,712

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement 2021 Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Advance Refunding

On July 9, 2021, the district issued \$3,350,000 in three mill refunding notes with an average interest rate of 1.99% to refund \$590,000 of outstanding three mill notes with an average interest rate of 3.695%. A portion of the proceeds in the amount of \$123,096 and an equity contribution of \$473,807 from the District were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt payment requirements on the three mill notes payable, Series 2008.

As a result, the three mill notes payable, Series 2008, are considered to be defeased and the liability for those notes has been removed from long-term liabilities.

B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	(Amount Outstanding
Qualified School Construction Bonds Total	5.80%	12/15/2010	12/15/2022	\$ \$	1,500,000 1,500,000	\$ \$	1,500,000 1,500,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending					
June 30	30 P		Interest	Total	
2023	\$	1,500,000 \$	87,000 \$	1,587,000	
Total	\$	1,500,000 \$	87,000 \$	1,587,000	

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Sinking Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$1,763,261, \$1,676,044 and \$1,730,517, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$21,412,567 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.144871 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.004489 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,370,348. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Differences between expected and actual \$ 346,957 \$	
experience	
Net difference between projected and actual 6,409, earnings on pension plan investments	932
Changes of assumptions 1,649,107	
Changes in proportion and differences between170,214658,District contributions and proportionate share	763
of contributions	
District contributions subsequent to the 1,763,261	
Total \$ 3,929,539 \$ 7,068,	695

\$1,763,261 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (853,040)
2024	(929,849)
2025	(1,197,893)
2026	(1,921,635)
Total	\$ (4,902,417)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	Current						
		1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase	
		(6.55%)		Rate (7.55%)		(8.55%)	
District's proportionate share	¢	30.325.215	\$	21.412.567	¢	14.067.836	
of the net pension liability	φ	30,325,215	φ	21,412,507	φ	14,007,030	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan available financial report that obtained issues а publicly can be at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$42,692 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of **Resources related to OPEB**

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,414,366 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.21973062 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00261183 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$38,300). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,538	\$ 442,254
Changes of assumptions	229,067	47,835
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	66	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	119,549	17,888
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	42,692	
Total	\$ 392,912	\$ 507,977

\$42,692 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (22,293)
2024	(20,898)
2025	(27,476)
2026	(49,823)
2027	<u>(37,267)</u>
Total	\$ <u>(157,757)</u>

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent						
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 inflation	percent,	including	wage			

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2021 2020
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2.13% 2.19%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

		C	Jurrent	
	1% Decrease	C)iscount	1% Increase
	(1.13%)	F	Rate (2.13%)	(3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,565,502	\$	1,414,366	\$ 1,285,501

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare	
				Cost Trend	
				Rates	
	1	1% Decrease		Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,310,069	\$	1,414,366	\$ 1,532,397

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year balance sheet accounts at the governmental fund level	\$ 175,487
Total	\$ 175,487

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year balance sheet accounts	\$ 79,648
South Pike ESSER Fund	To correct prior year balance sheet accounts	92,400
Other governmental funds	To correct prior year balance sheet accounts	 3,439
Total		\$ 175,487

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 52 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 43 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 43 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments amounted to \$80,344.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$1,371,747. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ 125,000
Total	\$ 125,000

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$6,499,585 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$6,328 balance of deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 11 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,625,030) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,763,261 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$2,166,278 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,625,030) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$7,068,695 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,625,030) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$42,692 resulting from the school district contributions

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$350,220 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,625,030) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$507,977 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$13,625,030) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from leases. The \$424,613 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to leases at June 30, 2022, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 72 years.

Note 15 – Juvenile Detention Center

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement with several other districts creating the Adams County Juvenile Detention Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 43-21-321, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Amite County School District, Brookhaven School District, Franklin County School District, Jefferson County School District, Lincoln County School District, McComb School District, Natchez-Adams School District, North Pike Consolidated School District. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. The Natchez-Adams School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Adams County Juvenile Detention Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in their financial statements.

Note 16 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed at require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the South Pike School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined the the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On June 1, 2023, the board approved construction projects at Eva Gordon campus. The construction plans consists of: \$284,493 for new bathrooms, \$96,688 for window replacements and \$82,419 for canopy work at South Pike High School campus.

On November 3, 2023, the board approved transfer of \$415,200 from the Sixteenth Section Interest Fund to purchase four new school buses.

On January 4, 2024, the board approved quote of \$44,500 from Tony Scroggs Roofing and Construction for the reconstruction of the press box for the baseball/softball field.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SOUTH PIKE SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022					Varian Positive (N	
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	5,619,585 \$	5,128,205 \$	5,129,107 \$	(491,380) \$	902
State sources		8,924,637	8,693,810	8,693,810	(230,827)	-
Federal sources		317,618	171,235	171,235	(146,383)	-
Sixteenth section sources		228,600	91,459	71,111	(137,141)	(20,348)
Total Revenues		15,090,440	14,084,709	14,065,263	(1,005,731)	(19,446)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		7,231,153	7,037,653	7,037,653	193,500	-
Support services		7,419,544	5,719,582	5,719,582	1,699,962	-
Sixteenth section		6,000	14,637	14,637	(8,637)	-
Debt service:						
Principal		130,000	-	-	130,000	-
Interest		90,500	87,000	87,000	3,500	-
Other		1,250	-	-	1,250	-
Total Expenditures		14,878,447	12,858,872	12,858,872	2,019,575	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		211,993	1,225,837	1,206,391	1,013,844	(19,446)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	(124,999)	(124,999)	(124,999)	-
Operating transfers in		1,076,526	1,491,720	-	415,194	(1,491,720)
Operating transfers out		(29,750)	(2,601,277)	(1,109,557)	(2,571,527)	1,491,720
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	1,046,776	(1,234,556)	(1,234,556)	(2,281,332)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,258,769	(8,719)	(28,165)	(1,267,488)	(19,446)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		13,148,043	12,563,951	12,592,127	(584,092)	28,176
Prior period adjustments		-	107,824	79,648	107,824	(28,176)
July 1, 2021, as restated		13,148,043	12,671,775	12,671,775	(476,268)	-
June 30, 2022	\$	14,406,812 \$	12,663,056 \$	12,643,610 \$	(1,743,756)\$	(19,446)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule South Pike ESSER Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the real Ended Julie 30, 2022							Vori				
								Variances			
								(Negative)			
		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		Original	Final			
		Original		Final	(GAAP Bas	is)	to Final	to Actual			
Revenues:		-			·						
Federal sources	\$	987,756	\$	197,836	\$ 197,836	5\$	(789,920)	\$ -			
Total Revenues		987,756		197,836	197,830	6	(789,920)	-			
Expenditures:											
Instruction		636,873		241,388	241,388	3	395,485	-			
Support services		423,557		48,848	48,848	3	374,709	-			
Total Expenditures		1,060,430		290,236	290,230	6	770,194	-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		(72,674)		(92,400)	(92,400))	(19,726)				
Fund Balances:											
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		(400,148)		-		-	400,148	-			
Prior period adjustments		-		92,400	92,400)	92,400	-			
July 1, 2021, as restated		(400,148)		92,400	92,400)	492,548	-			
June 30, 2022	\$	(472,822)	\$	-	\$	- \$	472,822	<u> </u>			

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

South Pike School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u>2022</u> \$ 21,412,567	2021 28,914,360	2020 26,021,167	2019 24,268,503	2018 22,782,694	2017 24,187,786	2016 21,820,707	2015 17,921,642
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.144871%	0.149360%	0.147915%	0.145906%	0.137052%	0.135411%	0.141161%	0.147647%
District's covered payroll	9,632,437	9,945,500	8,719,833	9,317,479	8,791,968	8,662,597	8,818,952	9,022,013
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	222.30%	290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2022 1,763,261	2021 1,676,044	2020	2019	2018	2017 1,384,735	2016 1,364,359	2015 1,388,985
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,763,261	1,676,044	1,730,517	1,517,251	1,467,503	1,384,735	1,364,359	1,388,985
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 10,133,684	9,632,437	9,945,500	9,633,340	9,317,479	8,791,968	8,662,597	8,818,952
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2022 1,414,366	2021 1,730,287	2020 1,851,692	2019 1,654,975	2018 1,527,910
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.21973062%	0.22234245%	0.21822063%	0.21394544%	0.19473516%
District's covered-employee payroll	10,446,429	10,715,474	9,993,252	9,676,607	8,748,915 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

** The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2022 42,692	2021 56,848	2020 69,004	2019 74,222	<u>2018</u> 65,137 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	42,692	56,848	69,004	74,222	65,137 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 			-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,216,370	8,805,979	9,945,500	9,633,340	9,317,479
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.42%	0.65%	0.69%	0.77%	0.70%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

** The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2015</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

<u>2016</u>:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the females rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

<u>2021</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016</u>:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	28.8 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.525 percent, including
	inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPEB Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2017</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

- (2) Changes in benefit provisions
 - <u>2017</u>: None

<u>2018</u>: None

<u>2019</u>: None

<u>2020</u>:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductions and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2028
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.19%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title/	Pass-through Entity Identifying Numbers	Assistance Listing Number	Federal Expenditures
<u>U. S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	225MS326N1099	10.555	$ \begin{array}{r} & \underline{1,765,590} \\ \hline 1,765,590 \\ \hline 1,765,590 \\ \hline 1,765,590 \\ \hline \end{array} $
<u>U.S. Department of Defense</u> Direct Program: Reserve Officers' Training Corps Total U.S. Department of Defense	N/A	12.xxx	<u>52,704</u> 52,704
 U. S. Department of Education Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Rural Education Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program COVID - 19- Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II) Subtotal Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education 	S010A210024 V048A210024 S358B210024 S367A210023 S424A210025 S425D210031 H027A210108 H173A210113	84.010 84.048 84.358 84.367 84.424 84.425D 84.027 84.173	1,695,425 30,793 42,858 102,046 108,219 1,225,590 3,204,931 568,040 24,501 592,541 3,797,472 3,797,472
<u>U.S.Department of Health and Human Services</u> Passed-through MS Department of Education Medicaid Cluster: Medical Assistance Program Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services	2005MS5ADM	93.778	7,942 7,942 7,942
 <u>U.S. Department of Social Security Administration</u> Passed-through MS Department of Rehabilitation Services Social Security Disability Insurance Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services Total U. S. Department of Social Security Administration Total for All Federal Awards 		96.001	546 546 546 \$ 5,624,254

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$90,225 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other Total	\$ \$	14,224,040 4,910,488 19,134,528	10,219,914 1,642,690 11,862,604	913,272 202,680 1,115,952	1,041,573 5,610 1,047,183	2,049,281 3,059,508 5,108,789
Total number of students *		1,766				
Cost per student	\$	10,835	6,717	632	593	2,893

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

* Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

	2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,129,107	5,557,959	5,267,321	5,161,927
State sources	8,693,810	8,225,060	8,517,118	8,265,019
Federal sources	171,235	199,881	163,594	174,020
Sixteenth section sources	71,111	101,874	252,675	151,825
Total Revenues	14,065,263	14,084,774	14,200,708	13,752,791
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,037,653	6,708,467	6,974,286	6,876,570
Support services	5,719,582	6,007,375	6,182,318	5,714,153
Noninstructional services	-	-	74	3,140
Sixteenth section	14,637	13,381	4,560	8,447
Debt service:				
Interest	87,000	87,000	87,000	87,000
Total Expenditures	12,858,872	12,816,223	13,248,238	12,689,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	1,206,391	1,268,551	952,470	1,063,481
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Payments to QSCB debt escrow agent	(124,999)	(124,877)	(121,564)	(124,966)
Operating transfers out	(1,109,557)	(641,723)	(682,879)	(583,212)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,234,556)	(766,600)	(804,443)	(708,178)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(28,165)	501,951	148,027	355,303
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	12,592,127	12,065,425	11,913,974	11,555,918
Prior period adjustments	79,648	24,751	3,424	2,753
Beginning of period, as restated	12,671,775	12,090,176	11,917,398	11,558,671
End of period	\$ 12,643,610	12,592,127	12,065,425	11,913,974

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:	-				
Local sources	\$	5,294,228	5,832,369	5,622,876	5,581,787
State sources		9,081,232	8,635,523	8,939,139	8,633,746
Federal sources		5,536,574	4,469,700	3,283,779	3,542,434
Sixteenth section sources		89,413	148,954	315,987	228,837
Total Revenues	_	20,001,447	19,086,546	18,161,781	17,986,804
Expenditures:					
Instruction		9,404,950	8,720,025	8,817,843	8,704,501
Support services		7,990,783	8,471,973	7,473,541	6,890,890
Noninstructional services		1,309,445	964,929	1,076,234	1,287,356
Sixteenth section		35,537	25,827	12,940	39,831
Facilities acquisition and construction		9,100	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal		205,000	230,000	225,000	215,000
Interest		146,628	113,050	121,456	129,585
Debt issuance costs		31,780	-	-	-
Other		1,305	1,250	1,250	1,250
Total Expenditures	-	19,134,528	18,527,054	17,728,264	17,268,413
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	-	866,919	559,492	433,517	718,391
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Refunding notes issued		3,350,000	-	-	-
Payment held by escrow agent		124,999	124,877	121,564	124,966
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(596,903)	-	-	-
Operating transfers in		1,697,011	1,078,598	779,010	734,829
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(124,999)	(124,877)	(121,564)	(124,966)
Operating transfers out		(1,697,011)	(1,078,598)	(779,010)	(734,829)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	2,753,097	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,620,016	559,492	433,517	718,391
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		17,516,981	16,729,111	16,310,361	15,582,279
Prior period adjustments		175,487	206,456	3,884	4,784
Beginning of period, as restated	-	17,692,468	16,935,567	16,314,245	15,587,063
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-	(20,272)	21,922	(18,651)	4,907
End of period	\$	21,292,212	17,516,981	16,729,111	16,310,361
	-				

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

"UNAUDITED"

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Pike School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Pike School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Pike School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exists that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal controls that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as Finding 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

1048 Gluckstadt Road, Suite B Madison, Mississippi 39110 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Pike School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

South Pike School District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the South Pike School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. South Pike School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC February 16, 2024 Certified Public Accountants

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Pike School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited South Pike School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of South Pike School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The South Pike School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, South Pike School District compiled, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal *Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of South Pike School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of South Pike School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to South Pike School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on South Pike School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about South Pike School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding South Pike School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of South Pike School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of South Pike School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies and corrected, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC February 16, 2024 **Certified Public Accountants**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Pike School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Pike School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise South Pike School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 16, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following immaterial instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

1048 Gluckstadt Road, Suite B Madison, Mississippi 39110 Telephone 601-992-5292 Fax 601-992-2033

Finding 1:

Criteria:

The Mississippi Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) requires, under the reemployment provisions of Section 25-11-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), school districts hiring PERS service retirees to file PERS Form 4B "Certification/Acknowledgment of Re-employment of Retiree" with the PERS office within five days from the date of employment of the retiree and within five days of termination of employment.

Condition:

During the review of the School District's PERS Form 4Bs, we noted that the School District failed to submit three (3) employees' PERS Form 4Bs within five (5) days. Additionally, auditors noted that two (2) PERS Form 4Bs did not provide the retirement date of the each employee.

Cause:

The client was unable to get retiree employees to come to the district office to fill out forms to be submitted to PERS within five days of being rehired.

Effect:

The retirees' retirement income could be affected by the district not filing PERS Form 4B upon re-employment of PERS service retirees each year. In addition, the Mississippi Public Employees Retirement System may assess a penalty per occurrence payable by the district for not filing PERS Form 4B within five days of re-employment and within five days of termination of the service retiree.

Recommendation:

PERS Form 4B must be properly completed and submitted to the PERS office within five days from the date of re-employment and employees must not be paid in excess of the maximum amount allowed.

Response:

The District will complete and submit the PERS Form 4B to the PERS office within 5 days from the date of re-employment.

Finding 2:

Criteria:

Section 31-7-13(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972) requires the District to obtain at least two competitive written bids for purchases over \$5,000 but not over \$50,000 exclusive of freight and shipping charges. The District is required to accept the lowest and best competitive written bid.

Condition:

During the testing of purchasing, we noted three (3) vendor purchases did not have bids or quotes as required by law.

Cause:

The school district did not have a system in place to ensure at least two competitive written bids for purchases over \$5,000 but not over \$50,000 exclusive of freight and shipping charges were

received. The school failed to implement internal controls to ensure accurate and complete records of all purchases made during the fiscal year is properly maintained.

Effect:

Failure to obtain at least three (3) competitive quotes and maintaining accurate and complete records of all purchases resulted in the School District not being in compliance with state purchasing laws.

Recommendation:

The School District should ensure compliance with Section 31-7-13(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972) by properly obtaining at least two (2) bids for purchases over \$5,000 but not over \$50,000, as required by law.

Response:

The District will ensure compliance with Section 31-7-13(b) as required by state law.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The South Pike School District's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC February 16, 2024 Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major program:

Assistance Listing Number:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425D	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Grant (ESSER II)

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following finding related to the financial statements that is required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2022-001

Criteria:

An effective system of internal controls is the responsibility of management. Management should establish an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting records.

Condition:

During our test of invoices, we noted three out of sixty-seven invoices did not have bids or quotes as required by the State of Mississippi Purchase laws.

Cause:

The school district did not have a system in place to ensure at least two competitive written bids for purchases over \$5,000 but not over \$50,000 exclusive of freight and shipping charges were received.

Effect:

Without a proper internal control system being in place to ensure accurate accounting records, the district increases the risk that the financial statements will contain materially misstated accounts.

Recommendation:

The School District should implement policies and procedures to establish an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and proper safeguarding of assets and accurate accounting records by following the State of Mississippi Purchase Laws.

Response:

The district will put a system in place to ensure bids and/or quotes are received as required by the State of Mississippi Purchases laws.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any finding and questioned cost related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN



http://www.southpike.org 250 West Bay Street Magnolia, MS 39652 Telephone 601-783-0430 Fax 601-783-6733

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the South Pike School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Finding</u>		Corrective Action Plan Details
2022-001	a.	Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action
		Name: DeLorean Hall Title: Business Manager Phone Number: 601-783-0430
	b.	Correction Action Planned:
		The district will put a system in place to ensure bids and/or quotes are received as required by the State of Mississippi Purchase laws.
	c.	Anticipated Completion Date:
		No later than June 30, 2024