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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position.	16
Exhibit B – Statement of Activities.	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C – Balance Sheet.	18
Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.	
Exhibit D-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	20
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	21
Notes to the Financial Statements.	
Notes to the Financial Statements.	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	11
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund.	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund.  Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Child Nutrition Fund.	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Clind Nutrition Fund.  Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Title I Fund.	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS).	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB)	
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.	52
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	56
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds	
OTHER INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	62
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	63
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	02
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	64
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over	
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.	66
	00
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	68
COLLED II E OF FINIDINGS AND OLIFSTIONED COSTS	71
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	/1



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Water Valley School District

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Water Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Water Valley School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Water Valley School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Water Valley School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Water Valley School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from

error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Water Valley School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Water Valley School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-14, 45-47, 48, 49, 50 & 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Water Valley School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of

Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2022, on our consideration of the Water Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Water Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Water Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS October 16, 2022 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of Water Valley School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Water Valley School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Water Valley School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Water Valley School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$827,613, which represents an 8% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 increased \$369,107, including a prior period adjustment of \$390,803, and which represents a 3% increase from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$8,134,780 and \$8,094,616, or 68% and 70% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,846,021, or 32% of total revenues for 2022, and \$3,445,966, or 30% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$11,153,188 and \$11,562,278 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$3,846,021 for 2022 and \$3,445,966 for 2021 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$8,134,780 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs and \$8,094,616 for 2021 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$7,552,685 in revenues and \$7,651,859 in expenditures for 2022, and \$7,258,479 in revenues and \$6,795,030 in expenditures in 2021. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$78,997 from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$453,949 from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$328,909 for 2022 and increased by \$3,685,374, including a prior period adjustment of \$390,803 for 2021. The decrease for 2022 was due primarily to capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$335,000 for 2022 and decreased by \$322,000 for 2021. This decrease for 2022 was due to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$6,841 for 2022 and increased by \$10,714 for 2021.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are classified as governmental funds.

**Governmental funds** – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

## **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

## **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$9,887,875 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table I Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	е
	 June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Change	
Current assets	\$ 2,289,579	\$ 2,144,852	6.75	%
Restricted assets	479,713	449,132	6.81	%
Capital assets, net	 10,454,290	 10,783,199	(3.05)	%
Total assets	 13,223,582	 13,377,183	(1.15)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 2,556,014	 2,376,458	7.56	%
Current liabilities	427,505	445,883	(4.12)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	7,176,370	7,504,529	(4.37)	%
Net OPEB liability	809,752	1,003,251	(19.29)	%
Net pension liability	 12,927,118	 17,013,902	(24.02)	%
Total liabilities	 21,340,745	 25,967,565	(17.82)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 4,326,726	 501,564	762.65	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	3,369,290	3,363,199	0.18	%
Restricted	813,477	540,794	50.42	%
Unrestricted	 (14,070,642)	(14,619,481)	3.75	%
Total net position	\$ (9,887,875)	\$ (10,715,488)	7.72	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (14,070,642)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	15,507,582
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 1,436,940

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$328,909.
- The principal retirement of \$335,000 of long-term debt.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$11,980,801 and \$11,540,582, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$11,153,188 for 2022 and \$11,562,278 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	 Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentag Change	e 
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 286,134	\$ 160,900	77.83	%
Operating grants and contributions	3,559,887	3,285,066	8.37	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,400,618	2,333,172	2.89	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	5,716,551	5,711,702	0.08	%
Investment earnings	6,677	26,019	(74.34)	%
Other	10,934	23,723	(53.91)	%
Total revenues	 11,980,801	11,540,582	3.81	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	6,043,778	5,769,480	4.75	%
Support services	3,933,315	3,669,119	7.20	%
Non-instructional	524,770	405,394	29.45	%
Pension expense	481,114	1,462,250	(67.10)	%
OPEB expense	(51,237)	19,845	(358.19)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 221,448	236,190	(6.24)	%
Total expenses	 11,153,188	 11,562,278	(3.54)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 827,613	(21,696)	3,914.59	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(10,715,488)	(11,084,595)	3.33	%
Prior Period Adjustment	-	390,803	(100.00)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (10,715,488)	(10,693,792)	(0.20)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (9,887,875)	\$ (10,715,488)	7.72	%

## **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	nses	Percentage	
	 2022		2021	Change
Instruction	\$ 6,043,778	\$	5,769,480	4.75 %
Support services	3,933,315		3,669,119	7.20 %
Non-instructional	524,770		405,394	29.45 %
Pension Expense	481,114		1,462,250	(67.10) %
OPEB Expense	(51,237)		19,845	(358.19) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 221,448		236,190	(6.24) %
Total expenses	\$ 11,153,188	\$	11,562,278	(3.54) %
	 Net (Expe	nse) l	Revenue	Percentage
	 Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue 2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ -	nse)   		
Instruction Support services	\$ 2022		2021	Change
	\$ <b>2022</b> (4,244,468)		<b>2021</b> (3,934,578)	Change (7.88) %
Support services	\$ <b>2022</b> (4,244,468) (2,610,542)		<b>2021</b> (3,934,578) (2,569,810)	Change (7.88) % (1.59) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2022 (4,244,468) (2,610,542) 199,168		2021 (3,934,578) (2,569,810) 106,361	Change (7.88) % (1.59) % 87.26 %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$ 2022 (4,244,468) (2,610,542) 199,168 (481,114)		2021 (3,934,578) (2,569,810) 106,361 (1,462,250)	Change (7.88) % (1.59) % 87.26 % 67.10 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$7,307,167 for 2022 and \$8,116,312 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,400,618 for 2022 and \$2,333,172 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$5,716,551 for 2022 and \$5,711,702 for 2021).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$6,677 for 2022 and \$26,019 for 2021.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,377,657, an increase of \$192,743, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$834. \$1,448,352 or 61% of the fund balance is

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$929,305 or 39% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$78,997. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed increase in the amount of \$1,333, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 231,611
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Water Valley School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$15,802,433, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$136,202 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$5,348,143, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$470,061, resulting in total net capital assets of \$10,454,290.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land	\$	34,000	\$ 34,000	0.00 %
Buildings		2,352,353	2,424,716	(2.98) %
Building improvements		7,162,235	7,483,179	(4.29) %
Improvements other than buildings		626,863	663,737	(5.56) %
Mobile equipment		229,819	160,452	43.23 %
Furniture and equipment		49,020	 17,115	186.42 %
Total	\$	10,454,290	\$ 10,783,199	(3.05) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2022, the District had \$7,176,370 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$345,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$6,841 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change			
General obligation bonds payable	\$	5,840,000	\$	6,070,000	(3.79)	%	
Three mill notes payable		745,000		850,000	(12.35)	%	
Qualified school construction bonds payable		500,000		500,000	0.00	%	
Compensated absences payable		91,370		84,529	8.09	%	
Total	\$	7,176,370	\$	7,504,529	(4.37)	%	

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Water Valley School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Water Valley School District, P.O. Box 788, Water Valley, MS 38965.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2022	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,852,809
Due from other governments	427,028
Inventories	9,742
Restricted assets	479,713
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	34,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	2,352,353
Building improvements	7,162,235
Improvements other than buildings	626,863
Mobile equipment	229,819
Furniture and equipment	49,020
Total Assets	13,223,582
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,377,196
Deferred outflows - OPEB	178,818
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,556,014
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	391,635
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	35,870
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	33,670
	345,000
Capital related liabilities	
Net OPEB liability	26,578
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	6,740,000
Non-capital related liabilities	91,370
Net pension liability	12,927,118
Net OPEB liability	783,174
Total Liabilities	21,340,745
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	4,004,692
Deferred inflows - OPEB	322,034
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,326,726
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	3,369,290
Restricted for:	3,303,230
Expendable:	
School-based activities	327,399
Debt service	446,841
Unemployment benefits	39,237
Unrestricted	(14,070,642)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,887,875)

Statement of Activities									Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	)22								
									let (Expense)
									Revenue and
				D	rogram Revenue	20			Changes in Net Position
				Г	Operating	55	Capital		Net Position
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	(	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction	\$	6,043,778	\$ 280,615	\$	1,518,695	\$	-	\$	(4,244,468)
Support services	·	3,933,315	, -		1,322,773		-	·	(2,610,542)
Non-instructional		524,770	5,519		718,419		-		199,168
Pension expense		481,114	-		-		-		(481,114)
OPEB expense		(51,237)	-		-		-		51,237
Interest on long-term liabilities		221,448	-		-		<u>-</u>		(221,448)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	11,153,188	\$ 286,134	\$	3,559,887	\$		\$	(7,307,167)
			General Revenu						
			Taxes:	CS	•				
			General pu	rpc	ose levies				1,875,041
			Debt purpo	•					525,577
			Unrestricted	gra	ants and contrib	outic	ons:		
			State						5,590,610
			Federal						125,941
				in۱	æstment earnin	ıgs			6,677
			Other						10,934
			Total Ge	nei	ral Revenues				8,134,780
			Change in Net F	208	sition				827,613
			Net Position - E	eg	inning				(10,715,488)
			Net Position - E	nd	ling			\$	(9,887,875)

		WAILK		ornmentel			•					
Delever Okart			101	ernmental	rur	ias						E-t-lb to 0
Balance Sheet												Exhibit C
June 30, 2022				Mai	F.							
					)r Fu	unds		0000		Others		Tatal
		Cananal		Child		Tale I		QSCB Circlein a		Other		Total
		General		Nutrition		Title I		Sinking		Governmental		Governmental
A		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets:	•	4 500 000	•	040.050	Φ.		Φ.		•	4.40.000	•	4 000 050
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,503,320	\$	310,252	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149,380	\$	1,962,952
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-		127,570		-		127,570
Investments		-		-		-		242,000		-		242,000
Due from other governments		90,663		6,262		87,965		664		241,474		427,028
Due from other funds		325,852		-		-		-		-		325,852
Inventories		-		9,742		-		-		-		9,742
Total assets		1,919,835		326,256		87,965		370,234		390,854		3,095,144
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	391,525	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	110	\$	391,635
Due to other funds		-		-		87,965		-		237,887		325,852
Total Liabilities		391,525		-		87,965		-		237,997		717,487
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Inventory		-		9,742		-		-		-		9,742
Restricted:												
Debt service		-		-		-		370,234		112,477		482,711
Grant activities		-		316,514		-		-		1,143		317,657
Unemployment benefits		-		_		-		-		39,237		39,237
Assigned:										,		,
Student activities		79,958		_		_		-		_		79,958
Unassigned		1,448,352		_		_		-		-		1,448,352
Total Fund Balances		1,528,310		326,256		_		370,234		152,857		2,377,657
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,919,835	\$	326,256	\$	87,965	\$	370,234	\$	390,854	\$	3,095,144
Total Elabilition and Falla Dallations	Ψ	1,010,000	Ψ	320,200	Ψ	37,000	Ψ	0,0,207	Ψ	000,007	Ψ	0,000,111

Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statemer	nt of Net Position	Exhibit C-1		
June 30, 2022 Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	2,377,657		
-	Ψ	2,011,001		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and				
therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Land	34,000			
Buildings	5,715,588			
Building improvements	8,023,595			
Improvements other than buildings	921,856			
Mobile equipment	898,889			
Furniture and equipment	208,505			
Accumulated depreciation	(5,348,143)	10,454,290		
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in				
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Net pension liability	(12,927,118)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable	,			
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,377,196			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(4,004,692)	(14,554,614)		
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in				
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Net OPEB liability	(809,752)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable				
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	170 010			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	178,818	(052.069)		
Deferred liftiow's of resources related to OPED	(322,034)	(952,968)		
4 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the	۵			
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	•			
General obligation bonds payable	(5,840,000)			
Three mill notes payable	(745,000)			
Qualified school construction bonds payable	(500,000)			
Compensated absences	(91,370)			
Accrued interest payable	(35,870)	(7,212,240)		
	<u> </u>			
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(9,887,875)		

#### Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 Major Funds Child QSCB Other Total General Nutrition Title I Sinking Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Fund Funds Revenues: Local sources 2,167,208 \$ 6,021 \$ - \$ 1,796 \$ 526,135 2,701,160 State sources 5,284,317 6,262 693,638 5,984,217 Federal sources 101,160 891,991 618,696 1,680,370 3,292,217 **Total Revenues** 7,552,685 904,274 618,696 1,796 2,900,143 11,977,594 Expenditures: 469,098 6,474,764 Instruction 4,627,805 1,377,861 Support services 3,023,635 130,638 143,098 909,588 4,206,959 6,500 541,191 Noninstructional services 419 548,110 Debt service: Principal 335,000 335,000 Interest 25,346 197,045 222,391 Total Expenditures 7,651,859 671,829 618,696 25,346 2,819,494 11,787,224 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (99,174) over (under) Expenditures 232,445 (23,550)80,649 190,370 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payment from QSCB escrow agent 62,346 62,346 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (62, 346)(62,346)Operating transfers in 20,177 3,207 23,384 Other financing sources 3,207 3,207 Operating transfers out (3,207)(20, 177)(23,384)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 20,177 62,346 (79, 316)3,207 Net Change in Fund Balances (78,997)232,445 38,796 1,333 193,577 Fund Balances: July 1, 2021 1,607,307 94,645 331,438 151,524 2,184,914 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (834)(834)June 30, 2022 1,528,310 \$ 326,256 \$ \$ 370,234 \$ 152,857 2,377,657

WATER VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT			
Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	193,577
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are		Ψ	100,077
different because:			
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>			
Capital outlay	\$	141,202	
Depreciation expense	·	(470,061)	(328,859)
		<u> </u>	
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the	the		
governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the			
change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets s	old.		(50)
			(50)
2. The isources of long term debt provides current financial recourses to governmental fund	40		
<ol><li>The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental func w hile the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial</li></ol>	15,		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net			
position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the			
difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refund			
debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the stateme	ent		
of activities:			
Payments of debt principal		335,000	
Accrued interest payable		943	335,943
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide of	or		
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Pension expense		(481,114)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			
Come items relating to OPED and reported in the etatement of eath ities do not avoid an		1,037,976	556,862
<ol><li>Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as</li></ol>			
revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
OPEB expense		51,237	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		26,578	77,815
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of curr	rent	<del></del>	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governme funds. These activities include:	ental		
Change in compensated absences		(6,841)	
Change in inventory reserve		(834)	(7,675)
		<u> </u>	( )- 2)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	827,613

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Water Valley School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Water Valley School District's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Water Valley School District is considered an "other stand-alone government." The Water Valley School District is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Water Valley since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the Water Valley School District's board but does not have financial accountability for the Water Valley School District.

For financial reporting purposes, Water Valley School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Water Valley School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Water Valley School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for food service activity of the district's Child Nutrition federal program.

Title I Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for the activity of the Title I federal grant.

QSCB Sinking Fund – This debt service fund is used to account for the sinking fund activity of the qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the Water Valley School District reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the Water Valley School District based upon an order adopted by the school board of the Water Valley School District requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the Water Valley School District, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Water Valley School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

to be selected.

#### Investments

The Water Valley School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

## 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$2,377,196 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$178,818 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$4,004,692 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$322,034 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 13 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Water Valley School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Water Valley School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Water Valley School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The Water Valley School District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known.

## 10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 12. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

## 13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is board approval of commitments. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

## 14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. The adoption of the new lease standard did not have a significant impact on the Water Valley School District.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Water Valley School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Water Valley School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$1,962,952.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$2,488,665 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

## Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of Water Valley School District's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$127,570.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 242,000
Total			\$ 242,000

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

• U.S. government securities type of investments of \$242,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 242,000	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

## A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 87,965
	Other governmental funds	237,887
Total		\$ 325,852

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

## B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 3,207 20,177
Total		\$ 23,384

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

## Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$127,570 and \$242,000, respectively, of the QSCB Sinking Fund.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$110,143 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities.

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2021	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2022
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 34,000 \$	- \$	- \$	34,000
Total non-depreciable capital assets	34,000	-	-	34,000
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	5,715,588	-	-	5,715,588
Building improvements	8,023,595	-	-	8,023,595
Improvement other than buildings	921,856	-	-	921,856
Mobile equipment	798,889	100,000	-	898,889
Furniture and equipment	172,303	41,202	(5,000)	208,505
Total depreciable capital assets	15,632,231	141,202	(5,000)	15,768,433
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,290,872	72,363	-	3,363,235
Building improvements	540,416	320,944	-	861,360
Improvement other than buildings	258,119	36,874	-	294,993
Mobile equipment	638,437	30,633	-	669,070
Furniture and equipment	155,188	9,247	(4,950)	159,485
Total accumulated depreciation	4,883,032	470,061	(4,950)	5,348,143
Total depreciable capital assets, net	10,749,199	(328,859)	(50)	10,420,290
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,783,199 \$	(328,859) \$	(50) \$	10,454,290

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	284,418	
Support services		185,643	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	470,061	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

## Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2022	Amounts due within one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 6,070,000 \$	- \$	(230,000) \$	5,840,000 \$	240,000
B. Three mill notes payable	850,000	=	(105,000)	745,000	105,000
C. Qualified school construction bonds payable	500,000	-	-	500,000	-
D. Compensated absences payable	 84,529	6,841	-	91,370	=
Total	\$ 7,504,529 \$	6,841 \$	(335,000) \$	7,176,370 \$	345,000

## A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

			Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(	Outstanding
						_
GO Bonds, Series 2019	2.75-3.125%	6/5/2019	6/1/2039	\$ 6,500,000	\$	5,840,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2023	\$ 240,000 \$	159,738 \$	399,738
2024	250,000	152,238	402,238
2025	260,000	144,425	404,425
2026	270,000	136,300	406,300
2027	285,000	127,863	412,863
2028-2032	1,610,000	506,907	2,116,907
2033-2037	2,000,000	287,731	2,287,731
2038-2039	 925,000	38,363	963,363
Total	\$ 5,840,000 \$	1,553,565 \$	7,393,565

This debt will be retired from the G.O. Bond Retirement Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2022, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 11% of property assessments as of October 1, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

# B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	C	Outstanding
<ol> <li>Limited tax notes payable, Series 2018 Total</li> </ol>	3.40%	5/23/2018	5/23/2028	\$ \$	1,150,000 1,150,000	\$	745,000 745,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 105,000 \$	25,330 \$	130,330
2024	107,000	21,760	128,760
2025	109,000	18,122	127,122
2026	111,000	14,416	125,416
2027	155,000	10,642	165,642
2028	 158,000	5,372	163,372
Total	\$ 745,000 \$	95,642 \$	840,642

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

# C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 11, debt has been issued by the Water Valley School District that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable Total	n 5.75%	1/19/2010	12/1/2025	\$ 500,000 \$ 500,000	\$ 500,000 \$ 500,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ - \$	28,750 \$	28,750
2024	-	28,750	28,750
2025	-	28,750	28,750
2026	 500,000	28,750	528,750
Total	\$ 500,000 \$	115,000 \$	615,000

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Sinking Fund.

# D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Water Valley School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <a href="https://www.pers.ms.gov">www.pers.ms.gov</a>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Water Valley School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Water Valley School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$1,037,976, \$1,011,854 and \$1,018,280, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the Water Valley School District reported a liability of \$12,927,118 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Water Valley School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Water Valley School District's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was .087461 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of .00043 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$481,114. At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$			
experience	207,139	-		
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	-	3,891,744		
Changes of assumptions	994,127	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions	137,954	112,948		
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 1,037,976			
Total	\$ 2,377,196 \$	4,004,692		

\$1,037,976 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Water Valley School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (447,127)
2024	(429,475)
2025	(628,750)
2026	(1,160,120)
Total	\$ (2,665,472)

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65-17.90 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	22.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.80	
Fixed Income	20.00		(0.25)	
Real Estate	10.00		3.75	
Private Equity	8.00		6.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(1.00)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount		1% Increase
	(6.55%)	Rate (7.55%)		(8.55%)
District's proportionate share of		 _	<u>-</u>	_
the net pension liability	\$ 18,307,830	\$ 12,927,118	\$	8,492,983

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

# Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

# Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$26,578 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Resources related to OPEB**

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$809,752 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was .12579997 percent. This was a decrease of .0031 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$51,237). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$		
experience	881	253,199	
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	38	-	
Changes of assumptions	131,145	27,387	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	20,176	41,448	
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	26,578	-	
Total	\$ 178,818 \$	322,034	

\$26,578 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Water Valley School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (42,075)
2024	(40,909)
2025	(30,291)
2026	(33,137)
2027	(23,382)
Total	\$ (169,794)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

Measurement Date 2.13% Prior Measurement Date 2.19%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2021 Prior Measurement Date 2020

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 2.13% Prior Measurement Date 2.19%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 6.50% for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate

Pre-Medicare rate of 4.50% by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

			Cl	urrent			
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount	1	1% Increase	
		(1.13%)		Rate (2.13%)		(3.13%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	896,280	\$	809,752	\$	735,974	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare		
			Cost Trend		
			Rates		
	19	% Decrease	Current	1	% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	750,040	\$ 809,752	\$	877,326

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

# Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Water Valley School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Water Valley School District.

Litigation – The Water Valley School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Water Valley School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Water Valley School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Water Valley School District.

# Note 10 - Risk Management

The Water Valley School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The Water Valley School District is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 52 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school district would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 11 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the Water Valley School District.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the Water Valley School District may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments amounted to \$27,111.

The Water Valley School District makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$369,570. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the Water Valley School District.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2023	\$ 37,000
2024	37,000
2025	60,000
2026	 60,000
Total	\$ 194,000

# **Note 12 - Juvenile Detention Center Education Program**

The Water Valley School District entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated August 6, 2018 creating the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma Agricultural High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Greenwood Leflore Consolidated School District, Holmes County Consolidated School District, Humphreys County School District, Kosciusko School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated School District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District, West Tallahatchie Consolidated School District and Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. The Greenwood Leflore Consolidated School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$14,070,642) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,037,976 resulting from the Water Valley School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$1,339,220 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$14,070,642) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$4,004,692 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$14,070,642) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$26,578 resulting from the Water Valley School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$152,240 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$14,070,642) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$322,034 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

# Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Water Valley School District evaluated the activity of the district through October 16, 2022 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Positive (Negative) Original **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Final Original (GAAP Basis) to Final Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 2,254,075 \$ 2,167,208 \$ 2,167,208 \$ (86,867) \$ State sources 5,295,654 5,284,318 5,284,317 (11,336)(1) Federal sources 30,160 71,000 101,160 101,160 **Total Revenues** 7,620,729 7,552,685 (68,043)(1) 7,552,686 **Expenditures:** Instruction 4,641,412 4,627,806 4,627,805 13,606 1 Support services 2,894,796 3,023,637 3,023,635 (128,841)2 Noninstructional services 500 419 419 81 Total Expenditures 7,536,708 7,651,862 7,651,859 (115, 154)3 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 84,021 (99, 176)(99, 174)(183, 197)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 51,668 20,177 (31,491)51,668 Other financing sources 3,207 3,207 Operating transfers out 28,284 (31,491)(3,207)(31,491)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 20,177 20,177 20,177 Net Change in Fund Balances (163,020)84,021 (78,999)(78,997)2 Fund Balances: July 1, 2021 1,607,307 1,607,307 1,607,307 June 30, 2022 1,691,328 \$ 1,528,308 \$ 1,528,310 \$ (163,020) \$ 2

# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	 				
Local sources	\$ 11,150 \$	6,021 \$	6,021 \$	(5,129)\$	-
State sources	-	6,262	6,262	6,262	-
Federal sources	560,000	850,266	891,991	290,266	41,725
Total Revenues	 571,150	862,549	904,274	291,399	41,725
Expenditures:					
Support services	89,075	130,638	130,638	(41,563)	-
Noninstructional services	482,075	499,466	541,191	(17,391)	(41,725)
Total Expenditures	 571,150	630,104	671,829	(58,954)	(41,725)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 <u>-</u>	232,445	232,445	232,445	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	232,445	232,445	232,445	
July 1, 2021	-	94,645	94,645	94,645	-
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	(834)	-	(834)
June 30, 2022	\$ - \$	327,090 \$	326,256 \$	327,090 \$	(834)

# **Required Supplementary Information**

**Budgetary Comparison Schedule** Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final

	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 697,294 \$	697,294 \$	618,696 \$	- \$	(78,598)
Total Revenues	 697,294	697,294	618,696	-	(78,598)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	532,317	548,886	469,098	(16,569)	79,788
Support services	158,009	167,828	143,098	(9,819)	24,730
Noninstructional services	6,968	9,168	6,500	(2,200)	2,668
Total Expenditures	 697,294	725,882	618,696	(28,588)	107,186
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 -	(28,588)	-	(28,588)	28,588
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(28,588)	-	(28,588)	28,588
July 1, 2021	 -	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	
June 30, 2022	\$ - \$	(28,588) \$	- \$	(28,588) \$	28,588

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	0.087461	0.087887	0.086158	0.087230	0.091316	0.091571	0.092536	0.093078
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	12,927,118	17,013,902	15,156,893	14,508,941	15,179,821	16,356,867	14,304,241	11,297,965
District's covered payroll	\$	5,815,253	5,852,184	5,079,126	5,570,451	5,857,943	5,858,006	5,781,092	5,687,537
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.30%	290.73%	298.42%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Contractually required contribution	\$	<b>2022</b> 1,037,976	<b>2021</b> 1,011,854	<b>2020</b> 1,018,280	<b>2019</b> 883,768	<b>2018</b> 877,346	<b>2017</b> 922,626	<b>2016</b> 922,636	<b>2015</b> 910,522
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	1,037,976	1,011,854	1,018,280	883,768	877,346	922,626	922,636	910,522
Contribution deficiency (excess)	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll		5,965,379	5,815,253	5,852,184	5,611,225	5,570,451	5,857,943	5,858,006	5,781,092
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.12579997	0.12891810	0.12779024	0.12654136	0.13303835
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	809,752	1,003,251	1,084,353	978,862	1,043,830
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,815,253	5,852,059	5,852,059	5,723,380	5,977,047
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		13.92%	17.14%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Actuarially determined contribution	•	<b>2022</b> 26.578	<b>2021</b> 32.547	<b>2020</b> 40.009	<b>2019</b> 43,464	<b>2018</b> * 44.500
,	Ф	-,-	- ,-	.,	-, -	,
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	26,578	32,547	40,009	43,464	44,500
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_					
	Φ_	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del>-</del>
District's covered-employee payroll		5,965,379	5,815,253	5,521,625	5,611,035	5,570,451
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payrol	I	0.45%	0.56%	0.72%	0.77%	0.80%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### 2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

#### 2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

# (2) Changes in benefit provisions

### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 28.8 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

# (1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2028

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including

price inflation

2.19%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Infor	mation		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022			
Federal Grantor/	Federal		
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	Listing No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
COVID-19 - School breakfast program for children	10.553	205MS326N1099	\$ 209,541
COVID-19 - National school lunch program  Total child nutrition cluster	10.555	205MS326N1099	682,451 891,992
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			891,992
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			891,992
U.S. Department of Interior			
Direct program: Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	N/A	20.001
Total U.S. Department of Interior	15.226	IV/A	30,001 30,001
U.S. Department of Defense			
Passed-through Yalobusha County, Mississippi			
Flood control projects	12.106	N/A	26,739
Total U.S. Department of Defense			26,739
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	14,036
Total Federal Communications Commission			14,036
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:  Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	L126 A 24 002 A	2.400
Total	04.120	H126A210024	2,499 2,499
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A190024	719,688
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO048A210024	33,634
Rural education Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.358	S358A190024	22,137 76,235
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.367 84.424	S367A190023 S424A200025	21,022
Subtotal Substance Limit Mark	01.121	0 12 17 1200020	
51	0.4.40=5	0.405000004	872,716
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D 84.425D	S425D200031 S425D210031	20,470 741.039
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III	84.425U	S425U210031	298,131
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal	04.4200	0-1200210001	1,059,640
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A190108	311,234
IDEA, Part B ARP Grants	84.027x	H027X210108	14,990
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A190113	13,375
Total special education cluster			339,599
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Education			2,271,955 2,274,454
Total 6.3. Department of Education			2,214,404
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2105MS5ADM	27,885
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>27,885</u> 27,885
·			
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,265,107

# Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Water Valley School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Water Valley School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Water Valley School District.

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Water Valley School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$41,725 are included in the COVID-19 – National School Lunch Program.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 8,206,896 3,580,328	6,219,792 1,131,749	755,068 79,899	501,721 4,538	730,315 2,364,142
Total	\$ 11,787,224	7,351,541	834,967	506,259	3,094,457
Total number of students *	 1,057				
Cost per student	\$ 11,152	6,955	790_	479	2,928

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,167,208	\$ 1,992,506	\$ 1,951,657	\$ 1,828,816
State sources	5,284,317	5,184,484	5,478,628	5,299,411
Federal sources	 101,160	81,489	65,089	56,639
Total Revenues	 7,552,685	7,258,479	7,495,374	7,184,866
Expenditures:				
Instruction	4,627,805	4,470,314	4,940,869	4,853,979
Support services	3,023,635	2,324,196	2,522,471	2,585,038
Noninstructional services	419	520	12,578	13,037
Total Expenditures	 7,651,859	6,795,030	7,475,918	7,452,054
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (99,174)	463,449	19,456	(267,188)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Operating transfers in	20,177	-	-	-
Other financing sources	3,207	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(3,207)	(9,500)	(16,255)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 20,177	(9,500)	(16,255)	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (78,997)	453,949	3,201	(267,188)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	1,607,307	1,153,358	1,110,792	1,377,980
Fund Reclassification	 -	-	39,365	
Beginning of period, as restated	 1,607,307	1,153,358	1,150,157	1,377,980
End of Period	\$ 1,528,310	\$ 1,607,307	\$ 1,153,358	\$ 1,110,792

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	 2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,701,160	\$ 2,543,815	\$ 2,676,487	\$ 2,011,039
State sources	5,984,217	5,927,240	6,173,776	5,968,790
Federal sources	 3,292,217	3,069,527	1,514,252	1,520,669
Total Revenues	 11,977,594	11,540,582	10,364,515	9,500,498
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,474,764	6,202,855	6,215,062	5,991,782
Support services	4,206,959	3,757,824	3,387,022	3,311,299
Noninstructional services	548,110	429,645	485,068	502,758
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	3,783,209	2,444,161	896,608
Debt service:				
Principal	335,000	322,000	310,000	98,000
Interest	222,391	236,799	244,720	67,851
Other	 -	-	-	508
Total Expenditures	11,787,224	14,732,332	13,086,033	10,868,806
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	190,370	(3,191,750)	(2,721,518)	(1,368,308)
	,-	(-, - ,,	( , , , ,	( , , ,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	-	-	-	6,500,000
Payment from QSCB escrow agent	62,346	66,471	37,000	37,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(62,346)	(66,471)	(37,000)	(37,000)
Operating transfers in	23,384	38,781	16,255	39,193
Other financing sources	3,207	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	 (23,384)	(38,781)	(16,255)	(39, 193)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,207	-	-	6,500,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	 193,577	(3,191,750)	(2,721,518)	5,131,692
Fund Balances:				
	0.404.044	E 27E 202	0.004.407	2 200 776
Beginning of period, as previously reported	2,184,914	5,375,382	8,021,427 35,068	2,890,776
Prior period adjustments Fund Reclassification	-	-	,	-
	 - 0.404.044		39,365	- 0.000.770
Beginning of period, as restated	 2,184,914	5,375,382	8,095,860	2,890,776
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (834)	1,282	1,040	(1,041)
End of Period	\$ 2,377,657	\$ 2,184,914	\$ 5,375,382	\$ 8,021,427

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

# Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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Tun. (201) 727 1117

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Water Valley School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Water Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Water Valley School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2022.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Water Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Valley School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Valley School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Water Valley School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS

October 16, 2022

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

# Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Water Valley School District

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Water Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Water Valley School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Water Valley School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Water Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

# Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Water Valley School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Water Valley School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Water Valley School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Water Valley School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material

noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Water Valley School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding Water Valley School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
  in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Water Valley School District's internal control over compliance relevant
  to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to
  test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
  not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Water Valley School District's
  internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, MS

October 16, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH ST	TATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Water Valley School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Water Valley School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, which collectively comprise Water Valley School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 16, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

October 16, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

# Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

# Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
  - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
  - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No
- 7. Identification of major programs:

<u>ALNs</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425D	COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I & II (ESSER)
84.425U	COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief ARP III (ESSER)
10.553	COVID-19 – School Breakfast Program for Children
10.555	COVID-19 – National School Lunch Program

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). No

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.