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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT

FORTENBERRY BALLARD, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in

accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title* 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2023, on our consideration of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC August 15, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2022 increased \$5,232,994, including a prior period adjustment of (\$53,201), which represents a 42% increase from fiscal year 2021. Total net position for 2021 increased \$1,118,806, including a prior period adjustment of \$67,726, which represents an 8% increase from fiscal year 2020.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,621,018 and \$10,574,912, or 58% and 71% of all revenues for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,601,214, or 42% of total revenues for 2022, and \$4,299,749, or 29% of total revenues for 2021.
- The District had \$12,936,037 and \$13,823,581 in expenses for fiscal years 2022 and 2021; only \$7,601,214 for 2022 and only \$4,299,749 for 2021 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,621,018, for 2022 and \$10,574,912, for 2021 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$10,978,184 in revenues and \$10,987,011 in expenditures for 2022, and \$10,637,081 in revenues and \$9,525,559 in expenditures for 2021. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,500,392, including a prior period adjustment of (\$53,201), from 2021 to 2022, and increased by \$673,129, including a prior period adjustment of \$67,726, from 2020 to 2021.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,677,938 for 2022 and increased by \$1,895,484 for 2021. The increase for 2022 was due primarily to the addition to construction in progress, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$63,813 for 2022 and increased by \$182,143 for 2021. This decrease for 2022 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$7,627 for 2022 and increased by \$380 for 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional services, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are categorized as: governmental funds.

Governmental funds - All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$7,178,109 as of June 30, 2022.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	8,225,104	5,889,924	40%
Restricted assets		857,798	1,037,919	(17)%
Capital assets, net		7,449,122	5,771,184	29%
Total assets		16,532,024	12,699,027	30%
Deferred outflows of resources		4,517,147	3,372,633	34%
Current liabilities		708,171	620,363	14%
Long-term debt outstanding		3,134,883	3,206,323	(2)%
Net OPEB liability		976,610	1,169,681	(17)%
Net pension liability		15,255,481	21,090,680	(28)%
Total liabilities		20,075,145	26,087,047	(23)%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	8,152,135	2,395,716	240%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		4,409,977	2,950,195	49%
Restricted		2,024,406	1,694,610	19%
Unrestricted		(13,612,492)	(17,055,908)	20%
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(7,178,109)	(12,411,103)	42%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (13,612,492)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows	19,434,442
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ 5,821,950

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,677,938.
- The principal retirement of \$63,813 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were \$18,222,232 and \$14,874,661, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$12,936,037 for 2022 and \$13,823,581 for 2021.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

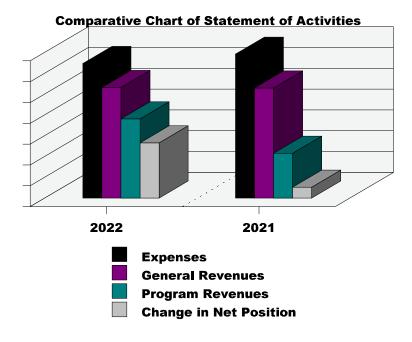
Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 2 **Changes in Net Position**

	-	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	354,698	260,914	36%
Operating grants and contributions		7,246,516	4,038,835	79%
General Revenues:				
Property and gaming taxes		3,092,966	3,195,476	(3)%
Grants and contributions not restricted		7,311,151	7,039,037	4%
Unrestricted investment earnings		45,837	80,351	(43)%
Sixteenth section sources		125,830	213,468	(41)%
Other		45,234	46,580	(3)%
Total revenues	-	18,222,232	14,874,661	23%
Expenses:				
Instruction		7,418,593	7,524,712	(1)%
Support services		4,931,593	4,305,126	15%
Non-instructional		932,018	744,739	25%
Sixteenth section		40,078	44,666	(10)%
Pension expense		(400,396)	1,082,619	(137)%
OPEB expense		(89,678)	(11,977)	(649)%
Interest on long-term liabilities		103,829	133,696	(22)%
Total expenses	-	12,936,037	13,823,581	(6)%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		5,286,195	1,051,080	403%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as previously reported		(12,411,103)	(13,529,909)	8%
Prior period adjustment		(53,201)	67,726	(179)%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated		(12,464,304)	(13,462,183)	7%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$	(7,178,109)	(12,411,103)	42%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

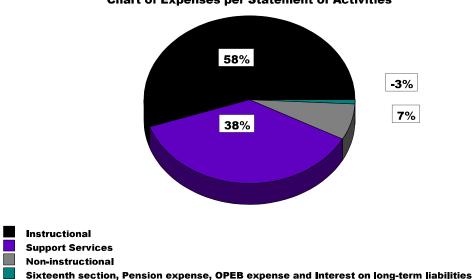
Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Ex		
	2022	2021	Percentage Change
Instruction \$	7,418,593	7,524,712	(1)%
Support services	4,931,593	4,305,126	15%
Non-instructional	932,018	744,739	25%
Sixteenth section	40,078	44,666	(10)%
Pension expense	(400,396)	1,082,619	(137)%
OPEB expense	(89,678)	(11,977)	(649)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	103,829	133,696	(22)%
Total expenses \$	12,936,037	13,823,581	(6)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2022		2021	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	(3,833,143)	(5,044,225)	24%
Support services		(2,015,699)	(3,365,691)	40%
Non-instructional		162,218	135,088	20%
Sixteenth section		(34,444)	(44,666)	23%
Pension expense		400,396	(1,082,619)	137%
OPEB expense		89,678	11,977	649%
Interest on long-term liabilities		(103,829)	(133,696)	22%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(5,334,823)	(9,523,832)	44%

Chart of Expenses per Statement of Activities



- Net cost of governmental activities (\$5,334,823 for 2022 and \$9,523,832 for 2021) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,092,966 for 2022 and \$3,195,476 for 2021) and state and federal revenues (\$7,311,151 for 2022 and \$7,039,037 for 2021). In addition, there was \$125,830 and \$213,468 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$45,837 for 2022 and \$80,351 for 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,972,618, an increase of \$1,594,273, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$53,201) and a decrease in inventory of \$6,993. \$5,851,419 or 73% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,121,199 or 27% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,500,392, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$53,201). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$93,392, including a decrease in inventory of \$6,993, due to all children were allowed to eat free for the fiscal year end 2022. The increase (decrease) in the fund balance for the other major funds was as follows:

Major Fund		Increase (Decrease)
Title I A Basic Fund		no increase or decrease
ESSER II Fund		no increase or decrease
ESSER III Fund		no increase or decrease
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$	489

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2022, the District's total capital assets were \$13,035,527, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$1,327,861 from 2021. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2022, was \$5,586,405, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$253,237, resulting in total net capital assets of \$7,449,122.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Land \$	252,540	263,682	(4)%
Construction in progress	1,172,801	2,073,572	(43)%
Buildings	2,029,415	2,241,037	(9)%
Building improvements	2,828,255	337,929	737%
Improvements other than buildings	448,802	508,386	(12)%
Mobile equipment	640,250	305,045	110%
Furniture and equipment	77,059	41,533	86%
Total \$	7,449,122	5,771,184	29%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2022, the District had \$3,134,883 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$68,055 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$7,627 from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	-	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Percentage Change
Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$	1,000,000	1,000,000	0%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases			2,102,958	(100)%
Installment purchases loans payable		2,039,145		N/A
Compensated absences payable		95,738	103,365	(7)%
Total	\$	3,134,883	3,206,323	(2)%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2021 - 2022 year decreased by 0.78% to 1,143 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, 218 Fairgrounds Street, Winona, MS 38967.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	G 	Governmental Activities		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,513,209		
Investments	Ψ	56,700		
Due from other governments		2,193,904		
Accrued interest receivable		298		
Lease receivable		432,637		
Inventories		28,356		
Restricted assets		857,798		
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		00.,.00		
Land		252,540		
Construction in progress		1,172,801		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		, ,		
Buildings		2,029,415		
Building improvements		2,828,255		
Improvements other than buildings		448,802		
Mobile equipment		640,250		
Furniture and equipment		77,059		
Total Assets		16,532,024		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,295,878		
Deferred outflows - OPEB	_	221,269		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	4,517,147		
I takillataa				
Liabilities		054 700		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		651,720		
Unearned revenue		25,927		
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		30,524		
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:				
Capital related liabilities		68,055		
Net OPEB liability		39,031		
		33,33		
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:				
Capital related liabilities		2,971,090		
Non-capital related liabilities		95,738		
Net pension liability		15,255,481		
Net OPEB liability		937,579		
Total Liabilities		20,075,145		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		7040054		
Deferred inflows - pensions		7,242,254		
Deferred inflows - OPEB		477,244		
Deferred inflows - leases	_	432,637		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	8,152,135		
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		4,409,977		
Restricted For:		4,405,577		
Expendable:				
School-based activities		914,006		
Debt service		708,610		
Unemployment benefits		59,534		
Forestry improvements		223,150		
Nonexpendable:		0,100		
Sixteenth section		119,106		
Unrestricted		(13,612,492)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(7,178,109)		
	' =	, , , , , , , , , , ,		

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			-	Program	Rev	enues Operating	_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Charges for		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	_(Contributions	_	Activities
Governmental Activities:		7 440 500	•	000 040	•	0.050.404		(0.000.1.10)
Instruction	\$	7,418,593	\$	333,019	\$	3,252,431	\$	(3,833,143)
Support services		4,931,593				2,915,894		(2,015,699)
Noninstructional services		932,018		16,045		1,078,191		162,218
Sixteenth section		40,078		5,634				(34,444)
Pension expense		(400,396)						400,396
OPEB expense		(89,678)						89,678
Interest on long-term liabilities Total Governmental Activities	φ	103,829	ው	 054 000	Φ_	7 046 F16	_	(103,829)
rotal Governmental Activities	\$	12,936,037	\$	354,698	\$	7,246,516	-	(5,334,823)
	Taxe	-						
		neral purpose le		es				3,015,565
	Unres	ot purpose levie stricted grants a		contributions:				77,401
	Sta							7,220,633
		leral						90,518
		stricted investm		•				45,837
		enth section so	urc	es				125,830
	Othe						_	45,234
	Total	General Rever	nue	S			_	10,621,018
	Cł	nange in Net Po	ositi	ion			_	5,286,195
	Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as previously reported						(12,411,103)	
		Period Adjustm			oto+	ad	_	(53,201)
				Beginning, as re	รเสโ	eu	Φ_	(12,464,304)
	net P	osition (Deficit)) - 🗀	riuirig			Φ	(7,178,109)

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

	 General Fund	 Title I A Basic Fund	 ESSER II Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents	\$ 4,116,732	\$ 121,033	\$
Investments			
Due from other governments	59,129	179,479	633,284
Accrued interest receivable			
Lease receivable			
Due from other funds	2,329,646	170,522	
Inventories			
Total Assets	\$ 6,505,507	\$ 471,034	\$ 633,284
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 587,817	\$ 47,543	\$
Due to other funds	2	421,944	633,284
Unearned revenue	 	 1,547	
Total Liabilities	 587,819	 471,034	 633,284
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Lease	 	 	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 	 	
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Permanent fund principal Inventory			
Restricted:			
Unemployment benefits			
Forestry improvements			
Debt service			
Grant activities			
Food service			
Assigned:			
Activity funds	66,269		
Unassigned	5,851,419		
Total Fund Balances	 5,917,688		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 6,505,507	\$ 471,034	\$ 633,284

ESSER III Fund	Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,028,055 \$ 1,028,055	\$ 118,808 298 432,637 \$ 551,743	\$ 1,275,444 106,990 688,700 293,957 1,494 28,356 \$ 2,394,941	\$ 5,632,017 106,990 688,700 2,193,904 298 432,637 2,501,662 28,356 \$ 11,584,564
\$ 1,028,055 1,028,055	\$ 432,637 432,637	\$ 16,360 418,377 24,380 459,117	\$ 651,720 2,501,662 25,927 3,179,309 432,637 432,637
 \$	119,106	28,356 59,534 223,150 739,134 141,367 744,283 1,935,824 \$ 2,394,941	119,106 28,356 59,534 223,150 739,134 141,367 744,283 66,269 5,851,419 7,972,618 \$ 11,584,564

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances for governmental funds \$ 7,972,618 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. 7,449,122 Liabilities due in one year are not recognized in the funds. (107,086)Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (1,000,000)Payables for installment purchases loans which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (1,971,090)Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (30,524)Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (95,738)Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. (15,255,481)Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. (7,242,254)Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. 4,295,878 Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. (937,579)Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. (477,244)Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. 221,269 Net position of governmental activities (7,178,109)

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WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Pavamuaa		General Fund			Title I A Basic Fund		ESSER II Fund
Revenues:						_	
Local sources	\$	3,397,758	5	\$		\$	
State sources		7,356,221					
Federal sources		90,518			883,802		997,969
Sixteenth section sources		133,687					
Total Revenues		10,978,184			883,802		997,969
Expenditures:							
Instruction		5,866,467			715,137		213,602
Support services		3,844,340			156,185		577,486
Noninstructional services		49,721			12,480		
Sixteenth section		40,078					
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,186,405					
Debt service:		1,100,400					
Principal							
•							
Interest							
Other							
Total Expenditures	_	10,987,011			883,802		791,088
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(8,827)					206,881
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payment held by QSCB escrow agent							
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent							
Sale of other property		55,000					
Operating transfers in		2,257,303					
Operating transfers out		(749,883)					(206,881)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,562,420					
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)		1,362,420					(206,881)
Net change in fund balances	_	1,553,593					
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		4,417,296					
Prior period adjustments		(53,201)					
July 1, 2021, as restated	_	4,364,095					
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	_						
June 30, 2022	\$_	5,917,688	9	\$		\$	
·	-	, , -	,	_		-	

ESSER III Fund	Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,753,786 2,753,786	\$ 489 489	\$ 125,673 562,810 1,912,561 6,958 2,608,002	\$ 3,523,431 7,919,031 6,638,636 141,134 18,222,232
379,746		1,058,750	8,233,702
229,020 2,587 	 	772,500 864,660 	5,579,531 929,448 40,078
94,873		350,745 63,813	1,632,023 63,813
 706,226	 	142,576 1,594 3,254,638	142,576 1,594 16,622,765
2,047,560_	489	(646,636)	1,599,467
 	 	90,667 (90,667) 	90,667 (90,667) 55,000
(2,047,560) (2,047,560)	 	870,740 (123,719) 747,021	3,128,043 (3,128,043) 55,000
	489	100,385_	1,654,467
 \$	118,617 118,617 \$ 119,106	1,842,432 1,842,432 (6,993) \$ 1,935,824	6,378,345 (53,201) 6,325,144 (6,993) \$ 7,972,618

WINONA-MONTGOMERY CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,654,467

5,286,195

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	2,111,205
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(253,237)
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	(125,030)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(55,000)
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	63,813
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	40,341
Change in inventory affects fund balance in the funds but affects expense in the SOA.	(6,993)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	7,627
Implicit Rate Subsidy fluctuation.	(12)
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	1,327,736
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	400,396
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds.	31,204
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	89,678

Change in net position of governmental activities

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I A Basic Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the federal Title I program.

ESSER II Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program funds for COVID-19, authorized by the CARES Act.

ESSER III Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program funds for COVID-19, authorized by the CARES Act.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund used to account for the nonexpendable resources generated from the sale of non-renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the firstin, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building Improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than b	uildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows for pension and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows for pension, leases and OPEB.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or(vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses 4.00% to calculate the present value of lease payments when the school district is the lessor in leases involving 16th Section lands. See Note 6 for details.

10. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of actual revenues.

14. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 87, Leases, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$5,632,017.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Institution Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2022, none of the district's bank balance of \$6,425,973 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$106,990.

Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the district had the following investments.

Investment	Rating	Maturities (in years)	 Fair Value
U.S. Government Securities	AA+	1 - 5 years	\$ 632,000
Certificate of Deposit	AA+		 56,700
			\$ 688,700

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022:

U.S. Government Securities and Certificate of Deposits of \$688,700 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosures of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Title I A Basic Fund	\$ 421,944
	ESSER II Fund	633,284
	ESSER III Fund	1,028,055
	Other Governmental Funds	246,363
Title I A Basic Fund	Other Governmental Funds	170,522
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	2
	Other Governmental Funds	1,492
Total		\$ 2,501,662

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 206,881
	ESSER III Fund	2,047,560
	Other Governmental Funds	2,862
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	749,883
	Other Governmental Funds	120,857
Total		\$ 3,128,043

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, unemployment compensation transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$118,808, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balances, totaling \$106,990 and \$632,000, respectively, of the QSCB Retirement Fund which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7-1-2021	Additions	Deletions	Completed Construction	Balance 6-30-2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_					
Land	\$	263,682		11,142		252,540
Construction in progress		2,073,572	1,632,023		(2,532,794)	1,172,801
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	2,337,254	1,632,023	11,142	(2,532,794)	1,425,341
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		5,373,674		501,110		4,872,564
Building improvements		867,057		44,073	2,532,794	3,355,778
Improvements other than buildings		984,821		27,883		956,938
Mobile equipment		1,333,111	424,665	42,424		1,715,352
Furniture and equipment	_	811,749	54,517	156,712		709,554
Total depreciable capital assets	_	9,370,412	479,182	772,202	2,532,794	11,610,186
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		3,132,637	57,943	347,431		2,843,149
Building improvements		529,128	23,534	25,139		527,523
Improvements other than buildings		476,435	49,546	17,845		508,136
Mobile equipment		1,028,066	85,218	38,182		1,075,102
Furniture and equipment		770,216	36,996	174,717		632,495
Total accumulated depreciation		5,936,482	253,237	603,314	0	5,586,405
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	3,433,930	225,945	168,888	2,532,794	6,023,781
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ _	5,771,184	1,857,968	180,030	0	7,449,122

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Instruction	\$ 115,606
Support services	106,079
Non-instructional	31,552
Total depreciation expense	\$ 253,237

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Spent to June 30, 2022	Remaining Commitments
WES Project HVAC & Bathroom Renovation	\$ 872,322	1,068,325
Knox Gym - Roof	300,479	28,237
Total	\$ 1,172,801	1,096,562

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the District Maintenance Fund.

Note 6 - Leases

As Lessor:

Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools.

The school district uses the rate of 4% interest to calculate the present value of sixteenth section lease rental payments. The school district's financial statements have not been restated nor has a cumulative effect been reflected for the restatement of the beginning net position of the school district.

The school district, acting as lessor, has entered into 49 leases involving the leasing of the right to use Sixteenth Section school lands. Such leases are for a term that corresponds with state law in accordance with the type of lease executed. The school district has included in its financial statements the net present value of future lease payments as a lease receivable and as deferred inflows of resources.

In fiscal year 2022, the school district recognized \$118,700 in revenue related to Sixteenth section land leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7-1-2021	Reductions	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2022	Amounts due within one year
A.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$ 1,000,000			1,000,000	
B.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	2,102,958		(2,102,958)	0	
C.	Installment purchases loans payable		63,813	2,102,958	2,039,145	68,055
D.	Compensated absences payable	103,365	7,627		95,738	
	Sub - Total	\$ 3,206,323	71,440	0	3,134,883	68,055

A. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds	5.32%	09-24-10	08-01-24	\$_	1,000,000	1,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending	7			
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$		53,200	53,200
2024			53,200	53,200
2025		1,000,000	53,200	1,053,200
Total	\$ _	1,000,000	159,600	1,159,600

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Debt Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

As a result of the implementation of GASB 87, leases that were formerly classified as energy efficiency leases, where ownership of the asset conveys to the lessee at maturity, are no longer considered leases. These agreements are not considered financed purchases. As such, we have reclassed the beginning obligations under capital assets to installment purchase loans payable.

C. Installment purchases loans payable

The school district has entered into several installment purchases agreements as listed below. Property under these installment purchases agreements are composed of the following:

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	 Issued	Outstanding
Energy efficiency loan, Series 2020	4.25%	05-21-20	04-01-40	\$ 1,920,815	1,847,412
Energy efficiency loan, Series 2021	4.25%	10-01-20	04-01-35	217,500	191,733
				\$ 2,138,315	2,039,145

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Series 2020:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 56,704	78,515	135,219
2024	60,691	76,105	136,796
2025	64,895	73,526	138,421
2026	69,332	70,768	140,100
2027	74,008	67,821	141,829
2028 - 2032	449,500	287,562	737,062
2033 - 2037	610,148	179,091	789,239
2038 - 2040	462,134	40,038	502,172
Total	\$ 1,847,412	873,426	2,720,838

This debt will be retired from the Energy Savings Loan Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Series 2021:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
	 _		
2023	\$ 11,351	8,148	19,499
2024	11,834	7,666	19,500
2025	12,337	7,164	19,501
2026	12,861	6,638	19,499
2027	13,408	6,092	19,500
2028 - 2032	76,084	21,415	97,499
2033 - 2035	 53,858	4,639	58,497
	<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 191,733	61,762	253,495
2028 - 2032 2033 - 2035	 76,084 53,858	21,415 4,639	97, 58,

This debt will be retired from the Energy Savings Loan Fund.

Total installment purchases loans payments for all issues:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 68,055	86,663	154,718
72,525	83,771	156,296
77,232	80,690	157,922
82,193	77,406	159,599
87,416	73,913	161,329
525,584	308,977	834,561
664,006	183,730	847,736
462,134	40,038	502,172
		-
\$ 2,039,145	935,188	2,974,333
	\$ 68,055 72,525 77,232 82,193 87,416 525,584 664,006 462,134	\$ 68,055 86,663 72,525 83,771 77,232 80,690 82,193 77,406 87,416 73,913 525,584 308,977 664,006 183,730 462,134 40,038

Series 2020:

An energy efficiency loan agreement dated May 21, 2020 was executed by and between the district and Bank of Winona.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,920,815 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the loan shall be made from the district maintenance fund. The district entered into this energy efficiency loan agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Upon written notice to the Bank of Winona, the district has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

Series 2021:

An energy efficiency loan agreement dated October 1, 2020 was executed by and between the district and Bank of Winona.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$217,500 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the loan shall be made from the district maintenance fund. The district entered into this energy efficiency loan agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the Bank of Winona, the district has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 8 - Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school district. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Mississippi, membership is contigent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

> Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2022 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$1,327,736, \$1,194,110, and \$1,262,275, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school district reported a liability of \$15,255,481 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability was 0.103214 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.005732 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2021 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of (\$400,396). At June 30, 2022 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 249,770	\$	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			4,474,769
Change in assumptions	1,125,634		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,592,738		2,767,485
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,327,736		
Total	\$ 4,295,878	\$	7,242,254

\$1,327,736 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 3	30:	
2023	\$	(1,346,200)
2024		(600,637)
2025		(958,200)
2026		(1,369,075)
Total	\$	(4,274,112)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2020, by the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2020 valuation based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2020, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 and June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	22.00	4.50 %
Global Equity	12.00	4.80%
Fixed Income	20.00	-0.25 %
Real Estate	10.00	3.75 %
Private Equity	8.00	6.00 %
Cash Equivalents	1.00	-1.00 %
Total	100.00%	- -

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

using a discount rate that is 1-percentage lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.55%)	Current Discount Rate (7.55%)	1% Increase (8.55%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$_	21,605,337	15,255,481	10,022,694

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et. seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/ junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$31,204 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$976,610 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.15172239 percent. This was an increase of 0.00141799 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$89,678). At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,062	\$	305,373
Changes of assumptions	158,169		33,030
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	46		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	30,788		138,841
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	31,204	_	
Total	\$ 221,269	\$	477,244

\$31,204 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (78,613)
2024	(75,239)
2025	(64,605)
2026	(47,042)
2027	 (21,680)
Total	\$ (287,179)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 - 17.90 percent, including wage inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 2.13% Prior Measurement Date 2.19%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2021 Prior Measurement Date 2020

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 2.13% Prior Measurement Date 2.19%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare

6.50 percent for 2022 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent by 2030

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2021 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.13 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.19% to 2.13%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2021, the trust has \$1,044,424. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.13 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.13%)	Discount Rate (2.13%)	1% Increase (3.13%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,080,967 \$	976,610 \$	887,629

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 904,593	\$ 976,610	\$ 1,058,109

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,612,492) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,327,736 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$2,968,142 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,612,492) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$7,242,254 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,612,492) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$31,204 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The \$190,065 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,612,492) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$477,244 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2022 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 5 years.

Note 14 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments amounted to \$50,168.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2022 was \$738,990. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2023	\$	96,000
2024		96,000
2025	_	96,000
Total	\$	288,000

Note 15 - Other Matters

The onset of the recent COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a volatile investment market currently. The resulting impact of this pandemic upon the operations of the District is uncertain at this time.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 16 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation(s)	Amount
See below for explanation.	\$ (53,201)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	To correct cash.	\$ (53,201)

Note 17 - State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports.

Note 18 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement:

On December 13, 2022, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District approved a contract to purchase real estate from Barlo Properties, LLC for the WSS Athletic Facility Project with the correction of the address for Barlo Property, LLC.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 1

Variances

					Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	3,438,768	3,397,736	3,397,758	(41,032)	22	
State sources		7,492,135	7,356,219	7,356,221	(135,916)	2	
Federal sources		37,420	40,350	90,518	2,930	50,168	
Sixteenth section sources	_	132,765	170,496	133,687	37,731	(36,809)	
Total Revenues	_	11,101,088	10,964,801	10,978,184	(136,287)	13,383	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		5,755,511	5,904,475	5,866,467	(148,964)	38,008	
Support services		4,272,894	3,972,570	3,844,340	300,324	128,230	
Noninstructional services		50,000	49,721	49,721	279	-	
Sixteenth section		21,200	40,078	40,078	(18,878)	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	_		1,058,174	1,186,405	(1,058,174)	(128,231)	
Total Expenditures	_	10,099,605	11,025,018	10,987,011	(925,413)	38,007	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	1,001,483	(60,217)	(8,827)	(1,061,700)	51,390	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Sale of other property		-	55,000	55,000	55,000	-	
Operating transfers in		2,360,515	2,094,345	2,257,303	(266,170)	162,958	
Operating transfers out	_	(1,871,035)	(2,063,502)	(749,883)	(192,467)	1,313,619	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	489,480	85,843	1,562,420	(403,637)	1,476,577	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	1,490,963	25,626	1,553,593	(1,465,337)	1,527,967	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021, as previously reported		4,034,513	4,325,010	4,417,296	290,497	92,286	
Prior period adjustments		-	1,570,592	(53,201)	1,570,592	(1,623,793)	
July 1, 2021, as restated		4,034,513	5,895,602	4,364,095	1,861,089	(1,531,507)	
June 30, 2022	\$=	5,525,476	5,921,228	5,917,688	395,752	(3,540)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I A Basic Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 2

Tot the Tear Effect valle 50, 2022					Variances		
				_	Positive (No	egative)	
		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:		_	·				
Federal sources	\$	1,299,221	1,311,858	883,802	12,637	(428,056)	
Total Revenues	_	1,299,221	1,311,858	883,802	12,637	(428,056)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		230,254	1,085,817	715,137	(855,563)	370,680	
Support services		1,075,597	208,204	156,185	867,393	52,019	
Noninstructional services		2,600	13,019	12,480	(10,419)	539	
Total Expenditures	_	1,308,451	1,307,040	883,802	1,411	423,238	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	(9,230)	4,818	<u> </u>	14,048	(4,818)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		_	(15,977)	_	(15,977)	15,977	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	(15,977)		(15,977)	15,977	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(9,230)	(11,159)		(1,929)	11,159	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021	_	(156,133)			156,133	0	
June 30, 2022	\$ _	(165,363)	(11,159)		154,204	11,159	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER II Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 3

Tor the Tear Effect June 30, 2022					Variances		
		D 1 . 1		<u>-</u>	Positive (No		
	_	Budgeted		Actual	Original	Final	
_	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:	_						
Federal sources	\$_	2,380,456	2,380,456	997,969	0	(1,382,487)	
Total Revenues	_	2,380,456	2,380,456	997,969	0	(1,382,487)	
Expenditures:							
Instructional		597,562	730,598	213,602	(133,036)	516,996	
Support services		1,243,187	1,450,426	577,486	(207,239)	872,940	
Facilities acquisition and construction		332,826	- ·	· -	332,826	0	
Total Expenditures	_	2,173,575	2,181,024	791,088	(7,449)	1,389,936	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	206,881	199,432	206,881	(7,449)	7,449	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(206,881)	(292,685)	(206,881)	(85,804)	85,804	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(206,881)	(292,685)	(206,881)	(85,804)	85,804	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_		(93,253)		(93,253)	93,253	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2021		(86,501)	_	-	86,501	0	
June 30, 2022	\$	(86,501)	(93,253)		(6,752)	93,253	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER III Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit 4

101 410 1 441 211000 1 4110 0 0, 2022				Varia	
				Positive (Negative)
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	·				
Federal sources	\$ 5,540,434	5,630,471	2,753,786	90,037	(2,876,685)
Total Revenues	5,540,434	5,630,471	2,753,786	90,037	(2,876,685)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	5,449,767	1,405,455	379,746	4,044,312	1,025,709
Support services	90,667	1,025,906	229,020	(935,239)	796,886
Noninstructional services	-	_	2,587	0	(2,587)
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	1,151,550	94,873	(1,151,550)	1,056,677
Total Expenditures	5,540,434	3,582,911	706,226	1,957,523	2,876,685
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		2,047,560	2,047,560	2,047,560	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	-	_	(2,047,560)	-	(2,047,560)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	(2,047,560)		(2,047,560)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,047,560		2,047,560	(2,047,560)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2021	(69,221)		<u> </u>	69,221	
June 30, 2022	\$ (69,221)	2,047,560		2,116,781	(2,047,560)

Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	s -	2022 15,255,481	2021 21,090,680	2020 17,967,562	2019 21,087,613	2018 21,178,869	2017 23,861,259	2016 19,871,604	2015 15,658,238
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.103214%	0.108946%	0.102135%	0.126782%	0.127404%	0.133583%	0.128552%	0.129000%
District's covered payroll		6,862,701	7,254,454	6,021,017	8,096,241	8,172,997	8,544,578	8,060,095	7,816,032
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.30%	290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.26%	246.54%	200.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	s -	2022 1,327,736	2021 1,194,110	<u>2020</u> 1,262,275	2019 1,047,657	2018 1,275,158	2017 1,287,247	2016 1,345,771	2015 1,269,465
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,327,736	1,194,110	1,262,275	1,047,657	1,275,158	1,287,247	1,345,771	1,269,465
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =	-			<u> </u>				
District's covered payroll	\$	7,630,667	6,862,701	7,254,454	6,651,790	8,096,241	8,172,997	8,544,578	8,060,095
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	s -	2022 976,610	2021 1,169,681	2020 1,247,643	2019 1,380,014	2018* 1,392,734
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.15172239%	0.15030440%	0.14703395%	0.17840011%	0.17750679%
District's covered-employee payroll		7,213,183	7,243,704	6,733,311	8,068,916	7,974,892
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2022 31,204	2021 39,253	2020 46,647	2019 50,009	2018 59,374 **	ķ
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	31,204	39,253	46,647	50,009	59,374 **	ķ
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 					
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,815,236	6,862,701	7,257,448	6,651,790	8,164,281	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.46%	0.57%	0.64%	0.75%	0.73%	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

^{**} The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2019 valuation for the June 30, 2021 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 28.8 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including

inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

2020:

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

2021:

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017:

None

2018:

None

2019:

None

2020:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

2021:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2021:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 7.00%

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 4.75%

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 2028

Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

price inflation 2.19%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/	Pass-through Entity	Assistance	
Pass-through Grantor/	Identifying	Listing	Federal
Program Title/	Number	Number	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	225MS326N1099	10.553	\$ 429,742
National School Lunch Program	225MS326N1099	10.555	738,842
Summer Food Service Program for Children	225MS326N1099	10.559	1,259
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,169,843
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			1,169,843
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,169,843
U. S. Department of Education			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	S010A200024	84.010	943,175
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A210024	84.048	3,712
Rural Education	S358B210024	84.358	45,870
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	S367A210023	84.367	1,651
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Subtotal	S424A210025	84.424	3,121 997,529
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A200108	84.027A	459,843
COVID-19 - IDEA, Part B ARP Grant	H027X210108	84.027X	75,357
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A200113	84.173A	15,111
COVID-19 - IDEA, Part B Preschool ARP Grant	H173X210113	84.173X	6,627
	П1/3А210113	04.1/3A	
Total Special Education Cluster			556,938
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I & II)	S425D200031	84.425D	1,016,514
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP III)	S425U200031	84.425U	2,753,786
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal			3,770,300
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			5,324,767
Total U.S. Department of Education			5,324,767
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	2005MS5ADM	93.778	27,930
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			27,930
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			27,930
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 6,522,540

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$65,335 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June $30,\,2022$

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 10,502,262	8,132,171	769,080	781,087	819,924
Other	6,120,503	1,377,190	458,755	71,908	4,212,650
Total	\$ 16,622,765	9,509,361	1,227,835	852,995	5,032,574
Total number of students *	1,143				
Cost per student	\$ 14.543	8.320	1.074	746	4,403

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

^{*} Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

Last Four Years

Revenues: Local sources

State sources

Expenditures: Instruction

Federal sources

Total Revenues

Support services

Sixteenth section

Debt service: Principal

Sixteenth section sources

Noninstructional services

Total Expenditures

Facilities acquisition and construction

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures

Other Financing Sources (Uses):

2021* 2020* 2019* 3,462,748 3,109,274 2,944,540 6,889,005 7,094,219 7,855,552 54,625 53,210 43,911 123,601 230,703 148,437 10,637,081 10,405,140 10,967,604 5,641,455 5,759,870 5,688,543 3,596,919 3,839,465 3,562,249 4,258 5,315 34,496 16,907 27,936 248,431 166,530 5,322 5,321 9,525,559 9,621,564 9,455,894 1,111,522 783,576 1,511,710 45 000

"UNAUDITED"

o ther I maneing sources (eses).				
Sale of other property	55,000	-	45,000	-
Operating transfers in	2,257,303	22,200	21,815	21,230
Other financing sources	-	-	42,143	11,021
Operating transfers out	(749,883)	(506,765)	(363,909)	(406,898)
Other financing uses	-	(21,554)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,562,420	(506,119)	(254,951)	(374,647)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,553,593	605,403	528,625	1,137,063
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	4,417,296	3,744,167	3,215,542	2,078,479
Prior period adjustments	(53,201)	67,726	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated	4,364,095	3,811,893	3,215,542	2,078,479
End of period	\$ 5,917,688	4,417,296	3,744,167	3,215,542

2022

3,397,758

7,356,221

90,518

133,687

10,978,184

5,866,467

3,844,340

1,186,405

10,987,011

(8,827)

49,721

40,078

\$

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years "UNAUDITED"

		2022	2021*	2020*	2019*
Revenues:	_				
Local sources	\$	3,523,431	3,568,344	3,300,490	3,153,631
State sources		7,919,031	7,447,082	7,742,677	8,784,513
Federal sources		6,638,636	3,630,792	2,248,368	2,229,702
Sixteenth section sources		141,134	249,997	157,954	127,252
Total Revenues	_	18,222,232	14,896,215	13,449,489	14,295,098
Expenditures:					
Instruction		8,233,702	8,217,129	7,410,428	7,269,166
Support services		5,579,531	4,647,621	4,740,373	4,381,774
Noninstructional services		929,448	720,169	733,723	889,672
Sixteenth section		40,078	44,666	20,917	37,421
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,632,023	2,073,572	-	166,530
Debt service:					
Principal		63,813	35,357	5,322	5,321
Interest		142,576	125,337	53,200	53,200
Other		1,594	1,344	1,092	843
Total Expenditures	_	16,622,765	15,865,195	12,965,055	12,803,927
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	1,599,467	(968,980)	484,434	1,491,171
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Inception of capital leases			217,500	1,920,815	
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		90,667	95,000	95,000	95,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(90,667)	(95,000)	(95,000)	(95,000)
Sale of other property		55,000	-	45,000	-
Operating transfers in		3,128,043	862,999	614,756	666,691
Other financing sources		-	-	42,143	11,021
Operating transfers out		(3,128,043)	(862,999)	(614,756)	(666,691)
Other financing uses		-	(21,554)	_	(5,963)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	55,000	195,946	2,007,958	5,058
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	1,654,467	(773,034)	2,492,392	1,496,229
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		6,378,345	7,128,206	4,658,937	3,139,046
Prior period adjustments		(53,201)	67,726	(54,661)	
Beginning of period, as restated	_	6,325,144	7,195,932	4,604,276	3,139,046
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	(6,993)	(44,553)	31,538	23,662
End of period	\$=	7,972,618	6,378,345	7,128,206	4,658,937

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC

FORTENBERRY & BALLARO, PC

August 15, 2023

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

August 15, 2023

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? Yes.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Num	ers: Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555 & 10.55	Child Nutrition Cluster
84.425D*	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I & II)
84.425U*	COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP III)

- * Two programs were audited as one major program Education Stabilization Fund.
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following finding related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Material Weakness

Finding 2022-001

Criteria:

An effective system of internal control requires the bank reconciliations to be prepared in a timely manner.

Condition:

The District did not properly reconcile bank accounts during the fiscal year.

Cause:

This is the result of improper internal controls to ensure bank reconciliations are properly reconciled and performed in a timely manner.

Effect:

As a result, a QSCB revenue subsidy of \$50,168 and a long-term debt interest payment of \$53,200 were not recorded in the general ledger. Audit adjustments were made to the financial statements to properly reflect these accounts.

Recommendation:

We recommend the district implement policies and procedures to ensure all bank reconciliations are properly reconciled and performed in a timely manner.

Response:

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District will strengthen internal controls and implement policies and procedures to ensure all transactions are properly recorded in the District's general ledger and all variances from book balances are accounted for in a timely manner.

Since July 1, the District has reconciled bank accounts monthly to the general ledger by each fund in order to effectively and timely account for any variance from the District's book balances. Bank Reconciliations are signed and dated by the Business Manager upon completion. Someone other than the Business Manager periodically reviews signs and dates bank reconciliations.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN



Dr. Howard Savage, Jr., Superintendent

218 Fairground Street Winona, MS 38967 662.283.1018 howardsavage@winonaschools.net www.winonamontgomerycsd.com

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Finding</u> <u>Corrective Action Plan Details</u>

a. Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action

Name: Lynea Watson
Title: Business Manager

Phone Number: 662-283-1004

b. Correction Action Planned:

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District will strengthen internal controls and implement policies and procedures to ensure all transactions are properly recorded in the District's general ledger and all variances from book balances are accounted for in a timely manner.

Since July 1, the District has reconciled bank accounts monthly to the general ledger by each fund in order to effectively and timely account for any variance from the District's book balances. Bank Reconciliations are signed and dated by the Business Manager upon completion. Someone other than the Business Manager periodically reviews signs and dates bank reconciliations.

c. Anticipated Completion Date:

July 1, 2023

WMCSD