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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Coffeeville School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation

1048 GLUCKSTADT ROAD, SUITE B MADISON, MISSISSIPPI 39110 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033 and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Coffeeville School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coffeeville School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Coffeeville School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of

assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2024, on our consideration of the Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC June 14, 2024

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of Coffeeville School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2023 increased \$282,981, including a prior period adjustment of (\$10,016), which represents an 8% increase from fiscal year 2022. Total net position for 2022 increased \$1,881,571, including a prior period adjustment of \$41,396, which represents a 34% increase from fiscal year 2021.
- General revenues amounted to \$4,678,097 and \$4,546,326, or 62% and 63% of all revenues for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,916,430, or 38% of total revenues for 2023, and \$2,717,933, or 37% of total revenues for 2022.
- The District had \$7,301,530 and \$5,424,084 in expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022; only \$2,916,430 for 2023 and \$2,717,933 for 2022 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$4,678,097 for 2023 and \$4,546,326 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$4,812,555 in revenues and \$4,510,375 in expenditures for 2023, and \$4,461,207 in revenues and \$3,924,108 in expenditures for 2022. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$321,367, which includes a prior period adjustments of (\$15,038), from 2022 to 2023, and increased by \$530,359, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,269), from 2021 to 2022.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$181,459 for 2023 and increased by \$178,880 for 2022. The increase for 2023 was due primarily to additions to mobile equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$155,464 for 2023 and remained the same for 2022. This increase for 2023 was due primarily to the issuance of installment purchase loan payable. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$9,741 for 2023 and decreased by \$3,183 for 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are presented as governmental funds.

Governmental funds - All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$3,362,664 as of June 30, 2023.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	2,893,133	2,425,080	19%
Restricted assets		1,138,851	1,031,775	10%
Lease receivable		93,031	199,396	(53)%
Capital assets, net		3,108,138	2,926,679	6%
Total assets		7,233,153	6,582,930	10%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	5,086,977	1,801,388	182%
Current liabilities		419,602	335,430	25%
Long-term debt outstanding		1,427,186	1,271,722	12%
Net OPEB Liability		367,996	407,330	(10)%
Net pension liability		10,419,851	5,654,701	84%
Total liabilities	_	12,634,635	7,669,183	65%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,048,159	4,360,780	(30)%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		1,712,415	1,676,679	2%
Restricted		1,676,172	1,489,722	13%
Unrestricted	_	(6,751,251)	(6,812,046)	1%
Total net position (deficit)	\$_	(3,362,664)	(3,645,645)	8%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (6,751,251)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related	
deferred outflows and deferred inflows	 8,635,164
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ 1,883,913

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$181,459.
- The principal retirement of \$79,277.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 were \$7,594,527 and \$7,264.259, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$7,301,530 for 2023 and \$5,424,084 for 2022.

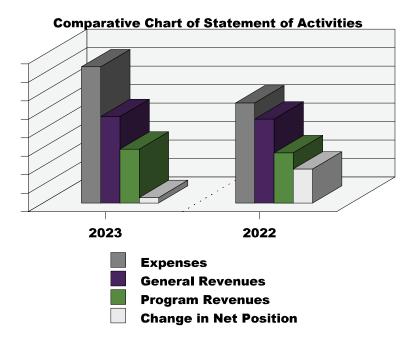
Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	-	Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	114,637	84,036	36%
Operating grants and contributions		2,783,205	2,615,309	6%
Capital grants and contributions		18,588	18,588	0%
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		2,046,034	1,828,606	12%
Grants and contributions not restricted		2,554,567	2,493,254	2%
Unrestricted investment earnings		25,231	16,793	50%
Sixteenth section sources		45,623	192,343	(76)%
Other	-	6,642	15,330	(57)%
Total revenues		7,594,527	7,264,259	5%
Expenses:				
Instruction		3,278,468	2,826,701	16%
Support services		2,705,426	2,512,446	8%
Non-instructional		393,472	332,692	18%
Sixteenth section		14,142	19,855	(29)%
Pension expense		889,658	(303,774)	393%
OPEB expense		(63,496)	(50,347)	26%
Interest on long-term liabilities		83,860	86,511	(3)%
Total expenses	-	7,301,530	5,424,084	35%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	-	292,997	1,840,175	(84)%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as previously reported		(3,645,645)	(5,527,216)	34%
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(10,016)	41,396	(124)%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated		(3,655,661)	(5,485,820)	33%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$	(3,362,664)	(3,645,645)	8%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Total Expenses

	Total Expenses		
	2023	2022	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ 3,278,468	2,826,701	16%
Support services	2,705,426	2,512,446	8%
Non-instructional	393,472	332,692	18%
Sixteenth section	14,142	19,855	(29)%
Pension expense	889,658	(303,774)	393%
OPEB expense	(63,496)	(50,347)	(26)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	83,860	86,511	(3)%
Total expenses	\$ 7,301,530	5,424,084	35%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net ((Expense)	Revenue
1101	LADCHSC	INCVCHUC

	2023	2022	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ (2,135,720)	(1,937,016)	(10)%
Support services	(1,337,169)	(1,095,708)	(22)%
Non-instructional	11,953	57,201	(79)%
Sixteenth section	(14,142)	1,762	(903)%
Pension expense	(889,658)	303,774	(393)%
OPEB expense	63,496	50,347	26%
Interest on long-term liabilities	(83,860)	(86,511)	3%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (4,385,100)	(2,706,151)	(62)%

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$4,385,100 for 2023 and \$2,706,151 for 2022) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,046,034 for 2022 and \$1,828,606 for 2022) and state and federal revenues (\$2,554,567 for 2023 and \$2,493,254) for 2022. In addition, there was \$45,623 and \$192,343 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$25,231 for 2023 and \$16,793 for 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,635,626, an increase of \$470,123, which includes prior period adjustment of (\$10,016) and an increase in inventory of \$4,645. \$1,795,357 or 49% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the general fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,840,269 or 51% is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$321,367, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$15,038). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$41,680, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$5,022 and an increase in inventory in the amount of \$4,645. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	no increase or decrease
ESSER II Fund	no increase or decrease
QSCB Bond Retirement Fund	\$107,076

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2023, the District's total capital assets were \$6,124,198, including land, school buildings, building improvements, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$100,109 from 2022. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2023, was \$3,016,060, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$145,703, resulting in total net capital assets of \$3,108,138.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Percentage Change
Land \$	30,503	30,503	0%
Buildings	2,346,904	2,418,886	(3)%
Building improvements	118,889	127,660	(7)%
Mobile equipment	597,845	334,113	79%
Furniture and equipment	13,997	15,517	(10)%
Total \$	3,108,138	2,926,679	6%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2023, the District had \$1,427,186, in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$70,401 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$9,741 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	-	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Percentage Change
Qualified school construction bond payable	\$	1,250,000	1,250,000	0%
Installment purchases loan payable		145,723		N/A
Compensated absences payable	_	31,463	21,722	45%
Total	\$	1,427,186	1,271,722	12%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Coffeeville School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2022 - 2023 year decreased by 6% to 403 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Coffeeville School District, 96 Mississippi Street, Coffeeville, MS 38922.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,030,443
Investments	275,790
Due from other governments	547,988
Accrued interest receivable	1,792
Lease receivable	93,031
Inventories	22,824
Prepaid items	14,296
Restricted assets	1,138,851
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	30,503
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	2,346,904
Building improvements	118,889
Mobile equipment	597,845
Furniture and equipment	13,997
Total Assets	7,233,153
D. (10) () (D	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,936,167
Deferred outflows - OPEB	150,810
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,086,977
11.100	
Liabilities	075 500
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	375,523
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	44,079
Long town liabilities (due within any year).	
Long-term liabilities (due within one year):	70.401
Capital related liabilities	70,401
Net OPEB liability	16,199
Long term liabilities (due beyond one year)	
Long-term liabilities (due beyond one year)	1 205 200
Capital related liabilities	1,325,322
Non-capital related liabilities	31,463
Net OPEB liability	351,797
Net pension liabilty Total Liabilities	10,419,851
Total Liabilities	12,634,635
Deferred Inflows of Bosouress	
Deferred inflows of Resources	2 647 952
Deferred inflows - pensions	2,647,852
Deferred inflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - leases	286,442
	113,865
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,048,159
Not Desition	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,712,415
Restricted For:	1,712,415
Expendable:	250 851
School based activities	250,851
Debt service	1,315,997
Forestry improvements	34,212
Unemployment benefits	25,442
Non-expendable: Sixteenth section	40.070
Unrestricted	49,670 (6,751,251)
	(6,751,251) \$ (3,362,664)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$(3,362,664)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statements.

Net (Expense)

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Revenue and Changes in
			Program Revenue		Net Position
		Ob	Operating	Capital	0
Functions/Drograms	Evnance	Charges for Services	Grants and	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Instruction	3,278,468	51,790	1,072,370	18,588	(2,135,720)
Support services	2,705,426	30,744	1,337,513		(1,337,169)
Noninstructional services	393,472	32,103	, ,		(1,337,169)
Sixteenth section	14,142	32,103	373,322		
	14,142 889,658				(14,142)
Pension expense					(889,658)
OPEB expense	(63,496)				63,496
Interest on long-term liabilities	83,860	111.007	Φ 0.700.005	 10.500	(83,860)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ <u>7,301,530</u>	114,637	\$2,783,205	\$18,588	(4,385,100)
	General Revenues: Taxes:				
	General purpose lev	ies			1,947,064
	Debt purpose levies				98,970
	Unrestricted grants an	d contributions:			
	State				2,468,773
	Federal				85,794
	Unrestricted investmen	J			25,231
	Sixteenth section sour	ces			45,623
	Other				6,642
	Total General Revenue	es			4,678,097
	Change in Net Posi	tion			292,997
	Net Position (Deficit) -		eviously reported		(3,645,645)
	Prior Period Adjustmer				(10,016)
	Net Position (Deficit) -		stated		(3,655,661)
	Net Position (Deficit) -	Ending			\$(3,362,664)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT *BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS* JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Title I Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents Investments Due from other governments Accrued interest receivable Lease receivable Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items Total Assets	\$ 1,501,565 275,790 68,098 93,031 440,228 14,296 \$ 2,393,008	\$ 103,450 \$ 103,450
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances:		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 368,789 368,789	\$ 103,450 103,450
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Leases Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	113,865 113,865	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Permanent fund principal Inventory Prepaid items	 14,296	
Restricted: Unemployment benefits Forestry improvement purposes Debt service Grant Activities Ad valorem Food Service	 60,189	
Assigned: Activity fund Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	40,512 1,795,357 1,910,354 \$2,393,008	 \$\$

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ESSER II Fund	QSCB Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 175,188 \$ 175,188	\$ 73,737 176,181 839,250 1,792 \$ 1,090,960	\$ 541,143 13 37,404 201,252 22,824 \$ 802,636	\$ 2,116,445 176,194 1,152,444 547,988 1,792 93,031 440,228 22,824 14,296 \$ 4,565,242	
\$ 175,188 175,188	\$ 	\$ 6,734 161,590 168,324	\$ 375,523 440,228 815,751	
			113,865 113,865	
 	 	49,670 22,824 	49,670 22,824 14,296	
 	 1,090,960 	25,442 34,212 269,116 111,120 121,928	25,442 34,212 1,360,076 111,120 60,189 121,928	
 \$\$	1,090,960 \$ 1,090,960	634,312 \$ 802,636	40,512 1,795,357 3,635,626 \$4,565,242	

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 3,635,626
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Liabilities due in one year are not reported in the funds Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for installment purchase loans which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	3,108,138 (86,600) (1,250,000) (44,079) (31,463) (75,322) (10,419,851) (2,647,852) 4,936,167 (351,797) (286,442) 150,810
Rounding difference Net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,362,664)

The notes to the financial statements are integral part of this statement.

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Title I Fund
Revenues:		
Local sources	\$ 2,005,466	\$
State sources	2,758,274	
Federal sources	17,544	446,243
Sixteenth section sources	31,271	
Total Revenues	4,812,555	446,243
Expenditures:		
Instruction	2,368,430	413,029
Support services	2,050,037	29,222
Noninstructional services	7,123	3,992
Sixteenth section		
Debt service:		
Principal	79,277	
Interest	5,508	
Other		
Total Expenditures	4,510,375	446,243
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	302,180	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Loan issued	225,000	
Insurance loss recoveries	30,744	
Sale of transportation equipment	4,800	
Transfers in	18,278	
Other financing sources		
Transfers out	(30,844)	
Other financing uses	(213,753)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	34,225	
Net Change in Fund Balances	336,405	
Net Change in Fund Balances		
Fund Balances:		
July 1, 2022	1,588,987	
Prior period adjustments	(15,038)	
July 1, 2022, as restated	1,573,949	
Increase (decrease) in inventory		
June 30, 2023	\$1,910,354	\$

The notes to the financial statements are integral part of this statement.

	ESSER II Fund	QSCB Retire Fui	ment	G	Other overnmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
\$	 440,539 		23,028 68,250	\$	135,782 124,379 1,497,436 15,572	\$	2,164,276 2,882,653 2,470,012 46,843
	440,539		91,278	_	1,773,169	-	7,563,784
	147,417 293,122 	 			389,014 862,494 393,922 14,142		3,317,890 3,234,875 405,037 14,142
	 440,539		76,250 2,102 78,352	_	 1,659,572	-	79,277 81,758 2,102 7,135,081
_			12,926	_	113,597	_	428,703
	 				 		225,000 30,744
							4,800
			94,150		30,844		143,272
			67,551		 (112,428)		67,551 (143,272)
			(67,551)		(112,420)		(281,304)
			94,150	_	(81,584)	-	46,791
		1	07,076		32,013	-	475,494
	 		83,884	_	592,632 5,022 597,654	-	3,165,503 (10,016) 3,155,487
\$			90,960	\$	4,645 634,312	\$ ₌	4,645 3,635,626

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	475,494
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds. All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Change in inventory affects fund balance in the funds but affects expense in SOA. Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds. Proceeds of installment purchase loan is recognized as other financial resources in the funds but not revenue in the SOA. OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced the OPL. Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL. Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.		360,405 (145,703) (28,443) (4,800) 79,277 4,645 (9,741) (225,000) 17,232 595,793 (889,658)
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.		63,496
Change in net position of governmental activities	Ф	292,997

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Coffeeville since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the Coffeeville School District's board but does not have financial accountability for the Coffeeville School District.

For financial reporting purposes, Coffeeville School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

assets.

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund educational services to low-income, program eligible students.

ESSER II Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program funds for COVID-19, authorized by the CARES Act.

QSCB Bond Retirement Fund – This fund accounts for the sinking fund activities of the qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the School District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the firstin, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building Improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district reports \$4,936,167 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$150,810 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The school district reports \$2,647,852 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan, \$286,442 related to its OPEB plan and \$113,865 related to leases.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses 4.00% to calculate the present value of lease payments when the school district is the lessor in leases involving 16th Section lands. See Note 6 for details.

10. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Staement No. 96, Subscription-Based information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (GASB 96) to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance and consistency of information about SBITAs.

11. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

14. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the approval of the type and amount of the commitment through a formal order of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of local revenues or expenditures.

15. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was implemented during the 2023 fiscal year. Prior to the issuance of this

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

statement there was no accounting or financial reporting guidance specifically for SBITAs. The purposes of the standard is to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatablity, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$2,116,445.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2023, none of the district's bank balance of \$2,544,687 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$176,194.

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(In years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government Securities	AA+	1-5 years	\$ 839,250
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	1 year or less	313,194
Total			\$ <u>1,152,444</u>

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

• U.S. government securities and certificates of deposit type of investments of \$1,152,444 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2023, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Investments</u>
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 839,250	73%
Certificates of Deposit	313,194	27%
Total	\$ <u>1,152,444</u>	<u>100%</u>

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 103,450
	ESSER II Fund	175,188
	Other Governmental Funds	 161,590
Total		\$ 440,228

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 18,278
QSCB Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	94,150
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 30,844
Total		\$ 143,272

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash and investment balances totaling \$12,266 and \$37,404, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's program.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$73,737, \$176,181 and \$839,250 respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$13 of the MAEP Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7-1-2022	Additions	Retirements	Balance 6-30-2023
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_			-	
Land	\$	30,503			30,503
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	30,503	0	0	30,503
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		4,402,146			4,402,146
Building improvements		219,276			219,276
Mobile equipment		833,703	360,405	260,296	933,812
Furniture and equipment	_	538,461			538,461
Total depreciable capital assets	_	5,993,586	360,405	260,296	6,093,695
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		1,983,260	71,982		2,055,242
Building improvements		91,616	8,771		100,387
Mobile equipment		499,590	63,430	227,053	335,967
Furniture and equipment		522,944	1,520		524,464
Total accumulated depreciation	_	3,097,410	145,703	227,053	3,016,060
	_				
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	2,896,176	214,702	33,243	3,077,635
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ _	2,926,679	214,702	33,243	3,108,138

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Instruction	\$ 101,992
Support services	29,141
Non-instructional	14,570
Total depreciation expense	\$ 145,703

Note 6 - Leases

As Lessor:

Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust land and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools.

The school district uses the rate of 4% interest to calculate the present value of sixteenth section lease rental payments.

The school district, acting as lessor, has entered in 9 leases involving the leasing of the right to use Sixteenth Section school lands. Such leases are for a term that corresponds with state law in accordance with the type of lease executed. As of June 30, 2023, the School District recognized a lease receivable of \$93,031 and deferred inflow of resources of \$113,865 related to the Sixteenth section land leases.

In fiscal year 2023, the school district recognized \$50,885 in revenue related to Sixteenth section land leases.

Note 7 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due within
	7-1-2022	Additions	Reductions	6-30-2023	one year
A. Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$ 1,250,000			1,250,000	
B. Installment purchases loans payable		225,000	79,277	145,723	70,401
C. Compensated absences payable	21,722	9,741		31,463	
Total	\$ 1,271,722	234,741	79,277	1,427,186	70,401

A. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more full explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the Coffeeville School District that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
_				='		_
QSCB, Series 2011	6.10%	01-27-11	12-01-25	\$	1,250,000	1,250,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending	3			
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$		76,250	76,250
2025			76,250	76,250
2026		1,250,000	76,250	1,326,250
Total	\$	1,250,000	228,750	1,478,750

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund.

B. Installment purchases loans payable

The school district has entered into one installment purchase agreement as listed below. Property under these installment purchases agreements are composed of the following:

Debt currently outstanding as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Buses	6.99%	05-30-23	06-30-25	\$ 225,000	145,723

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Endin	g			
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	70,401	10,186	80,587
2025		75,322	5,265	80,587
Total	\$	145,723	15,451	161,174

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2023 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, were \$595,793, \$606,390, and \$442,620, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school district reported a liability of \$10,419,851 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2023 net pension liability was 0.050622 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022. This was an increase of 0.012364 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$889,658. At June 30, 2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	93,220	\$		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				1,264,993	
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between		272,361			
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,974,793		1,382,859	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		595,793			
Total	\$	4,936,167	\$	2,647,852	

\$595,793 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 369,269
2025	321,469
2026	436,375
2027	565,409
Total	\$ 1,692,522

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS. H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	25.00%	4.60%
International Equity	20.00%	4.50%
Global Equity	12.00%	4.85%
Fixed Income	18.00%	1.40%
Real Estate	10.00%	3.65%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.00%
Private Infrastructure	2.00%	4.00%
Private Credit	2.00%	4.00%
Cash Equivalents	1.00%	(0.10)%
Total	100%	` ,

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease (6.55%)		Discount Rate (7.55%)		1% Increase (8.55%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <u></u>	13,598,968	\$ <u></u>	10,419,851	\$ <u></u>	7,798,828

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et. seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/ junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$17,232 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$367,996 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.07469218 percent. This was an increase of 0.01141098 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$63,496). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	305	\$	159,431
Changes of assumptions		57,395		34,072
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		25		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		75,853		92,939
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	17,232	_	
Total	\$	150,810	\$	286,442

\$17,232 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year Ending June 30:		
2024	\$	(46,066)
2025		(39,813)
2026		(43,514)
2027		(24,373)
2028		647
Thereafter	_	255
Total	\$	(152,864)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 - 17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.37%
Prior Measurement Date	2.13%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Measurement Date	2022
Prior Measurement Date	2021
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense, including	
inflation	
Measurement Date	3.37%
Prior Measurement Date	2.13%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medicare Supplement Claims	7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an
Pre-Medicare	ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2029 FYE

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 3.37 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.13% to 3.37%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2022, the trust has \$1,049,208. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.37 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.37 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.37%)	Discount Rate (3.37%)	1% Increase (4.37%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 405,393 \$	367,996	\$ 335,873

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 342,394 \$	367,996	\$ 396,808

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 48 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies.

Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 12 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$6,751,251) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$595,793 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$4,340,374 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$6,751,251) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$2,647,852 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$6,751,251) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$17,232 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$133,578 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$6,751,251) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$286,442 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the Coffeeville School District.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the subsidy payments amounted to \$68,250.

The Coffeeville School District makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2023 was \$1,089,168. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the Coffeeville School District.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2024	\$ 83,000
2025	83,000
2026	 88,000
Total	\$ 254,000

Note 14 - Juvenile Detention Center

The Coffeeville School District entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated August 6, 2018 creating the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center. This program was in accordance with Section 43-21-321, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) which states a sponsoring school district must provide educational services to youths detained in juvenile detention centers. It was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Attala County School District, Carroll County School District, Coffeeville School District, Clarksdale Municipal School District, Coahoma Agricultural High School, Coahoma County School District, East Tallahatchie School District, Holmes County Consolidated School District, Humphreys County School District, Kosciusko School District, North Panola School District, Senatobia Municipal School District, South Panola School District, Sunflower County Consolidated School District, Tate County School District, Tunica County School District, Water Valley School District, West Tallahatchie Consolidated School District, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District and Greenwood Leflore Consolidated School District. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. The Greenwood Leflore Consolidated School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Leflore County Juvenile Detention Center and the operations of the program are included in its financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 15 - Insurance Loss Recoveries

The Coffeeville School District received \$30,744in insurance loss recoveries related to the storm and vehicle damage during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated to the expense function support services.

Note 16 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities		Amount
1. See explanations below.	\$	(15,038)
2. See explanations below.		5,022
Total	<u>\$</u>	(10,016)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To correct assets and liabilities.	\$ (58)
General Fund	To correct revenues and expenses.	(14,980)
Other Governmental Funds	To correct revenues and expenses.	5,022
Total		(\$10,016)

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Coffeeville School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Exhibit 1

Variances

				Positive (Negative)		
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						
Local sources §	1,708,471	2,005,467	2,005,466	296,996	(1)	
State sources	2,717,777	2,758,273	2,758,274	40,496	1	
Federal sources	20,934	17,544	17,544	(3,390)	-	
Sixteenth section sources		52,105	31,271	52,105	(20,834)	
Total Revenues	4,447,182	4,833,389	4,812,555	386,207	(20,834)	
Expenditures:						
Instruction	2,137,245	2,368,428	2,368,430	(231,183)	(2)	
Support services	1,740,893	1,825,039	2,050,037	(84,146)	(224,998)	
Noninstructional services	-	7,123	7,123	(7,123)	-	
Debt service:						
Principal	4,555	83,474	83,474	(78,919)	-	
Interest	14,112	1,311	1,311	12,801	-	
Other	4,000	-	-	4,000	-	
Total Expenditures	3,900,805	4,285,375	4,510,375	(384,570)	(225,000)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	546,377	548,014	302,180	1,637	(245,834)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Loan issued	-	-	225,000	-	225,000	
Insurance loss recoveries	-	30,744	30,744	30,744	-	
Sale of transportation equipment	-	4,800	4,800	4,800	-	
Operating transfers in	76,996	511,327	18,278	434,331	(493,049)	
Operating transfers out	(486,347)	(514,376)	(30,844)	(28,029)	483,532	
Other financing uses	-	(213,753)	(213,753)	(213,753)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(409,351)	(181,258)	34,225	228,093	215,483	
Net Change in Fund Balances	137,026	366,756	336,405	229,730	(30,351)	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2022, as previously reported	462,779	1,588,986	1,588,987	1,126,207	1	
Prior period adjustments	-	(27,563)	(15,038)	(27,563)	12,525	
July 1, 2022, as restated	462,779	1,561,423	1,573,949	1,098,644	12,526	
June 30, 2023	599,805	1,928,179	1,910,354	1,328,374	(17,825)	

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 Exhibit 2

Variances

Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual **Revenues:** Federal sources 377,199 377,199 446,243 69,044 **Total Revenues** 377,199 377,199 446,243 69,044 **Expenditures:** (230,169) Instruction 318,041 548,210 413,029 135,181 Support services 24,261 30,072 29,222 (5,811)850 Noninstructional services 7,018 12,850 3,992 8,858 (5,832)349,320 591,132 446,243 144,889 Total Expenditures (241,812)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 27,879 (213,933)(241,812)213,933 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (62,242)(61,392)(850)61,392 (850) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (62,242)(61,392)61,392 Net Change in Fund Balances (34,363)(275, 325)(240,962)275,325 Fund Balances: July 1, 2022 (276, 134)276,134 June 30, 2023 (310,497) (275,325)35,172 275,325

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER II Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 Exhibit 3

Variances

					v arrances		
					Positive (N	Negative)	
	Budgeted A		Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	-	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:	-						
Federal sources	\$	550,154	550,154	440,539	-	(109,615)	
Total Revenues	_	550,154	550,154	440,539		(109,615)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		153,529	134,507	147,417	19,022	(12,910)	
Support services		246,672	380,917	293,122	(134,245)	87,795	
Total Expenditures	_	400,201	515,424	440,539	(115,223)	74,885	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	149,953	34,730	<u> </u>	(115,223)	(34,730)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(100,745)	(100,745)			100,745	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(100,745)	(100,745)	-		100,745	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	49,208	(66,015)	<u> </u>	(115,223)	66,015	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2022		(1,013,152)	_	-	1,013,152	-	
June 30, 2023	\$ _	(963,944)	(66,015)	-	897,929	66,015	

Coffeeville School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$\frac{2023}{10,419,851}	2022 5,654,700	<u>2021</u> 9,724,138	2020 8,605,465	2019 8,653,469	2018 8,282,274	<u>2017</u> 9,549,827	2016 8,787,734	2015 6,497,076
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.050622%	0.038258%	0.050231%	0.048917%	0.052026%	0.049823%	0.053463%	0.056849%	0.053526%
District's covered payroll	3,485,000	2,543,793	3,344,736	2,883,718	3,322,330	3,196,165	3,420,178	3,551,606	3,270,743
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	298.99%	222.29%	290.73%	298.42%	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.93%	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Coffeeville School District Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2023 595,793	2022 606,390	<u>2021</u> 442,620	<u>2020</u> 581,984	2019 501,767	2018 523,267	2017 503,396	2016 538,678	2015 559,378
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	595,793	606,390	442,620	581,984	501,767	523,267	503,396	538,678	559,378
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 				-			-	
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,424,098	3,485,000	2,543,793	3,344,736	3,185,822	3,322,330	3,196,165	3,420,178	3,551,606
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	s -	2023 367,996	2022 407,330	<u>2021</u> 575,789	2020 692,710	2019 632,699	2018 630,805
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.07469218%	0.06328120%	0.07398908%	0.08163541%	0.08179166%	0.08039727%
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,670,341	3,008,514	3,565,797	3,738,433	3,699,381	3,612,028 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		10.03%	13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.21%	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

^{**} The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

Schedule of District Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	2023 17,232	2022 14,997	2021 16,367 x	2020 22,962	2019 27,766	2018 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		17,232	14,997	16,367	22,962	27,766	26,892 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =	-					
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,046,422	2,636,500	2,441,619	3,344,730	3,185,822	3,322,324
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.57%	0.57%	0.67%	0.69%	0.87%	0.81%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

^{**} The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

 $x \,\,$ A correction was made from prior year to correctly present the amount that should have been recognized.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2020 valuation for the June 30, 2022 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 27.7 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

2018:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

2019:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>:

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

2021:

The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

2022:

The discount rate was changed from 2.13% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.37% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017:

None

2018:

None

2019:

None

<u>2020:</u>

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductions and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

2021:

The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

2022:

The schedule of monthly reitree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2023. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2023.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2030
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.13%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/	Pass-through Entity	Federal Assistance		
Pass-through Grantor/	Identifying	Listing		Federal
Program Title/	Numbers	Number		Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program	235MS326N1099	10.555	\$	394,781
Summer Food Service	235MS326N1099	10.559	_	3,314
Total child nutrition cluster			_	398,095
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			_	398,095
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			_	398,095
U. S. Department of Education				
Direct Program:				
TRIO - Upward Bound	N/A	84.047		370,169
Total				370,169
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ES010A220024	84.010A		553,324
Rural Education	ES358B210024	84.358B		24,868
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ES367A220023	84.367A		118,145
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ES424A210025	84.424A		27,237
Subtotal				723,574
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A210108	84.027		147,263
COVID-19 - IDEA, Part B ARP Grant	H027X210108	84.027X		13,554
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A220113	84.173		1,690
Total Special Education Cluster				162,507
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I & II)	S425D210031	84.425D		501,579
American Rescue Plan - Elementary aand Secondary School Emergency Relief Grant (ARP III)	S425U210031	84.425U		212,285
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal				713,864
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education				1,599,945
Total U.S. Department of Education				1,970,114
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:				
Medical Assistance Program	1905MS5ADM	93.778		5,100
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education	1703111031110111	75.110	_	5,100
			_	5,100
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			_	3,100
Total for All Federal Awards			\$_	2,373,309
			_	

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$30,407 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June $30,\,2023$

Instruction and Other Student

Expenditures	Total	Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 4,756,539	3,364,987	521,884	254,648	615,020
Other	2,378,542	810,837	180,897	665	1,386,143
Total	\$ 7,135,081	4,175,824	702,781	255,313	2,001,163
Total number of students *	403				
Cost per student	\$17,706	10,362	1,744	634	4,966

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

^{*} Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years "UNAUDITED"

	2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,005,466	1,784,066	1,617,211	1,575,497
State sources	2,758,274	2,486,863	2,462,169	2,691,094
Federal sources	17,544	18,269	17,577	103,442
Sixteenth section sources	31,271	172,009	107,516	60,375
Total Revenues	4,812,555	4,461,207	4,204,473	4,430,408
Expenditures:				
Instruction	2,368,430	2,312,097	2,191,615	2,543,795
Support services	2,050,037	1,603,347	1,520,757	1,652,591
Noninstructional services	7,123	506	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	79,277	-	-	-
Interest	5,508	8,158	-	14,707
Other	<u> </u>		6,052	
Total Expenditures	4,510,375	3,924,108	3,718,424	4,211,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	302,180	537,099	486,049	219,315
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Loan issued	225,000	-	-	-
Insurance loss recoveries	30,744	-	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment	4,800	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	18,278	104,314	-	-
Other financing sources	-	-	504,000	_
Operating transfers out	(30,844)	(109,785)	(136,941)	(111,852)
Other financing uses	(213,753)	-	(508,936)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	34,225	(5,471)	(141,877)	(111,852)
Net Change in Fund Balances	336,405	531,628	344,172	107,463
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	1,588,987	1,058,628	702,068	638,460
Prior period adjustment	(15,038)	(1,269)	12,388	(43,855)
Beginning of period, as restated	1,573,949	1,057,359	714,456	594,605
End of period	\$ 1,910,354	1,588,987	1,058,628	702,068

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

COFFEEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years "UNAUDITED"

		2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues:		.			
Local sources	\$	2,164,276	1,922,186	1,736,554	1,699,807
State sources		2,882,653	2,629,661	2,582,358	2,852,444
Federal sources		2,470,012	2,498,452	1,272,673	1,237,531
Sixteenth section sources		46,843	213,960	117,997	61,853
Total Revenues	_	7,563,784	7,264,259	5,709,582	5,851,635
Expenditures:					
Instruction		3,317,890	3,123,770	2,702,913	3,060,257
Support services		3,234,875	3,008,804	2,268,258	2,226,243
Noninstructional services		405,037	340,006	204,335	370,302
Sixteenth section		14,142	19,855	23,098	2,126
Debt service:					
Principal		79,277	_	_	_
Interest		81,758	84,408	76,250	75,519
Other		2,102	2,103	7,946	2,715
Total Expenditures	_	7,135,081	6,578,946	5,282,800	5,737,162
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	428,703	685,313	426,782	114,473
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Loan issued		225,000	-	-	-
Insurance loss recoveries		30,744	-	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment		4,800	-	-	-
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		-	-	-	145,498
Transfer to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	-	-	(145,498)
Operating transfers in		143,272	423,268	376,968	203,886
Other financing sources		67,551	67,551	571,257	8,822
Operating transfers out		(143,272)	(423,268)	(376,968)	(203,886)
Other financing uses		(281,304)	(67,551)	(576,193)	(4,305)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	46,791		(4,936)	4,517
Net Change in Fund Balances		475,494	685,313	421,846	118,990
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		3,165,503	2,441,498	2,004,535	1,946,574
Prior period adjustment		(10,016)	41,446	20,939	(76,823)
Beginning of period, as restated	_	3,155,487	2,482,944	2,025,474	1,869,751
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		4,645	(2,754)	(5,822)	15,794
End of period	\$	3,635,626	3,165,503	2,441,498	2,004,535

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Coffeeville School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

1048 GLUCKSTADT ROAD, SUITE B MADISON, MISSISSIPPI 39110 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Coffeeville School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FONTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC June 14, 2024

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Coffeeville School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Coffeeville School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Coffeeville School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Coffeeville School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Coffeeville School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Coffeeville School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Coffeeville School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Coffeeville School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Coffeeville School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Coffeeville School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Coffeeville School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Coffeeville School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

June 14, 2024

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, which collectively comprise Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

1048 GLUCKSTADT ROAD, SUITE B MADISON, MISSISSIPPI 39110 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033 This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC June 14, 2024

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.555 & 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
84.425 D*	COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Grant (ESSER I & II)
84.425 U*	COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Grant (ARP III)

^{*} These two programs were audited as one major program - Education Stabilization Fund.

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). Yes.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that is required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS



Dexter Green, Superintendent
Lashanda Hoskins, Assistant Superintendent
Jennifer Gaston, Business Administrator
jgaston@coffeevilleschools.org

96 Mississippi Street Coffeeville, MS 38922 Phone (662) 675-8941 * Fax 675-5004

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOLLOW UP

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Coffeeville School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up as of June 30, 2023:

Finding	<u>Status</u>
2022-001	Corrected