

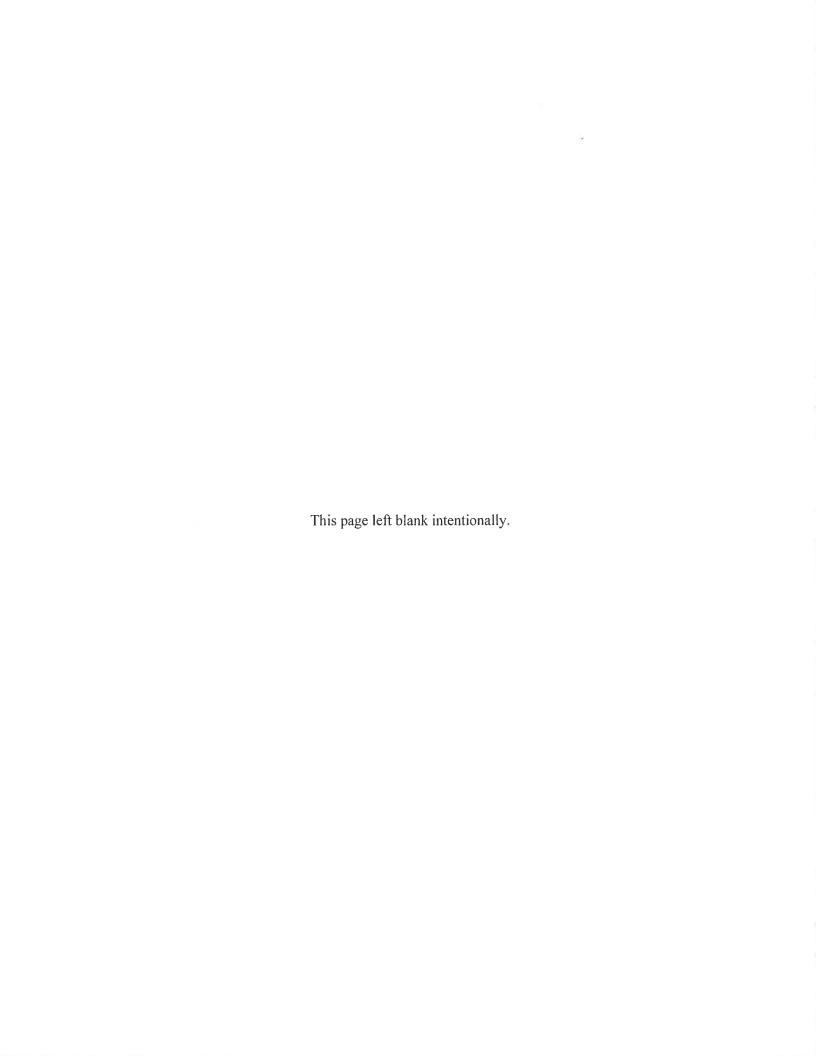
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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Harrison County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Harrison County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Harrison County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Harrison County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, I

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrison County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Harrison County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB), be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Harrison County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been

subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and I do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with my audit of the basic financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, I conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, I am required to describe it in my report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated March 27, 2024, on my consideration of the Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of Harrison County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2023 increased \$3,153,984, including a prior period adjustment of (\$601,370), which represents a 17% increase from fiscal year 2022. Total net position for 2022 increased \$20,357,888, including a prior period adjustment of (\$262,771), which represents a 1386% increase from fiscal year 2021.
- General revenues amounted to \$143,150,238 and \$133,364,043, or 75% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$46,588,382, or 25% of total revenues for 2023, and \$33,212,987, or 20% of total revenues for 2022.
- The District had \$185,983,266 and \$145,956,371 in expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022; only \$46,588,382 for 2023 and \$33,212,987 for 2022 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$143,150,238 for 2023 were adequate and \$133,364,043 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$136,740,061 in revenues and \$134,182,415 in expenditures for 2023, and \$126,554,272 in revenues and \$117,001,430 in expenditures in 2022. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,911,736 from 2022 to 2023, including a prior year adjustment of (\$612,000) and increased by \$5,904,235, from 2021 to 2022, including a prior period adjustment of \$25,000.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$19,211,020 for 2023 and increased by \$13,034,649 for 2022. The increase for 2023 was due primarily to the increase of construction in progress, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$5,742,346 for 2023 and decreased by \$3,060,710 for 2022. This decrease for 2023 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$1,224 for 2023 and decreased by \$89,027 for 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities,

and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are currently reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the governmental wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but

are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$22,043,186 as of June 30, 2023.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

					Percentag	ge
	0 <u></u>	June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022	Change	
Current assets	\$	103,979,566	\$	143,596,568	(27.59)	%
Restricted assets		10,785,540		33,174,501	(67.49)	%
Lease receivable		32,070,133		0	N/A	
Capital assets, net		202,241,115		183,030,095	10.50	%
Total assets	8	349,076,354	-	359,801,164	(2.98)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	12	50,537,359	,	32,229,173	56.81	%
Current liabilities		10,941,956		11,737,908	(6.78)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		65,931,559		71,673,905	(8.01)	%
Net OPEB liability		7,922,209		9,958,475	(20.45)	%
Net pension liability		250,156,670		178,913,347	39.82	%
Total liabilities	0	334,952,394		272,283,635	23.02	%
Deferred inflows of resources		42,618,133		100,857,500	(57.74)	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		139,776,794		120,579,246	15.92	%
Restricted		25,884,699		33,793,217	(23.40)	%
Unrestricted		(143,618,307)		(135,483,261)	(6.00)	%
Total net position	\$	22,043,186	\$	18,889,202	16.70	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$(143,618,307)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	217,209,205
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$73,590,898

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$19,211,020.
- The principal retirement of \$5,610,695 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 were \$189,738,620 and \$166,577,030, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$185,983,266 for 2023 and \$145,956,371 for 2022.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Percentage Change	e
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	3,351,798	\$ 2,259,691	48.33	%
Operating grants and contributions		26,152,465	30,953,296	(15.51)	%
Capital Grants and Contributions		17,084,119	0	N/A	
General revenues:					
Property and gaming taxes		55,476,499	54,203,627	2.35	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		84,507,989	75,249,855	12.30	%
Investment earnings		405,898	(320,227)	226.75	%
Sixteenth section sources		2,712,403	2,968,213	(8.62)	%
Other		47,449	 1,262,575	(96.24)	%
Total revenues		189,738,620	166,577,030	13.90	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		91,388,265	78,132,177	16.97	%
Support services		51,024,495	53,338,346	(4.34)	%
Non-instructional		10,423,197	8,460,905	23.19	%
Sixteenth section		982,311	893,833	9.90	%
Pension expense		31,425,487	3,530,192	790.19	%
OPEB expense		(881,704)	(447,053)	(97.23)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	·	1,621,215	2,047,971	(20.84)	%
Total expenses		185,983,266	145,956,371	27.42	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	-	3,755,354	20,620,659	(81.79)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		18,889,202	(1,468,686)	1,386.13	%
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(601,370)	(262,771)	(128.86)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	_	18,287,832	 (1,731,457)	1,156.21	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	22,043,186	\$ 18,889,202	16.70	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Percentage		
	2023		2022	Change
Instruction	\$ 91,388,265	\$	78,132,177	16.97 %
Support services	51,024,495		53,338,346	(4.34) %
Non-instructional	10,423,197		8,460,905	23.19 %
Sixteenth section	982,311		893,833	9.90 %
Pension Expense	31,425,487		3,530,192	790.19 %
OPEB Expense	(881,704)		(447,053)	(97.23) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,621,215		2,047,971	(20.84) %
Total expenses	\$ 185,983,266	\$	145,956,371	27.42 %
	Net (Expe	nse)]	Revenue	Percentage
	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue 2022	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	nse)]		_
Instruction Support services	\$ 2023		2022	Change
	\$ 2023 (80,593,949)		2022 (64,171,832)	Change (25.59) %
Support services	\$ 2023 (80,593,949) (27,308,183)		2022 (64,171,832) (46,955,439)	Change (25.59) % 41.84 %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$ 2023 (80,593,949) (27,308,183) 1,654,557 (982,311)		2022 (64,171,832) (46,955,439) 4,408,830	Change (25.59) % 41.84 % (62.47) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$ 2023 (80,593,949) (27,308,183) 1,654,557		2022 (64,171,832) (46,955,439) 4,408,830 (893,833)	Change (25.59) % 41.84 % (62.47) % (9.90) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$ 2023 (80,593,949) (27,308,183) 1,654,557 (982,311) (31,425,487)		2022 (64,171,832) (46,955,439) 4,408,830 (893,833) (3,530,192)	Change (25.59) % 41.84 % (62.47) % (9.90) % (790.19) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$139,394,884 for 2023 and \$112,743,384 for 2022) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property and gaming taxes (\$55,476,499 for 2023 and \$54,203,627 for 2022) and state and federal revenues (\$84,507,989 for 2023 and \$75,249,855 for 2022). In addition, there was \$2,712,403 and \$2,968,213 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$405,898 for 2023 and (\$320,227) for 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$104,759,732, a decrease of \$8,255,682, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$609,189) and a decrease in inventory of \$30,772. \$39,496,539 or 38% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$65,263,193 or 62% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,911,736, including a prior period adjustment of (\$612,000). The fund balance of Other Governmental

Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$6,343,946, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$2,811 and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$30,772.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2023, the District's total capital assets were \$300,675,685, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$23,699,401 from 2022. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2023, was \$98,434,570, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$7,438,979, resulting in total net capital assets of \$202,241,115.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	-	June 30, 2023	_	June 30, 2022	Change
Land	\$	4,176,112	\$	4,168,293	0.19 %
Construction in Progress		18,834,808		28,497,590	(33.91) %
Buildings		158,481,213		131,457,188	20.56 %
Building improvements		3,435,994		3,802,339	(9.63) %
Improvements other than buildings		4,247,472		4,585,998	(7.38) %
Mobile equipment		10,895,279		8,723,891	24.89 %
Furniture and equipment		2,170,237		1,794,796	20.92 %
Total	\$	202,241,115	\$	183,030,095	10.50 %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2023, the District had \$65,931,559 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$3,325,741 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$1,224 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

 June 30, 2023	J	une 30, 2022	Percenta Change	_
\$ 49,450,000	\$	50,650,000	(2.37)	%
1,993,123		2,125,998	(6.25)	%
5,457,000		7,264,000	(24.88)	%
8,408,109		11,011,804	(23.64)	%
623,327		622,103	0.20	%
\$ 65,931,559	\$	71,673,905	(8.01)	%
\$	\$ 49,450,000 1,993,123 5,457,000 8,408,109 623,327	\$ 49,450,000 \$ 1,993,123 5,457,000 8,408,109 623,327	\$ 49,450,000 \$ 50,650,000 1,993,123 2,125,998 5,457,000 7,264,000 8,408,109 11,011,804 623,327 622,103	June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022 Change \$ 49,450,000 \$ 50,650,000 (2.37) 1,993,123 2,125,998 (6.25) 5,457,000 7,264,000 (24.88) 8,408,109 11,011,804 (23.64) 623,327 622,103 0.20

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Harrison County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years.

The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Harrison County School District, 11072 Highway 49, Gulfport, Mississippi 39503.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

Statement of Net Position	
June 30, 2023	

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,602,132
Due from other governments	5,886,116
Other receivables, net	974
Lease receivable	32,070,133
Inventories	490,344
Restricted assets	10,785,540
Non-depreciable capital assets	23,010,920
Depreciable capital assets, net	179,230,195
Total Assets	349,076,354
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions	48,309,206
Deferred outflow - OPEB	2,228,153
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	50,537,359
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,549,564
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	1,392,392
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year)	
Capital related liabilities	3,143,000
Bond premiums (discounts)	132,875
Non-capital related liabilities	49,866
Net OPEB liability	389,370
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year)	
Capital related liabilities	60,172,109
Bond premiums (discounts)	1,860,248
Non-capital related liabilities	573,461
Net OPEB liability	7,532,839
Net pension liability	250,156,670
Total Liabilities	334,952,394
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	5,501,252
Deferred inflows - OPEB	4,166,433
Deferred inflow - deferred credit on bonds payable	424,505
Deferred inflow - leases	32,525,943
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	42,618,133

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	GovernmentalActivities
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	139,776,794
Restricted net position	
Expendable	
School-based activities	8,998,424
Debt service	7,213,756
Capital Projects	2,269,903
Contractual commitments	4,718,455
Forestry improvements	73,390
Unemployment benefits	325,850
Non-expendable	
Sixteenth section	2,284,921
Unrestricted	(143,618,307)
Total Net Position	\$ 22,043,186

		Program Reve	nues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Position Governmental Activities
		Ŋ 	·		
Governmental Activities	\$ 91,388,265	1,947,324	8,846,992		(80,593,949)
Instruction	51,024,495	1,947,324	6,632,193	17,084,119	(27,308,183)
Support services Non-instructional	10,423,197	1,404,474	10,673,280	17,004,119	1,654,557
Sixteenth section	982,311	1,404,474	10,073,200		(982,311)
Pension expense	31,425,487				(31,425,487)
OPEB expense	(881,704)				881,704
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,621,215				(1,621,215)
Total Governmental Activities	185,983,266	3,351,798	26,152,465	17,084,119	(139,394,884)
		General Revenu	20		
	· ·	Taxes	US .		
			rpose levies		47,117,249
		Debt purpo	•		5,227,388
		Gaming	50 10 1105		3,131,862
			grants and contrib	outions	
		State	,		83,198,331
		Federal			1,309,658
		Unrestricted i	nvestment earnin	ngs	405,898
		Sixteenth sect	ion sources		2,712,403
		Other			47,449
		Total Gene	eral Revenues		143,150,238
		Changes in Net	Position		3,755,354
		Net Position - B	eginning, as prev	riously reported	18,889,202
		Prior Period A	djustments		(601,370)
		Net Position - B	eginning - as rest	tated	18,287,832
		Net Position - E	nding		\$ 22,043,186

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Major Funds	8	
	General	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Assets	Fund	Funds	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 82,954,664	18,762,144 1,007	101,716,808 1,007
Investments	1.055.100	6,669,857	6,669,857
Due from other governments Other receivables, net	1,977,190	3,908,926 974	5,886,116 974
Lease receivable	32,070,133		32,070,133
Due from other funds Inventories	3,462,373	490,344	3,462,373 490,344
Total Assets	120,464,360	29,833,252	150,297,612
		=	130,277,012
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities			
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	8,581,232	968,332	9,549,564
Due to other funds		3,462,373	3,462,373
Total Liabilities	8,581,232	4,430,705	13,011,937
Deferred Inflows of Resources Leases	32,525,943		32,525,943
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	32,525,943	0	32,525,943
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	41,107,175	4,430,705	45,537,880
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable Inventory		490,344	490,344
Permanent fund principal		2,284,921	2,284,921
Restricted Debt service		8,606,148	8,606,148
Capital projects		5,113,814	5,113,814
Forestry improvements		73,390	73,390
Unemployment benefits		325,850 8,508,080	325,850 8,508,080
Grant activities Contractual commitments	4,718,455	8,308,080	4,718,455
Assigned			
School activities	1,125,388		1,125,388 125,977
School athletics Insurance deductibles	125,977 210,865		210,865
School renovations and improvements	33,679,961		33,679,961
Unassigned	39,496,539		39,496,539
Total Fund Balances	79,357,185	25,402,547	104,759,732
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 120,464,360	29,833,252	150,297,612

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

2		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 104,759,732
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvement other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	4,176,112 18,834,808 223,343,716 11,863,817 8,668,600 21,523,041 12,265,591 (98,434,570)	202,241,115
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(250,156,670)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	48,309,206 (5,501,252)	42,807,954
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability		(7,922,209)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,228,153 (4,166,433)	(1,938,280)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds payable Notes payable Qualified school construction bonds payable Compensated absences Unamortized premiums Deferred credit on bonds payable Accrued interest payable	(49,450,000) (5,457,000) (8,408,109) (623,327) (1,993,123) (424,505) (1,392,392)	(67,748,456)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 22,043,186

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**	Major Funds General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local sources State sources Federal sources Sixteenth section sources	\$49,793,573 83,041,455 1,299,659 2,605,374	9,552,928 1,689,885 41,591,209 117,088	59,346,501 84,731,340 42,890,868 2,722,462
Total Revenues	136,740,061	52,951,110	189,691,171
Expenditures Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Sixteenth section Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service Principal Interest Other	82,368,342 50,839,865 537 973,671	19,454,131 8,533,696 11,701,958 8,640 15,578,703 5,610,695 2,220,502 7,061	101,822,473 59,373,561 11,702,495 982,311 15,578,703 5,610,695 2,220,502 7,061
Total Expenditures	134,182,415	63,115,386	197,297,801
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,557,646	(10,164,276)	(7,606,630)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance loss recoveries Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Payment to bond escrow agent Payment held by bond escrow agent Other financing uses	47,449 663,902 (4,568,733)	5,888,132 (1,983,301) (1,145,540) 1,145,540 (56,540)	47,449 6,552,034 (6,552,034) (1,145,540) 1,145,540 (56,540)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,857,382)	3,848,291	(9,091)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,299,736)	(6,315,985)	(7,615,721)
Fund Balances July 1, 2022, as previously reported Prior period adjustments	81,268,921 (612,000)	31,746,493 2,811	113,015,414 (609,189)
July 1, 2022, as restated	80,656,921	31,749,304	112,406,225
Decrease in reserve for inventory		(30,772)	(30,772)
June 30, 2023	\$79,357,185	25,402,547	104,759,732

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit D-1

Amount

(31,996)

\$ 3,755,354

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

\$ (7,615,721) Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are: 26,931,747 Capital outlay (7,438,979)19,492,768 Depreciation expense In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold. (289,567)The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Premiums on bonds and refunding bonds issued 132,875 5,610,695 Payments of debt principal 327,261 Accrued interest payable 139,151 6,209,982 Deferred credit of bonds payable Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not

Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:

Pension expense (31,425,487)
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 16,144,301 (15,281,186)

Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:

OPEB expense 881,704
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 389,370 1,271,074

Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:

Change in compensated absences (1,224)
Change in inventory reserve (30,772)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

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Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting, the deferred credit on bonds payable and the deferred inflow related to 16th section future lease payments.

See Note 8, 9 and 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses the incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known.

10. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (GASB 96) to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance and consistency of information about SBITAs.

11. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

14. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the school district to achieve and maintain an undesignated fund balance in the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year of not less than 7% of total local and state revenues in the General Fund.

15. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was implemented during the 2023 fiscal year. Prior to the issuance of this statement there was no accounting or financial reporting guidance specifically for SBITAs. The purposes of the standard is to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$101,716,808.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agent

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,007.

Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities		
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value	
QSCB Construction Bond Common Trust Fund	Aaa	1 to 5	6,669,857	

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023: QSCB Construction Bond Common Trust Fund investments of \$6,669,857 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2023, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
Peoples Bank - QSCB Construction Bond		
Common Trust Fund	\$ 6,669,857	100%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Fund Payable Fund				
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$	3,462,373		

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 4,568,733
Other governmental funds	General Fund	663,902
C	Other governmental funds	1,319,399
Total		\$ 6,552,034

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program (Fund 2711) and the district building project fund (Fund 3027) in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfers out of the Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund were for indirect cost. The transfers within the Other Governmental Funds were between Child Nutrition Funds and for transfers to the administrative cost pool fund as approved in the federal consolidated project application.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets of \$10,785,540 represent the cash balance, cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$4,114,676, \$1,007 and \$6,669,857, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund), QSCB Retirement Fund and various other funds which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Increases	Completed Decreases Construction Adjustments			Balance 6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 4,168,293	\$	\$	\$	7,819 \$	4,176,112
Construction-in-progress	28,497,590	21,508,175		(31,170,957)		18,834,808
Total non-depreciable capital assets	32,665,883	21,508,175	0	(31,170,957)	7,819	23,010,920
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	192,172,759			31,170,957		223,343,716
Building improvements	11,863,817					11,863,817
Improvements other than buildings	8,668,600					8,668,600
Mobile equipment	20,579,327	3,712,214	(2,761,120)		(7,380)	21,523,041
Furniture and equipment	11,025,898	1,711,358	(479,045)		7,380	12,265,591
Total depreciable capital assets	244,310,401	5,423,572	(3,240,165)	31,170,957	0	277,664,765
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	60,715,571	4,146,932				64,862,503
Building improvements	8,061,478	366,345				8,427,823
Improvements other than buildings	4,082,602	338,526				4,421,128
Mobile equipment	11,855,436	1,257,334	(2,485,008)			10,627,762
Furniture and equipment	9,231,102	1,329,842	(465,590)			10,095,354
Total accumulated depreciation	93,946,189	7,438,979	(2,950,598)	0	0	98,434,570
Total depreciable capital assets, net	150,364,212	(2,015,407)	(289,567)	31,170,957	0	179,230,195
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 183,030,095	\$ 19,492,768 \$	(289,567) \$	0 \$	7,819 \$	202,241,115

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	2,273,234	
Support services		4,947,469	
Non-instructional	2	218,276	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	7,438,979	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining		
	June 30, 2022	Commitment		
Governmental Activities:				
WHHS Fieldhouse	\$ 1,455,250	\$	2,359,224	
IAQ Energy Services Project	16,389,698		177,279	
Creekbend Football Stadium	228,000		3,401,698	
Central Office Warehouse	761,860		495,008	
Total governmental activities	18,834,808		6,433,209	

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with remaining bond funds, local funds and federal funds.

Note 6 - Intangible Right-to-Use Leases and Subscription Based IT Assets

Leases

As Lessee:

Currently the school district does not have any leased equipment that meets the criteria of GASB 87.

As Lessor:

Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

The school district is a lessor for multiple leases on sixteenth section lands for residential, hunting and fishing, commercial and other leases. The lease maturities range from 1-72 years. The net present value of future lease payments has been calculated using the 4% statutory minimum rate the district would pay on sixteenth section permanent fund loans. At lease inception, the district records a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for future lease payments. The lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the payments received over the term of the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The District has included in its financial statements at year end the net present value of \$32,070,133 for future lease payments as a lease receivable and \$32,525,943 as deferred inflows of resources.

The total amount of inflows of resources including lease revenue and interest revenue recognized during the current fiscal year is \$2,595,622.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,207,485 \$	1,282,805 \$	2,490,290
2025	1,255,748	1,234,505	2,490,253
2026	1,276,342	1,184,274	2,460,616
2027	1,289,751	1,133,220	2,422,971
2028	1,341,341	1,081,630	2,422,971
2029 - 2033	6,984,070	4,586,235	11,570,305
2034 - 2038	5,197,098	3,292,414	8,489,512
2039 - 2043	4,646,683	2,333,844	6,980,527
2044 - 2048	4,147,359	1,414,384	5,561,743
Thereafter	4,724,256	910,309	5,634,565
Total	\$ 32,070,133 \$	18,453,620 \$	50,523,753

Subscription based IT Agreements (SBITA)

Currently the school district does not have any SBITA's that meet the criteria of GASB 96.

Note 7 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		7/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023	one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 50,650,000 \$	\$	1,200,000 \$	49,450,000 \$	1,250,000
	Premiums	2,125,998		132,875	1,993,123	132,875
B.	Three mill notes payable	7,264,000		1,807,000	5,457,000	1,893,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	11,011,804		2,603,695	8,408,109	0
D.	Compensated absences payable	 622,103	1,224		623,327	49,866
	Total	\$ 71,673,905 \$	1,224 \$	5,743,570 \$	65,931,559 \$	3,325,741

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. General obligation bonds, 2019	3-4	6/12/2019	6/1/2039	\$ 54,000,000	49,450,000

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,250,000 \$	1,646,750 \$	2,896,750
2025	2,175,000	1,596,750	3,771,750
2026	2,175,000	1,509,750	3,684,750
2027	2,400,000	1,422,750	3,822,750
2028	2,650,000	1,326,750	3,976,750
2029 - 2033	15,225,000	5,033,500	20,258,500
2034 - 2038	19,175,000	2,438,250	21,613,250
2039	4,400,000	132,000	4,532,000
Total	\$ 49,450,000 \$	15,106,500 \$	64,556,500

This debt will be retired from the GO Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund and the EEF Building and Bus Fund (Special Revenue Fund).

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2023, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 4.5% of property assessments as of October 1, 2022.

This debt is partially secured by an irrevocable pledge of building and bus fund revenues (\$455,230) the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Education Enhancement Funds authorization, Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Aı	mount Issued	Outstanding
1. Three mill notes, 2017	2.575	7/6/2017	7/6/2026	\$	3,000,000	\$ 1,900,000
3. Three mill refunding notes - 2020-A	1.2	12/7/2020	6/1/2025		5,892,000	2,190,000
2. Three mill refunding notes - 2020-B	1.9	12/7/2020	6/1/2026		1,594,000	1,367,000
Total				\$	10,486,000	\$ 5,457,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes, 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 625,000 \$	48,450 \$	673,450
2025	650,000	32,668	682,668
2026	625,000	16,093	641,093
Total	\$ 1,900,000 \$	97,211 \$	1,997,211

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

2. Three mill refunding notes 2020-A:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 1,187,000 \$	26,280 \$	1,213,280
2025	1,003,000	12,036	1,015,036
Total	\$ 2,190,000 \$	38,316 \$	2,228,316

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

3. Three mill refunding notes 2020-B:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	81,000 \$	25,973 \$	106,973
2025		81,000	24,434	105,434
2026	_	1,205,000	22,895	1,227,895
Total	\$	1,367,000 \$	73,302 \$	1,440,302

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	1,893,000 \$	100,703 \$	1,993,703
2025		1,734,000	69,138	1,803,138
2026		1,830,000	38,988	1,868,988
Total	\$	5,457,000 \$	208,829 \$	5,665,829
	_			

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. Qualified school construction bonds, 2012	0*	05/16/12	12/15/26	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 8,408,109

^{*}These bonds were issued as 0% debt with a balloon payment at the end of the term. An imputed interest rate of 2.25% was deemed appropriate in arriving at the amount outstanding.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2023 was 17.40% of annual

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$16,144,301, \$14,557,939 and \$14,004,259, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school district reported a liability of \$250,156,670 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2023 net pension liability was 1.215318 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022. This was an increase of .004844 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$31,425,487. At June 30, 2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•	1050 511	Φ.	1.556.047
experience	\$	4,258,744	\$	1,556,047
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		10,512		0
Changes of assumptions		10,546,937		3,945,205
Changes in proportion and differences between				
District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		17,348,712		0
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		16,144,301		0_
Total	\$	48,309,206	\$	5,501,252

\$16,144,301 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 8,916,060
2025	8,916,060
2026	8,828,904
2027	2.629

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Salary increases 2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	25.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	20.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.85	
Fixed Income	18.00		1.40	
Real Estate	10.00		3.65	
Private Equity	10.00		6.00	
Private Infrastructure	2.00		4.00	
Private Credit	2.00		4.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(0.10)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.55%)	 Rate (7.55%)	(8.55%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 326,480,001	\$ 250,156,670	\$ 187,231,964

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$389,370 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$7,922,209 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 1.60796959 percent. This was an increase of .06085864 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$881,704). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	-		
experience	\$	6,561	\$ 0
Changes of assumptions		1,235,596	733,491
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		547	3,432,227
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		596,079	715
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		389,370	0
Total	\$ _	2,228,153	\$ 4,166,433

\$389,370 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (533,724)
2025	(469,453)
2026	(581,198)
2027	(454,820)
2028	(206,033)
Thereafter	(82.422)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary increases 2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.37%
Prior Measurement Date 2.13%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2022 Prior Measurement Date 2021

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.37%
Prior Measurement Date 2.13%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of

Pre-Medicare 4.50% by 2029 FYE

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 3.37 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.13% to 3.37%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2022, the trust has \$1,049,208. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.37 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.37 percent) than the current discount rate:

			(Current	
	1	% Decrease	Γ	Discount	1% Increase
		(2.37%)	R	Rate (3.37%)	 (4.37%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	8,727,287	\$	7,922,209	\$ 7,230,653

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
	1	% Decrease	Current	 1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	7,371,045	\$ 7,922,209	\$ 8,542,467

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	Error correction - adjustments to capital assets	\$ 7,819
2.	Error correction - restatement of prior year assets	(609,189)
	Total	\$ (601,370)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	Error correction - restatement of prior year assets	\$ (612,000)
Other governmental funds	Error correction - restatement of prior year asset	 2,811
Total		\$ (609,189)

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group (MMWCG). The group is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. MMWCG covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the school district's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of the MMWCG contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$500,000. For a claim exceeding \$500,000, MMWCG has insurance which will pay the excess up to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the pool members would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2023 was \$6,669,857. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2024	\$ 805,000
2025	805,000
2026	805,000
2027	805,000
Total	\$ 3,220,000

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The School District received \$47,449 in insurance loss recoveries related to damages to vehicles and property during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as general revenues.

Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$143,618,307) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

\$16,144,301 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$32,164,905 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$143,618,307) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$5,501,252 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$143,618,307) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$389,370 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$1,838,783 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$143,618,307) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$4,166,433 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The net investment in capital assets of (\$139,776,794) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred credit on bonds payable. The \$424,505 balance of deferred credit on bonds payable, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Note 16 - State Compliance Testing

The Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (OSA) has elected to perform procedures in relation to purchasing and compliance with state laws. This report should be viewed in conjunction with the report from OSA in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the School District's operations. This report and OSA's report will be available on OSA's website at http://www.osa.ms.gov/reports.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 27, 2024, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			2	Varia Positive	nces (Negative)
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources	\$48,682,039	49,793,573	49,793,573	1,111,534	0
State sources	82,853,946	83,041,455	83,041,455	187,509	0
Federal sources	456,000	543,699	1,299,659	87,699	755,960
Sixteenth section sources	2,203,905	2,605,374	2,605,374	401,469	0
Total Revenues	134,195,890	135,984,101	136,740,061	1,788,211	755,960
Expenditures					
Instruction	96,906,870	82,368,342	82,368,342	14,538,528	0
Support services	48,721,634	50,083,905	50,839,865	(1,362,271)	(755,960)
Noninstructional services	3,100	537	537	2,563	0
Sixteenth section	893,915	973,671	973,671	(79,756)	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,000,000	0	0	3,000,000	0
Total Expenditures	149,525,519	133,426,455	134,182,415	16,099,064	(755,960)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(15,329,629)	2,557,646	2,557,646	17,887,275	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurance loss recoveries	0	47,449	47,449	47,449	0
Operating transfers in	27,252,890	20,710,294	663,902	(6,542,596)	(20,046,392)
Operating transfers out	(37,034,062)	(24,615,125)	(4,568,733)	12,418,937	20,046,392
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,781,172)	(3,857,382)	(3,857,382)	5,923,790	0
Net Change in Fund Balances			(1,299,736)		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2022, as previously reported			81,268,921		
Prior period adjustments			(612,000)		
July 1, 2022, as restated			80,656,921		
June 30, 2023			\$79,357,185		

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	,		2022		2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability		1.215318%	1.210474%		1.665870%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔		178,913,347	235,283,639	205,225,670
District's covered payroll	↔	83,666,316	80,484,247	80,929,287	75,976,813
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		298.99%	222.30%	290.73%	270.12%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.93%	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.158152%	1.143972%	1.145656%	1.260410%	1.069512%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	192,635,086	190,166,973	204,642,768	174,057,396	129,878,408
District's covered payroll	73,959,035	73,386,476	73,290,425	70,348,610	65,352,692
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.46%	259.13%	279.22%	247.42%	198.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2023	2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution	€	16,144,301	14,557,939	14,004,259	14,081,696
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		16,144,301	14,557,939	14,004,259	14,081,696
Contribution deficiency (excess)	I II	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	69	92,783,339	83,666,316	80,484,247	80,929,287
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	11,966,348	11,648,548	11,558,370	11,543,242	11,079,906
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	11,966,348	11,648,548	11,558,370	11,543,242	11,079,906
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	75,976,813	73,959,035	73,386,476	73,290,425	70,348,610
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPER

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.60796959%	1.54711095%	1.54724233%	1.54385648%	1.51191105%	1.47284567%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,922,209	9,958,475	12,040,764	13,100,255	11,695,388	11,556,080
Covered employee payroll	\$ 83,666,316	80,484,247	80,929,287	75,976,813	73,959,035	73,386,476
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	9.47%	12.37%	14.88%	17.24%	15.81%	15.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.21%	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	%00.0

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented. 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	⇔	389,370	322,848	400,266	480,184	525,099	492,653
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		389,370	322,848	400,266	480,184	525,099	492,653
Contribution deficiency (excess)	I II	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered employee payroll	↔	92,783,339	83,666,316	80,484,247	80,929,287	75,976,813	73,959,035
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.42%	0.39%	0.50%	0.59%	%69.0	%19.0

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year audit report(s).

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%. The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2020 valuation for the June 30, 2022 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 27.7 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019:</u> The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2020</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2022:</u> The discount rate was changed from 2.13% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.37% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

2019: None

<u>2020</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

<u>2021</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the innetwork medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

<u>2022</u>: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2023. In addition, the innetwork medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2023.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Actuarial	cost method	Entry age
Actuariai	cost method	Elitiv ag

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 6.50%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2030

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 2.13%

price inflation

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	235MS326N1099	\$ 2,858,059
National school lunch program	10.555	235MS326N1099	8,883,321
Total national school lunch program			11,741,380
Summer food service program for children	10.559	235MS326N1099	370,922
Fresh fruits and vegetable program	10.582	235MS326L1603	587,932
Total child nutrition cluster			12,700,234
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			12,700,234
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			12,700,234
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct program: Reserve officers' training corps	12.xxx	N/A	198,006
Total U.S. Department of Defense			198,006
			3
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	04.010.4	G010 4 000004	7 404 557
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010A	S010A220024	7,484,557
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048A	V048A220024	203,268
English language acquisition grants	84.365A 84.367A	S365A220024 S367A220023	96,823 940,015
Supporting effective instruction - state grants School improvement grants	84.377A	S377A160025	73,967
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424A	S424A220025	500,136
Total	04.4247	3424A220023	9,298,766
Education stabilization funds:			
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) I	84.425D	S425D200031	48,214
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) II	84.425D	S425D210031	10,410,840
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) ARP III	84.425U	S425U210031	6,602,306
COVID-19 - Homeless children & youth - ARP	84.425W	S425W210025	22,025
Total education stabilization funds			17,083,385
Special education cluster:		******	
Special education - grants to states	84.027A	H027A220108	3,879,712
COVID-19 - Special education - grants to states ARP	84.027X	H027X210108	625,267
Total special education - grants to states	0.4.170.4	**172 + 220112	4,504,979
Special education - preschool grants	84.173A	H173A220113	107,350
COVID-19 - Special education - preschool grants ARP	84.173X	H173X220113	56,183
Total special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster			163,533 4,668,512
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			31,050,663
Total U.S. Department of Education			31,050,663
The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this sci	hedule		

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Medicaid cluster: Medical assistance program Total Medicaid cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	93.778	2305MS5ADM	11,430 11,430 11,430
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			11,430
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 43,960,333

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, applicable, used for the basic financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out for indirect costs.
- 4. The non-federal entity elected not to use the 10% de minimus cost rate.
- 5. Donated commodities in the amount of \$806,042 are included in expenditures of the national school lunch program.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$806,042 are included in the national school lunch program.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Instruction and Other Student			
Expenditures	Total	Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 126,414,573 70,883,228	96,338,674 19,412,860	2,799,658 796,374	9,061,314 369,062	18,214,927 50,304,932
Total	197,297,801	115,751,534	3,596,032	9,430,376	68,519,859
Total number of students	12,829				
Cost per student	\$ 15,379	9,023	280	735	5,341

Notes to the schedule.

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 49,793,573	48,378,333	49,257,225	48,210,877
State sources	83,041,455	73,732,162	70,943,256	72,867,997
Federal sources	1,299,659	1,517,693	462,634	537,822
Sixteenth section sources	2,605,374	2,926,084	2,101,356	2,493,092
Total Revenues	136,740,061	126,554,272	122,764,471	124,109,788
2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	,,			
Expenditures				
Instruction	82,368,342	73,511,652	71,220,306	72,980,608
Support services	50,839,865	42,595,820	37,681,822	37,082,692
Noninstructional services	537	11,096	1,380	472
Sixteenth section	973,671	882,862	764,549	1,110,715
Facilities acquisition and construction	0	0	0	108,361
Debt service				
Other	0	0	99,593	0
Total Expenditures	134,182,415	117,001,430	109,767,650	111,282,848
F (D. S				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2557 (46	0.550.940	12 006 921	12 926 040
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,557,646	9,552,842	12,996,821	12,826,940
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurance loss recoveries	47,449	200,434	69,297	12,651
Sale of other property	0	39,500	4,000,000	0
Operating transfers in	663,902	275,302	330,063	658,188
Operating transfers out	(4,568,733)	(4,188,843)	(2,155,185)	(16,895,611)
	(0.055.00)			(1 < 0.0 / 550)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,857,382)	(3,673,607)	2,244,175	(16,224,772)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,299,736)	5,879,235	15,240,996_	(3,397,832)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	81,268,921	75,364,686	60,123,690	62,901,081
Prior period adjustments	(612,000)	25,000	00,123,070	02,501,001
Fund Reclassification - GASB 84	012,000)	0	0	620,441
Beginning of period, as restated	80,656,921	75,389,686	60,123,690	63,521,522
Dogiming of portou, as restated	00,030,721	75,555,000		00,021,022
End of period	\$ 79,357,185	81,268,921	75,364,686	60,123,690

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues	A 50 0 4 6 50 1	~ < 1.40 001	57 500 007	50 100 004
Local sources	\$ 59,346,501	56,143,091	57,592,837	58,130,034
State sources	84,731,340	75,266,252	73,331,786	75,516,307
Federal sources	42,890,868	30,936,899	36,028,895	24,299,879
Sixteenth section sources	2,722,462	2,968,213	2,107,644	2,657,364
Total Revenues	189,691,171	165,314,455	169,061,162	160,603,584
Expenditures				
Instruction	101,822,473	88,657,339	95,312,387	85,314,120
Support services	59,373,561	53,181,838	48,361,125	49,145,320
Noninstructional services	11,702,495	9,617,807	8,273,189	9,001,120
Sixteenth section	982,311	893,833	777,979	1,130,404
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service	15,578,703	16,361,145	31,279,911	16,747,839
Principal	5,610,695	2,752,000	17,054,610	2,310,000
Interest	2,220,502	1,893,480	2,728,084	2,109,958
Other	7,061	9,600	200,860	239,937
Total Expenditures	197,297,801	173,367,042	203,988,145	165,998,698
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,606,630)	(8,052,587)	(34,926,983)	(5,395,114)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of refunding bonds	0	0	7,486,000	0
Insurance loss recoveries	47,449	1,083,921	982,926	12,651
Sale of other property	0	39,500	4,000,000	0
Operating transfers in	6,552,034	5,610,923	2,810,509	17,553,799
Payment held by bond escrow agent	1,145,540	809,998	1,091,896	1,138,630
Operating transfers out	(6,552,034)	(5,610,923)	(2,810,509)	(17,553,799)
Payment to bond escrow agent	(1,145,540)	(809,998)	(1,091,896)	(1,138,630)
Other financing uses	(56,540)	0	0	(1,130,030)
Other infancing uses	(30,340)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,091)	1,123,421	12,468,926	12,651
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,615,721)	(6,929,166)	(22,458,057)	(5,382,463)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	113,015,414	120,031,976	142,562,440	146,880,387
Prior period adjustments	(609,189)	36,094	0	0
Fund Reclassification - GASB 84	0	0	0	620,441
Beginning of period, as restated	112,406,225	120,068,070	142,562,440	147,500,828
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(30,772)	(123,490)	(72,407)	444,075
End of period	\$ 104,759,732	113,015,414	120,031,976	142,562,440

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

CHARLES L. SHIVERS

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, Mississippi 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Harrison County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Harrison County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated March 27, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Harrison County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that I consider to be material weaknesses (2023-001).

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Harrison County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on

the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Harrison County School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Harrison County School District's response to the finding identified in my audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Harrison County School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS March 27, 2024

CHARLES L. SHIVERS

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, Mississippi 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Harrison County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Harrison County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Harrison County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Harrison County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Harrison County School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

I am required to be independent of Harrison County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Harrison County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Harrison County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Harrison County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Harrison County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, I did

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Harrison County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Harrison County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Harrison County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS March 27, 2024

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Federal program identified as major program:

Assistance Listing

<u>Number</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I – grants to local education agencies
84.425D	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) I
84.425D	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) II
84.425U	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) ARP III
84.425W	COVID-19 – Homeless Children and Youth (ESSER) ARP

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$1,318,810

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Deficiencies identified that are considered to be material weaknesses.

Finding 2023-001

CONDITION: Material auditor adjustments were made to correctly state certain account balances and classes of transactions. The adjustments were:

HARRISON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

General Fund

- o To decrease the 16th section lease receivable (GASB 87) which was carried forward from the prior year.
- o To record federal e-rate revenue.
- Other Governmental Funds
 - O To reduce accounts payable and related expenditures when the transaction did not meet the criteria for accrual.

CRITERIA: The account balances and classes of transactions on the district's financial statements should be presented as materially correct.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition was a result of oversight and error by district staff.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition resulted in materially misstated financial statements. The auditor adjustments as approved by district management did correct the financial statement presentation. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that district management exercise caution and due diligence when closing out and preparing the year-end financial statements.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS: In agreement. See the school district's response in the Correction Action Plan in this report.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Harrison County School District

11072 Highway 49 Gulfport, MS 39503 Telephone: (228)539-6500 Facsimile: (228)539-6507 E. Mitchell King, Superintendent of Education

Corrective Action Plan

March 27, 2024

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(a), the Harrison County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Finding 2023-001

Corrective Action Plan

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action: Business Manager
- b. Description of correction action to be taken: We will continue to exercise caution and due diligence when closing out and preparing the year end statements.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: June 30, 2024

Sincerely,

Superintendent of Education

Harrison County School District 11072 Highway 49 Gulfport, MS 39503 Telephone: (228)539-6500 Facsimile: (228)539-6507

E. Milchell King. Superintendent of Education

Summary of Prior Audit Findings

March 27, 2024

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(b), the Harrison County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following Summary of Prior Audit Findings as of June 30, 2023.

Finding	Status
2022 - 001	Corrected
2022 - 002	Corrected

Sincerely,

Superintendent of Education