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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Ocean Springs School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Ocean Springs School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and

therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Ocean Springs School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 5-13, 47-49, 50, 51, 52 & 53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying

accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2023, on our consideration of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni. MS

October 19, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of Ocean Springs School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2023 increased \$1,717,982, which represents a 12% increase from fiscal year 2022. Total net position for 2022 increased \$4,732,325, including a prior period adjustment of (\$12,294), which represents a 24% increase from fiscal year 2021.
- General revenues amounted to \$55,130,116 and \$52,314,201, or 76% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$17,234,657, or 24% of total revenues for 2023, and \$13,149,210, or 20% of total revenues for 2022.
- The District had \$70,646,791 and \$60,718,792 in expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022; only \$17,234,657 for 2023 and \$13,149,210 for 2022 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$55,130,116 for 2023 and \$52,314,201 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$55,693,203 in revenues and \$53,983,426 in expenditures for 2023, and \$50,390,290 in revenues and \$47,956,914 in expenditures in 2022. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$480,965 from 2022 to 2023, and increased by \$1.166.599 from 2021 to 2022.
- Capital assets, including SBITAs, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$3,319,219, for 2023 and decreased by \$1,285,944, including a prior period adjustment of (\$12,294) for 2022. The increase for 2023 was due primarily to construction in progress coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$1,346,960, including the SBITA liability, for 2023 and decreased by \$4,059,923 for 2022. This decrease for 2023 was due primarily to the issuance three mill notes payable net of principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$21,873 for 2023 and decreased by \$32,416 for 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$13,103,808 as of June 30, 2023.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	 June 30, 2023	 June 30, 2022	Change)
Current assets	\$ 19,986,542	\$ 19,495,868	2.52	%
Restricted assets	1,374,878	446,516	207.91	%
Capital assets, net	66,915,534	63,596,315	5.22	%
Total assets	88,276,954	83,538,699	5.67	%
Deferred outflows of resources	20,185,644	17,684,412	14.14	%
Current liabilities	3,416,727	2,968,928	15.08	%
Long-term debt outstanding	12,413,223	13,893,145	-10.65	%
SBITA liability	154,835	-	N/A	%
Net OPEB liability	2,956,162	3,769,026	-21.57	%
Net pension liability	 100,982,510	72,142,278	39.98	%
Total liabilities	119,923,457	92,773,377	29.26	%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,642,949	23,271,524	-92.94	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	56,629,283	51,257,042	10.48	%
Restricted	5,525,121	7,347,993	-24.81	%
Unrestricted	(75,258,212)	(73,426,825)	-2.49	%
Total net position	\$ (13,103,808)	\$ (14,821,790)	11.59	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (75,258,212)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	85,839,907
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 10,581,695

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets, including SBITAs, in the amount of \$3,319,219.
- The principal retirement of \$3,789,667 of long-term debt, including SBITAs.
- Issuing three mill notes payable of \$2,175,000
- Increase in SBITA liabilities of \$154,835.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 were \$72,364,773 and \$65,463,411, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$70,646,791 for 2023 and \$60,718,792 for 2022.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Percentag	е
	 June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Change	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,864,651	\$ 911,955	104.47	%
Operating grants and contributions	12,247,375	11,895,780	2.96	%
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,122,631	341,475	814.45	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	21,550,662	20,904,676	3.09	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	33,242,438	30,997,350	7.24	%
Investment earnings	35,694	31,680	12.67	%
Sixteenth section	5,541	3,369	64.47	%
Other	 295,781	377,126	(21.57)	%
Total revenues	 72,364,773	65,463,411	10.54	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	36,904,175	33,322,030	10.75	%
Support services	20,091,777	18,711,106	7.38	%
Non-instructional	2,773,264	2,719,342	1.98	%
Pension expense	10,577,545	5,609,965	88.55	%
OPEB expense	(285,839)	(116,897)	(144.52)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 585,869	473,246	23.80	%
Total expenses	 70,646,791	60,718,792	16.35	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 1,717,982	4,744,619	(63.79)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(14,821,790)	(19,554,115)	24.20	%
Prior period adjustment	 0	 (12,294)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (14,821,790)	(19,566,409)	24.25	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (13,103,808)	\$ (14,821,790)	11.59	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	Expe	enses	Percentage
		2023		2022	Change
Instruction	\$	36,904,175	\$	33,322,030	10.75 %
Support services		20,091,777		18,711,106	7.38 %
Non-instructional		2,773,264		2,719,342	1.98 %
Pension Expense		10,577,545		5,609,965	88.55 %
OPEB Expense		(285,839)		(116,897)	(144.52) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		585,869	473,246		23.80 %
Total expenses		70,646,791	\$	60,718,792	16.35 %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue 2022	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>	•	nse) \$		
Instruction Support services	\$	2023		2022	Change
	\$	2023 (25,773,313)		2022 (26,363,817)	Change 2.24 %
Support services	\$	2023 (25,773,313) (17,118,875)		2022 (26,363,817) (16,531,045)	2.24 % (3.56) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2023 (25,773,313) (17,118,875) 357,629		2022 (26,363,817) (16,531,045) 1,291,594	2.24 % (3.56) % (72.31) %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$	2023 (25,773,313) (17,118,875) 357,629 (10,577,545)		2022 (26,363,817) (16,531,045) 1,291,594 (5,609,965)	2.24 % (3.56) % (72.31) % (88.55) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$53,412,134 for 2023 and \$47,569,582 for 2022) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$21,550,662 for 2023 and \$20,904,676 for 2022) and state and federal revenues (\$33,242,438 for 2023 and \$30,997,350 for 2022). In addition, there was \$5,541 and \$3,369 in sixteenth section sources for 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$35,694 for 2023 and \$31,680 for 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,992,546, an increase of \$963,193, which includes an increase in inventory of \$30,041. \$9,694,971 or 54% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,297,575 or 46% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$480,965. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$818,642, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ (336,414)
ARP ESSER Fund	No increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue fund(s) is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2023, the District's total capital assets were \$109,228,457, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any net intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$5,245,142 from 2022. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2023, was \$42,312,923, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,040,913, resulting in total net capital assets of \$66,915,534.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

			Percentaç	
	 June 30, 2023	 June 30, 2022	Change	
Land	\$ 2,055,028	\$ 2,055,028	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	5,270,630	638,130	725.95	%
Buildings	48,759,064	50,001,569	(2.48)	%
Building improvements	5,672,935	5,751,473	(1.37)	%
Improvements other than buildings	3,254,886	3,341,457	(2.59)	%
Mobile equipment	1,306,441	1,434,179	(8.91)	%
Furniture and equipment	445,462	374,479	18.96	%
Subscription based IT assets, net	 151,088	 	N/A	%
Total	\$ 66,915,534	\$ 63,596,315	5.22	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 and Note 6 included in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2023, the District had \$12,568,058 in outstanding long-term debt, including SBITA liabilities, of which \$3,847,979 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$21,873 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

_	June 30, 2023June 30, 2022					
General obligation bonds payable	7,171,000	\$	9,758,000	(26.51)	%	
Three mill notes payable	4,150,000		2,955,000	40.44	%	
Installment loans payable	554,850		664,645	(16.52)	%	
Compensated absences payable	537,373		515,500	4.24	%	
Subscription based IT liabilities	154,835		<u>-</u>	N/A	%	
Total	12,568,058	\$	13,893,145	(9.54)	%	

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 and Note 7 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Ocean Springs School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Ocean Springs School District, 2300 Government Street, Ocean Springs, MS 39564.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2023		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,966,481
Due from other governments		2,876,547
Inventories		143,514
Restricted assets		1,374,878
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		2,055,028
Construction in progress		5,270,630
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		10 750 001
Buildings		48,759,064
Building improvements		5,672,935
Improvements other than buildings		3,254,886
Mobile equipment		1,306,441
Furniture and equipment		445,462
Subscription IT assets	-	151,088
Total Assets		88,276,954
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		18,801,669
Deferred outflows - OPEB		940,045
Deferred outflows - bond refunding		443,930
Total deferred outflows of resources		20,185,644
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,368,874
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		47,853
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		3,748,752
SBITA liabilities		99,227
Net OPEB liability		148,116
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		8,127,098
SBITA liabilities		55,608
Noncapital liabilities		537,373
Net pension liability		100,982,510
Net OPEB liability		2,808,046
Total Liabilities		119,923,457
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		88,517
Deferred inflows - OPEB		1,554,432
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,642,949
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		56,629,283
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		2,519,983
Debt service		(33,833)
Capital improvements		2,931,469
Unemployment benefits		107,502
Unrestricted		(75,258,212)
Total Net Position	\$	(13,103,808)
TOTAL FACE E OSTROLL	<u> </u>	(10,100,000)

Statement of Activities	20						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 202	23			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating	Capital	_	Net Fosition
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	36,904,175 \$	787,469 \$	7,220,762 \$	3,122,631	\$	(25,773,313)
Support services	·	20,091,777	,	2,972,902	-		(17,118,875)
Non-instructional		2,773,264	1,077,182	2,053,711	-		357,629
Pension expense		10,577,545	· · · · -	-	-		(10,577,545)
OPEB expense		(285,839)	-	-	-		285,839
Interest on long-term liabilities		585,869	-	-			(585,869)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	70,646,791 \$	1,864,651 \$	12,247,375 \$	3,122,631	\$	(53,412,134)
			General Revenue	es:			
			Taxes:				
			General pur	pose levies			17,836,363
			Debt purpos				3,714,299
			-	rants and contribu	tions:		
			State				33,059,442
			Federal				182,996
				nvestment earnings	3		35,694
			Sixteenth sect	tion			5,541
			Other				295,781
			rotal Gen	eral Revenues		_	55,130,116
			Change in Net Po	osition		_	1,717,982
			Net Position - Be	ginning			(14,821,790)
			Net Position - En	ding		\$	(13,103,808)

				ntal Funds	ï	(101				
Balance Sheet June 30, 2023										Exhibit C
Julie 30, 2023				Major Funds						
								Other		Total
		General	C	Child Nutrition		ARP ESSER		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,532,049	\$	2,210,287	\$	-	\$	1,599,023	\$	18,341,359
Due from other governments		853,252		-		1,375,655		647,640		2,876,547
Due from other funds		1,765,728		-		-		-		1,765,728
Inventories		-		143,514		-		-		143,514
Total assets		17,151,029		2,353,801		1,375,655		2,246,663		23,127,148
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:		0.440.0=4			_	.=0.010	_		_	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,116,674	\$	8,270	\$	152,842	\$	91,088	\$	3,368,874
Due to other funds	_	-		-		1,222,813		542,915		1,765,728
Total Liabilities		3,116,674		8,270		1,375,655		634,003		5,134,602
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		-		143,514		-		-		143,514
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		-		14,020		14,020
Grant activities		-		2,202,017		-		174,452		2,376,469
Capital improvements		1,630,965		-		-		854,039		2,485,004
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		107,502		107,502
Committed:										
Self-funded insurance/contingency		2,184,385		-		-				2,184,385
Student based activities		-		-		-		16,182		16,182
Capital improvements		-		-		-		446,465		446,465
Assigned:										
Student activities		524,034		-		-		-		524,034
Unassigned		9,694,971				-				9,694,971
Total Fund Balances		14,034,355		2,345,531		-		1,612,660		17,992,546
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	17,151,029	\$	2,353,801	\$	1,375,655	\$	2,246,663	\$	23,127,148

	Governmental Funds		
Re	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position		Exhibit C-1
Jur	ne 30, 2023		
Tot	al fund balances for governmental funds	\$	17,992,546
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are fferent because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
	Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Subscription based IT assets, net Accumulated depreciation	2,055,028 5,270,630 81,992,921 8,632,651 4,363,638 4,657,667 2,104,834 151,088 (42,312,923)	66,915,534
2.	Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(100,982,510)	
	Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	18,801,669 (88,517)	(82,269,358)
3	Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(2,956,162) 940,045 (1,554,432)	(3,570,549)
4	Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General obligation bonds payable Three mill notes payable Installment purchase loans payable Compensated absences Unamortized charges related to bond refunding Subscription based IT liabilities Accrued interest payable	(7,171,000) (4,150,000) (554,850) (537,373) 443,930 (154,835) (47,853)	(12,171,981)
No	t position of governmental activities	•	(13,103,808)
.46	position of governmental activities	\$	(10,100,000)

			ental Funds	C I		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Cl						Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023			Exilibit D			
			Major Funds		Other	Total
	G	eneral	Child Nutrition	ARP ESSER	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	· ·					
Local sources	\$ 18,	935,773 \$	934,799 \$	- \$	3,824,256 \$	23,694,828
State sources	36,	493,309	27,526	-	816,912	37,337,747
Federal sources		258,580	2,248,648	4,972,943	3,794,529	11,274,700
Sixteenth section		5,541	-	-	-	5,541
Total Revenues	55,	693,203	3,210,973	4,972,943	8,435,697	72,312,816
Expenditures:						
Instruction	33,	567,712	-	1,830,328	4,528,033	39,926,073
Support services	20,	055,307	384,073	18,544	1,372,449	21,830,373
Noninstructional services		4,975	3,017,714	-	42,060	3,064,749
Facilities acquisition and construction		15,893	162,815	3,122,631	1,481,798	4,783,137
Debt service:						
Principal		222,667	-	-	3,567,000	3,789,667
Interest		116,872	-	-	302,124	418,996
Other		-	-	-	26,940	26,940
Total Expenditures	53,	983,426	3,564,602	4,971,503	11,320,404	73,839,935
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	1,	709,777	(353,629)	1,440	(2,884,707)	(1,527,119)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds and notes issued		-	_	-	2,175,000	2,175,000
SBITA issued		233,314	-	-	-	233,314
Operating transfers in		167,246	-	-	2,066,529	2,233,775
Other financing sources		42,420	9,541	-	-	51,961
Operating transfers out	(1,	671,792)	(22,367)	(1,440)	(538, 176)	(2,233,775)
Other financing uses	•	-	-	-	(4)	(4)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,	228,812)	(12,826)	(1,440)	3,703,349	2,460,271
Net Change in Fund Balances		480,965	(366,455)	-	818,642	933,152
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2022	13,	553,390	2,681,945	-	794,018	17,029,353
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	30,041	-	-	30,041
June 30, 2023	\$ 14,	034,355 \$	2,345,531 \$	- \$	1,612,660 \$	17,992,546

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	933,152
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activiti cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In current period, these amounts are: 			
Capital outlay, including subscription based IT assets	\$	5,443,336	
Depreciation and amortization expense	·	(2,157,532)	3,285,804
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the chan position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	nge in net		(978)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, where repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governments. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred an amortized in the statement of activities:	rnmental s report ebt and		, ,
Bonds and notes issued		(2,175,000)	
Subscription IT liability issued		(233,314)	
Payments of debt principal		3,789,667	
Accrued interest payable		8,044	1,389,397
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or rethe use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures governmental funds. These activities include:		_	
Pension expense		(10,577,545)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			(4.400.500)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or requuse of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in t governmental funds. These activities include:		6,394,006	(4,183,539)
OPEB expense		285,839	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		148,116	433,955
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. The activities include:		140,110	400,000
Change in compensated absences		(21,873)	
Amortization of deferred bond charges		(21,073)	
Change in inventory reserve		30,041	(139,809)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	1,717,982

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Ocean Springs School District is considered an "other stand-alone government." The Ocean Springs School District is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Ocean Springs since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the Ocean Springs School District's board but does not have financial accountability for the Ocean Springs School District.

For financial reporting purposes, Ocean Springs School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This special revenue fund is used to account for food service activity of the district's Child Nutrition federal program.

ARP ESSER Fund – This fund is used to account for the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund federal grant in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the Ocean Springs School District based upon an order adopted by the school board of the Ocean Springs School District requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the Ocean Springs School District, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the Ocean Springs School District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
	•	•	
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property		**	**
Subscription IT asset		**	**
Intangible assets		**	**

(**)The estimated useful life is the term of the lease or subscription agreement. There is no mandated maximum amortization period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should not be amortized.

The term 'depreciation' includes the amortization of intangible assets.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$18,801,669 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan, \$940,045 related to its OPEB plan, and \$443,930 of deferred outflows of resources related to a bond refunding.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$88,517 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$1,554,432 related to its OPEB plan.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known.

10. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (GASB 96) to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance and consistency of information about SBITAs.

11. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose,

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

14. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is board approval of commitments.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

15. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was implemented during the 2023 fiscal year. Prior to the issuance of this statement there was no accounting or financial reporting guidance specifically for SBITAs. The purposes of the standard is to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$18,341,359.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2023, none of the district's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	ARP ESSER Fund	\$ 1,222,813
	Other governmental funds	 542,915
Total		\$ 1,765,728

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,671,792
Child nutrition fund	Other governmental funds	22,367
ARP ESSER Fund	General Fund	1,440
Other governmental funds	General Fund	165,806
	Other governmental funds	 372,370
Total		\$ 2,233,775

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,373,766 of unspent loan proceeds.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,112 of the debt service funds that is restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance			Completed		Balance
		7/1/2022	Increases	Decreases	Construction		6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:							
Non-depreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$	2,055,028 \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	2,055,028
Construction-in-progress		638,130	4,783,137	-	(150,637)		5,270,630
Total non-depreciable capital assets		2,693,158	4,783,137	-	(150,637)		7,325,658
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings		81,992,921	-	-	-		81,992,921
Building improvements		8,482,014	-	-	150,637		8,632,651
Improvements other than buildings		4,275,448	88,190	-	-		4,363,638
Mobile equipment		4,597,779	59,888	-	-		4,657,667
Furniture and equipment		1,941,995	278,807	(115,968)	-		2,104,834
Total depreciable capital assets		101,290,157	426,885	(115,968)	150,637		101,751,711
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		31,991,352	1,242,505	-	-		33,233,857
Building improvements		2,730,541	229,175	-	-		2,959,716
Improvements other than buildings		933,991	174,761	-	-		1,108,752
Mobile equipment		3,163,600	187,626	-	-		3,351,226
Furniture and equipment		1,567,516	206,846	(114,990)	-		1,659,372
Total accumulated depreciation		40,387,000	2,040,913	(114,990)	-		42,312,923
Total depreciable capital assets, net		60,903,157	(1,614,028)	(978)	150,637		59,438,788
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	63,596,315 \$	3,169,109 \$	(978) \$	-	\$	66,764,446
Subscription IT assets, net (Note 6)							151,088
Total capital assets, net, as reported in the state	ement o	of net position				\$_	66,915,534

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	1,684,180	
Support services		299,580	
Non-instructional		57,153	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	2,040,913	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to June 30, 2023		Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities:	-		•	
Fieldhouse	\$	1,774,315	\$	1,388,765
MS Mechanical		14,625		-
District-wide improvements	_	3,481,690		1,542,704
Total governmental activities	\$	5,270,630	\$	2,931,469

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the District Maintenance Fund, Child Nutrition Fund, ARP ESSER Fund and Three Mill Note Construction Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 6 –Subscription Based IT Assets

A summary of subscription IT asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	 Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	Adjustments	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2023
Subscription IT assets Less accumulated amortization Subscription IT assets, net	\$ - \$ 	233,314 \$ 116,619 116,695	34,393 \$ - 34,393	- \$ - -	267,707 116,619 151,088
Total Subscription IT assets, net	\$ 	116,695 \$	34,393 \$		151,088

A summary of subscription IT liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	Adjustments	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2023	Amounts due within one year
Subscription IT liabilities	\$\$	233,314 \$	34,393 \$	112,872 \$	154,835_\$	99,227
Total	\$\$	233,314 \$	34,393 \$	112,872 \$	154,835 \$	99,227

Adjustments above were to implement GASB 96 for SBITA's that existed as of the beginning of the fiscal year.

Subscription Based IT Arrangements

The school district has contracts for multiple subscription-based IT arrangements for items such as software, user seats and various site licenses. For contracts that have a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the school district recognizes expense based on the provisions of the contract. For all other contracts, other than short term, the school district recognized a subscription liability and a right to use subscription asset.

At commencement, the school district initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The asset is initially measured as the sum of the initial subscription liability amount, payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized in amortization expense on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset

The school district generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate unless the rate that the vendor charges is known. The estimated incremental borrowing rate is the rate the district would be charged for borrowing the subscription payment amounts during the subscription term.

The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the contract plus any additional periods covered by either a school district or vendor option to extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised or terminate for which it is reasonably certain to not be exercised. Periods in which both the school district and the vendor have a unilateral option to terminate (or if both parties have agreed to extend) are excluded from the subscription term.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

For purposes of this note disclosure, subscription-based IT assets and liabilities are grouped into one category.

	Discount			Maturity				Amount		
Description	Rate	Term	Issue Date	Date	Aı	mou	nt Issued		Outstanding	
Subscription based IT liabilities	5.00%	1-5 years	Various	10/31/2025	\$_	\$	267,707	\$_	154,835	

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

	_	- 11	
Year	⊢n	M	na
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June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 99,227 \$	7,635 \$	106,862
2025	55,147	2,703	57,850
2026	 461	16	477
Total	\$ 154,835 \$	10,354 \$	165,189

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 7 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		7/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023	within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 9,758,000 \$	- \$	(2,587,000) \$	7,171,000 \$	2,641,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	2,955,000	2,175,000	(980,000)	4,150,000	995,000
C.	Installment purchase loans payable	664,645	-	(109,795)	554,850	112,752
D	Compensated absences payable	 515,500	21,873	-	537,373	
	Total	\$ 13,893,145 \$	2,196,873 \$	(3,676,795) \$	12,413,223 \$	3,748,752

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Ocean Springs School District. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

			Maturity			Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	An	nount Issued	Outstanding
General obligation refunding bonds, series 2016 Total	1.2%-1.95%	8/16/2016	5/1/2026	\$ \$	18,253,000 18,253,000	 7,171,000 7,171,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 2,641,000 \$	133,278 \$	2,774,278
2025	2,595,000	85,740	2,680,740
2026	 1,935,000	37,732	1,972,732
Total	\$ 7,171,000 \$	256,750 \$	7,427,750

This debt will be retired from the general obligation bond funds.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the Ocean Springs School District is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2022, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 2% of property assessments as of October 1, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited tax notes payable,					_
Series 2019	2.65%	5/16/2019	5/16/2027	\$ 4,650,000	\$ 2,335,000
Limited tax notes payable,					
Series 2022	2.64%	8/9/2022	6/1/2027	2,175,000	1,815,000
Total				\$ 6,825,000	\$ 4,150,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

2019 Series:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 640,000 \$	61,878 \$	701,878
2025	660,000	44,918	704,918
2026	680,000	27,428	707,428
2027	 355,000	9,408	364,408
Total	\$ 2,335,000 \$	143,632 \$	2,478,632

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

2022 Series:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 355,000 \$	47,916 \$	402,916
2025	365,000	38,544	403,544
2026	370,000	28,908	398,908
2027	 725,000	19,140	744,140
Total	\$ 1,815,000 \$	134,508 \$	1,949,508

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total all three mill notes:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 995,000 \$	109,794 \$	1,104,794
2025	1,025,000	83,462	1,108,462
2026	1,050,000	56,336	1,106,336
2027	 1,080,000	28,548	1,108,548
Total	\$ 4,150,000 \$	278,140 \$	4,428,140

C. Installment purchase loans payable

The Ocean Springs School District has entered into installment purchase agreements for the acquisition of buses and band equipment. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Buses	2.63%	7/1/2018	7/8/2028	\$ 852,200	\$ 523,836
Band Equipment	2.86%	10/22/2019	11/1/2023	150,752	31,014
Total				\$ 1,002,952	\$ 554,850

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Buses:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 81,738 \$	13,777 \$	95,515
2025	83,888	11,627	95,515
2026	86,094	9,421	95,515
2027	88,358	7,156	95,514
2028	90,682	4,833	95,515
2029	93,076	2,448	95,524
Total	\$ 523,836 \$	49,262 \$	573,098

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Band Equipment:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 31,014 \$	901 \$	31,915
Total	\$ 31,014 \$	901 \$	31,915

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Funds.

Total on all installment purchase loans payable:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 112,752 \$	14,678 \$	127,430
2025	83,888	11,627	95,515
2026	86,094	9,421	95,515
2027	88,358	7,156	95,514
2028	90,682	4,833	95,515
2029	93,076	2,448	95,524
Total	\$ 554,850 \$	50,163 \$	605,013

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Funds.

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 8 - Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 9 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2023 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$6,394,006, \$5,876,713 and \$5,653,151, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school district reported a liability of \$100,982,510 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2023 net pension liability was .490596 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,577,545. At June 30,

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	1,419,710	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	5,278,340	-
Changes of assumptions	3,474,773	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	2,234,840	88,517
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	6,394,006	-
Total	\$ 18,801,669 \$	88,517

\$6,394,006 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 4,409,008
2025	3,151,422
2026	(720,873)
2027	 5,479,589
Total	\$ 12,319,146

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	25.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	20.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.85	
Fixed Income	18.00		1.40	
Real Estate	10.00		3.65	
Private Equity	10.00		6.00	
Private Infrastructure	2.00		4.00	
Private Credit	2.00		4.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(0.10)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.55%)	 Rate (7.55%)	 (8.55%)
District's proportionate share of	 _		 _
the net pension liability	\$ 131,792,488	\$ 100,982,510	\$ 75,581,249

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$148,116 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,956,162 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .60001173 percent. This was an increase of .0145 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$285,839). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	2,448	1,280,731
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	204	-
Changes of assumptions	461,061	273,701
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	328,216	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	148,116	-
Total	\$ 940,045 \$	1,554,432

\$148,116 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2024	\$ (156,376)
2025	(140,315)
2026	(190,481)
2027	(153,963)
2028	(86,687)
2029	 (34,681)
Total	\$ (762,503)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.37% 2.13%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2022 2021
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.37% 2.13%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2029 FYE
	Salary increases Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 3.37 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.13% to 3.37%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2022, the trust has \$1,049,208. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.37 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.37 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Current		
	•	1% Decrease	Discount		1% Increase	
		(2.37%)	F	Rate (3.37%)	(4.37%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,256,576	\$	2,956,162	\$ 2,698,109	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare						
		Cost Trend						
				Rates				
	•	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase		
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,750,496	\$	2,956,162	\$	3,187,610		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12– Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$75,258,212) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$6,394,006 resulting from the Ocean Springs School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$12,407,663 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$75,258,212) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$88,517 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$75,258,212) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$148,116 resulting from the Ocean Springs School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$791,929 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$75,258,212) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$1,554,432 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$56,629,283 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from a bond refunding. The \$443,930 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to a bond refunding, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 3 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Ocean Springs School District evaluated the activity of the district through October 19, 2023, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Variances
Positive (Negative)

				_	Positive (Ne	egative)
	_	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	18,700,708 \$	18,935,772 \$	18,935,773 \$	235,064 \$	1
State sources		37,054,658	36,493,309	36,493,309	(561,349)	-
Federal sources		284,621	258,580	258,580	(26,041)	-
Sixteenth section		-	5,541	5,541	5,541	
Total Revenues	_	56,039,987	55,693,202	55,693,203	(346,785)	1
Expenditures:						
Instruction		34,602,960	33,567,709	33,567,712	1,035,251	(3)
Support services		20,624,123	20,014,250	20,055,307	609,873	(41,057)
Noninstructional services		-	4,979	4,975	(4,979)	4
Facilities acquisition and construction		200,000	35,735	15,893	164,265	19,842
Debt service:						
Principal		110,035	109,795	222,667	240	(112,872)
Interest	_	17,645	17,645	116,872	-	(99,227)
Total Expenditures	_	55,554,763	53,750,113	53,983,426	1,804,650	(233,313)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	_	485,224	1,943,089	1,709,777	1,457,865	(233,312)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
SBITA issued		-	-	233,314	-	233,314
Operating transfers in		8,140,682	8,390,116	167,246	249,434	(8,222,870)
Other financing sources		-	42,422	42,420	42,422	(2)
Operating transfers out		(9,576,023)	(9,894,661)	(1,671,792)	(318,638)	8,222,869
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(1,435,341)	(1,462,123)	(1,228,812)	(26,782)	233,311
Net Change in Fund Balances		(950,117)	480,966	480,965	1,431,083	(1)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2022	_	13,553,390	13,553,390	13,553,390	-	
June 30, 2023	\$	12,603,273 \$	14,034,356 \$	14,034,355 \$	1,431,083 \$	(1)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

To the real Ended build 30, 2023				Varian Positive (N	
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 87,000 \$	934,799 \$	934,799 \$	847,799 \$	-
State sources	85,000	27,526	27,526	(57,474)	-
Federal sources	 3,765,000	2,248,645	2,248,648	(1,516,355)	3
Total Revenues	 3,937,000	3,210,970	3,210,973	(726,030)	3
Expenditures:					
Support services	337,746	384,073	384,073	(46,327)	-
Noninstructional services	3,254,459	2,987,673	3,017,714	266,786	(30,041)
Facilities acquisition and construction	324,795	162,815	162,815	161,980	
Total Expenditures	 3,917,000	3,534,561	3,564,602	382,439	(30,041)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 20,000	(323,591)	(353,629)	(343,591)	(30,038)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Other financing sources	-	9,543	9,541	9,543	(2)
Operating transfers out	(20,000)	(22,367)	(22,367)	(2,367)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,000)	(12,824)	(12,826)	7,176	(2)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(336,415)	(366,455)	(336,415)	(30,040)
July 1, 2022	2,681,945	2,681,945	2,681,945	-	-
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	 <u>-</u>		30,041	<u>-</u>	30,041
June 30, 2023	\$ 2,681,945 \$	2,345,530 \$	2,345,531 \$	(336,415)\$	1

Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ARP ESSER Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	5,937,574 \$	4,972,943	4,972,943 \$	(964,631)\$	
Total Revenues		5,937,574	4,972,943	4,972,943	(964,631)	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		1,329,414	1,830,328	1,830,328	(500,914)	-
Support services		-	18,545	18,544	(18,545)	1
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,573,160	3,122,631	3,122,631	1,450,529	-
Total Expenditures		5,902,574	4,971,504	4,971,503	931,070	1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	_	35,000	1,439	1,440	(33,561)	1_
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		(35,000)	(1,439)	(1,440)	33,561	(1)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(35,000)	(1,439)	(1,440)	33,561	(1)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_		-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2022		-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2023	\$	- \$	- 9	- \$	- \$	

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	า %	0.490596	0.488093	0.470985	0.459658	0.456415	0.445400	0.441720	0.430000	0.430000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	100,982,510	72,142,278	90,986,539	80,862,911	75,915,375	74,036,949	78,902,222	66,469,520	52,194,127
District's covered payroll	\$	33,774,213	32,489,374	31,361,724	29,936,330	29,146,470	28,571,251	28,249,448	27,070,959	26,389,187
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		298.99%	222.05%	290.12%	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	279.31%	245.54%	197.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.93%	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2023 6,394,006	2022 5,876,713	2021 5,653,151	2020 5,456,940	2019 4,714,972	2018 4,590,569	2017 4,499,972	2016 4,449,288	2015 4,263,676
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 6,394,006	5,876,713	5,653,151	5,456,940	4,714,972	4,590,569	4,499,972	4,449,288	4,263,676
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 36,747,161	33,774,213	32,489,374	31,361,724	29,936,330	29,146,470	28,571,251	28,249,448	27,070,959
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Districts proportion of the net ODED liability	0/	2023	2022 0.58554169	2021 0.56527361	2020 0.56024746	2019	2018* 0.51978458
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.60001173	0.56554169	0.00027301	0.30024740	0.54343190	0.51976456
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,956,162	3,769,026	4,399,004	4,753,929	4,203,715	4,078,275
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	33,774,213	32,489,374	31,361,724	29,936,330	29,146,470	28,571,251
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		8.75%	11.60%	14.03%	15.88%	14.42%	14.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.21%	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	148,116	120,470	151,491	175,432	190,552	173,863
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	148,116	120,470	151,491	175,432	190,552	173,863
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	36,747,161	33,774,213	32,489,374	31,361,724	29,936,330	29,146,470
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.40%	0.36%	0.47%	0.56%	0.64%	0.60%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. (3)

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2020 valuation for the June 30, 2022 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 27.7 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increase 3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

2019: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

2020: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

2021: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

2022: The discount rate was changed from 2.13% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.37% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

2020: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

2021: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

2022: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2023. In

addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2023.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 6.50%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2030

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 2.13%

price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Infor	mation		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023			
	Federal		
Fodoral Granter/Page through Granter/Program Title	Assistance	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Listing No.	rdentifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	235MS326N1099	\$ 369,465
National school lunch program	10.555	235MS326N1099	1,879,183
Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,248,648 2,248,648
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,248,648
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct program:			
Reserve officers' training corps	12.357	N/A	60,451
Total U.S. Department of Defense			60,451
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	37,080
Total Federal Communications Commission	J2.XX	14/74	37,080
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct program: Impact Aid	84.041	N/A	68,024
Total	04.041	IN/A	68,024
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services:			<u> </u>
Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	H126A210024	75,584
Total Page d through Mississippi Department of Education:			75,584
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A190024	883,494
C C		S010A200024	
		S010A210024 S010A220024	
		0010/1220024	
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO048A220024	45,196
English language acquisition grant	84.365	ES365A190024	27,075
		ES365A200024 ES365A210024	
		ES365A210024 ES365A220024	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A190023	238,920
		S367A200023 S367A210023	
		S367A220023	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	S424A190025	93,188
••		S424A200025	
		S424A210025	
Subtotal		S424A220025	
- Capacian			1,287,873
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I	84.425D	S425D200031	81,006
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D	S425D210031	749,674
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal	84.425U	S425U210031	4,972,943 5,803,623
COVID 10 Eddodion Clabilization Fund (ECOLITY Subtotal			0,000,020

Continued on the next page

Supplementary Information	(IO)		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023			
	Federal		
5 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 TH	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Listing No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A210108	1 204 212
Special education - grants to states	04.021	H027A210108 H027A220108	1,284,212
IDEA, Part B ARP Grants	84.027x	H027X210108	277,173
Subtotal			1,561,385
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A210113 H173A220113	18,192
IDEA Part B, Preschool ARP Grants	84.173x	H173X210113	24,925
Subtotal			43,117
Total special education cluster			1,604,502
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education			8,695,998 8,839,606
Total 0.3. Department of Education			0,009,000
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency	07.000	A.I. A	74 475
Disaster grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Total passed-through Mississippi Emergency Management Agency	97.036	N.A	71,475 71,475
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			71,475
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medicaid Cluster: Medical assistance program	93.778	2105MS5ADM	17 111
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	93.776	Z TUDIVIODADIVI	<u>17,441</u> 17,441
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			17,441
·			
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 11,274,701

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Ocean Springs School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Ocean Springs School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Ocean Springs School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Ocean Springs School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$196,957 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 49,932,288 23,907,647	40,593,384 5,429,704	1,563,249 324,270	2,865,099 105,980	4,910,556 18,047,693
Total	\$ 73,839,935	46,023,088	1,887,519	2,971,079	22,958,249
Total number of students *	 5,834				
Cost per student	\$ 12,657	7,889	324	509	3,935

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 18,935,773	\$ 18,207,428	\$ 16,949,823	\$ 16,651,534
State sources	36,493,309	31,734,988	30,559,491	29,984,135
Federal sources	258,580	443,974	264,367	246,995
Sixteenth section	 5,541	3,900	4,245	455
Total Revenues	 55,693,203	50,390,290	47,777,926	46,883,119
Expenditures:				
Instruction	33,567,712	29,877,025	29,195,231	28,783,862
Support services	20,055,307	17,928,354	16,742,390	17,636,549
Noninstructional services	4,975	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	15,893	9,716	-	334,349
Principal	222,667	120,923	138,776	160,113
Interest	 116,872	20,896	25,149	3,809
Total Expenditures	 53,983,426	47,956,914	46,101,546	46,918,682
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,709,777	2,433,376	1,676,380	(35,563)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Installment purchase loans issued	-	-	-	1,002,952
Insurance recovery	-	25,850	16,253	-
SBITA issued	233,314	-	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment	-	2,446	-	-
Operating transfers in	167,246	97,400	62,717	56,556
Other financing sources	42,420	115,000	9,744	1,475
Operating transfers out	 (1,671,792)	(1,507,473)	(2,037,829)	(1,246,569)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,228,812)	(1,266,777)	(1,949,115)	(185,586)
Net Change in Fund Balances	480,965	1,166,599	(272,735)	(221,149)
				_
Fund Balances:	10 ==0 000	10 000 == :	40.000.011	40.000.011
Beginning of period, as previously reported	13,553,390	12,386,791	12,662,841	12,666,341
Prior period adjustments	 - 40.550.000	40.000.704	(3,315)	217,649
Beginning of period, as restated	 13,553,390	12,386,791	12,659,526	12,883,990
End of Period	\$ 14,034,355	\$ 13,553,390	\$ 12,386,791	\$ 12,662,841

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 23,694,828	\$ 22,053,968	\$ 20,750,975	\$ 20,959,505
State sources	37,337,747	32,594,950	32,097,068	31,514,541
Federal sources	11,274,700	10,639,657	8,007,287	4,384,369
Sixteenth section	5,541	3,900	4,245	455
Total Revenues	 72,312,816	65,292,475	60,859,575	56,858,870
Expenditures:				
Instruction	39,926,073	35,921,245	35,477,186	33,073,848
Support services	21,830,373	20,217,338	18,987,710	18,846,741
Noninstructional services	3,064,749	2,908,760	2,161,932	2,383,016
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,783,137	507,399	207,743	2,117,269
Debt service:				
Principal	3,789,667	4,059,923	4,007,776	6,427,113
Interest	418,996	343,635	413,650	452,719
Other	26,940	850	1,735	4,688
Total Expenditures	73,839,935	63,959,150	61,257,732	63,305,394
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(1,527,119)	1,333,325	(398, 157)	(6,446,524)
over (under) Experiancies	 (1,027,110)	1,000,020	(000, 107)	(0,440,024)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	2,175,000	-	300,000	-
Installment purchase loans issued	-	-	-	1,002,952
Insurance recovery	-	56,835	151,078	_
SBITA issued	233,314	-	-	_
Sale of transportation equipment	-	2,446	-	-
Operating transfers in	2,233,775	2,004,533	2,652,659	1,815,981
Other financing sources	51,961	115,000	-	1,520
Operating transfers out	(2,233,775)	(2,004,533)	(2,652,659)	(1,815,981)
Other financing uses	(4)	(899)	(67,907)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,460,271	173,382	383,171	1,004,472
Net Change in Fund Balances	 933,152	1,506,707	(14,986)	(5,442,052)
5 101				_
Fund Balances:	47.000.000	45 470 777	45 540 045	00 740 045
Beginning of period, as previously reported	17,029,353	15,478,777	15,546,245	20,713,015
Prior period adjustments	 -	<u>-</u>	(3,315)	217,649
Beginning of period, as restated	 17,029,353	15,478,777	15,542,930	20,930,664
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 30,041	43,869	(49,167)	57,633
End of Period	\$ 17,992,546	\$ 17,029,353	\$ 15,478,777	\$ 15,546,245

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ocean Springs School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ocean Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ocean Springs School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ocean Springs School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS

October 19, 2023

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Ocean Springs School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Ocean Springs School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Ocean Springs School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Ocean Springs School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material

noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary
 in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances
 and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance,
 but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ocean Springs School
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS October 19, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPOR	RT ON COMPLIANCE WITH	STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, which collectively comprise Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 19, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

October 19, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

— :		04 - 4 4 -	
⊢ına	ncıaı	Statements:	

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No
- 7. Identification of major programs:

ALNs Name of Federal Program or Cluster

84.425D COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency

Relief I & II (ESSER)

84.425U COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency

Relief ARP III (ESSER)

Child Nutrition Cluster:

10.553 School Breakfast Program
10.555 National School Lunch Program

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.