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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 5-13, 45-47, 48, 49, 50 & 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and

relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2023, on our consideration of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, MS

November 13, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2023 increased \$8,841,783, which represents a 123% increase from fiscal year 2022. Total net position for 2022 increased \$5,232,994, including a prior period adjustment of (\$53,201), which represents a 42% increase from fiscal year 2021.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,786,830 and \$10,621,018, or 43% and 58% of all revenues for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$14,447,600, or 57% of total revenues for 2023, and \$7,601,214, or 42% of total revenues for 2022.
- The District had \$16,392,647 and \$12,936,037 in expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022; only \$14,447,600 for 2023 and \$7,601,214 for 2022 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,786,830 for 2023 and \$10,621,018 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,633,552 in revenues and \$10,473,349 in expenditures for 2023, and \$10,978,184 in revenues and \$10,987,011 in expenditures in 2022. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$481,726 from 2022 to 2023, and increased by \$1,500,392, including a prior period adjustment of (\$53,201) from 2021 to 2022.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,511,135 for 2023 and increased by \$1,677,938 for 2022. The increase for 2023 was due primarily to construction in progress coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$68,055, for 2023 and decreased by \$63,813 for 2022. This
  decrease for 2023 was due to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for
  compensated absences increased by \$53,339 for 2023 and decreased by \$7,627 for 2022.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

#### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,663,674 as of June 30, 2023.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	 June 30, 2023	 June 30, 2022	Change	<u> </u>
Current assets	\$ 8,271,675	\$ 7,792,467	6.15	%
Lease receivable	285,202	432,637	-34.08	%
Restricted assets	7,744,901	857,798	802.88	%
Capital assets, net	8,960,257	7,449,122	20.29	%
Total assets	25,262,035	 16,532,024	52.81	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 5,164,442	 4,517,147	14.33	%
Current liabilities	724,324	708,171	2.28	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,120,167	3,134,883	-0.47	%
Net OPEB liability	765,707	976,610	-21.60	%
Net pension liability	22,815,111	15,255,481	49.55	%
Total liabilities	27,425,309	20,075,145	36.61	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,337,494	 8,152,135	-83.59	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	5,989,167	4,409,977	35.81	%
Restricted	8,898,160	2,024,406	339.54	%
Unrestricted	(13,223,653)	(13,612,492)	2.86	%
Total net position	\$ 1,663,674	\$ (7,178,109)	123.18	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (13,223,653)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	 19,473,990
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 6,250,337

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,511,135.
- The principal retirement of \$68,055 of long-term debt.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 were \$25,234,430 and \$18,222,232, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$16,392,647 for 2023 and \$12,936,037 for 2022.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Percentag Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 430,780	\$ 354,698	21.45	%
Operating grants and contributions	12,700,711	7,246,516	75.27	%
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,316,109	-	N/A	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,113,947	3,092,966	0.68	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	6,873,120	7,311,151	(5.99)	%
Investment earnings	97,334	45,837	112.35	%
Sixteenth section	664,066	125,830	427.75	%
Other	38,363	45,234	(15.19)	%
Total revenues	25,234,430	18,222,232	38.48	%
Expenses:	 			
Instruction	8,494,856	7,418,593	14.51	%
Support services	5,112,585	4,931,593	3.67	%
Non-instructional	903,907	932,018	(3.02)	%
Sixteenth section	240,640	40,078	500.43	%
Pension expense	1,593,865	(400,396)	498.07	%
OPEB expense	(133,469)	(89,678)	(48.83)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	180,263	103,829	73.62	%
Total expenses	 16,392,647	12,936,037	26.72	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	8,841,783	5,286,195	67.26	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	 (7,178,109)	(12,411,103)	42.16	%
Prior period adjustments	 -	(53,201)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(7,178,109)	(12,464,304)	42.41	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 1,663,674	\$ (7,178,109)	123.18	%

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total I	Expe	nses	Percentage
	2023		2022	Change
Instruction	\$ 8,494,856	\$	7,418,593	14.51 %
Support services	5,112,585		4,931,593	3.67 %
Non-instructional	903,907		932,018	(3.02) %
Sixteenth section	240,640		40,078	500.43 %
Pension Expense	1,593,865		(400,396)	498.07 %
OPEB Expense	(133,469)		(89,678)	(48.83) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 180,263		103,829	73.62 %
Total expenses	\$ 16,392,647	\$	12,936,037	26.72 %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2023		2022	Change
Instruction	\$ 2,478,061	\$	(3,833,143)	164.65 %
Support services	(2,660,999)		(2,015,699)	(32.01) %
Non-instructional	119,190		162,218	(26.52) %
Sixteenth section	(240,640)		(34,444)	(598.64) %
Pension Expense	(1,593,865)		400,396	(498.07) %
ODED E	133,469		89,678	48.83 %
OPEB Expense	,			
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (180,263)		(103,829)	(73.62) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$1,945,047 for 2023 and \$5,334,823 for 2022) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,113,947 for 2023 and \$3,092,966 for 2022) and state and federal revenues (\$6,873,120 for 2023 and \$7,311,151 for 2022). In addition, there was \$664,066 and \$125,830 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2023 and 2022, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$97,334 for 2023 and \$45,837 for 2022.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,367,057, an increase of \$7,394,439, which includes an increase in inventory of \$17,165. \$6,332,879 or 41% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$9,034,178 or 59% is either nonspendable,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$481,726. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$133,741, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$17,165, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
ESSER II Fund	No increase or decrease
ARP ESSER Fund	No increase or decrease
Public School Construction Fund	\$ 6,778,972

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue fund(s) is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2023, the District's total capital assets were \$14,872,322, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any net intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$1,836,795 from 2022. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2023, was \$5,912,065, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$379,263, resulting in total net capital assets of \$8,960,257.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				Percentag	ge
	J	une 30, 2023	 June 30, 2022	Change	
Land	\$	222,540	\$ 252,540	(11.88)	%
Construction in Progress		330,100	1,172,801	(71.85)	%
Buildings		2,214,132	2,029,415	9.10	%
Building improvements		5,004,366	2,828,255	76.94	%
Improvements other than buildings		399,256	448,802	(11.04)	%
Mobile equipment		556,421	640,250	(13.09)	%
Furniture and equipment		233,442	77,059	202.94	%
Total	\$	8,960,257	\$ 7,449,122	20.29	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2023, the District had \$3,120,167 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$72,525 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$53,339 from the prior year.

# Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2023	Jı	une 30, 2022	Percenta Change	_
Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	0.00	%
Installment purchase loans payable	1,971,090		2,039,145	(3.34)	%
Compensated absences payable	 149,077		95,738	55.71	%
Total	\$ 3,120,167	\$	3,134,883	(0.47)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, 218 Fairgrounds Street, Winona, MS 38967.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2023	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,419,980
Investments	57,695
Due from other governments	748,479
Lease receivable	285,202
Inventories	45,521
Restricted assets	7,744,901
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	222,540
Construction in progress	330,100
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	2,214,132
Building improvements	5,004,366
Improvements other than buildings	399,256
Mobile equipment	556,421
Furniture and equipment	233,442
Total Assets	25,262,035
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,961,546
Deferred outflows - OPEB	202,896
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,164,442
Liabilities	•
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	654,841
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	69,483
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	30, 100
Capital related liabilities	72,525
Net OPEB liability	35,973
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	30,573
	2 202 565
Capital related liabilities	2,898,565
Noncapital liabilities	149,077
Net pension liability	22,815,111
Net OPEB liability	729,734
Total Liabilities	27,425,309
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	557,282
Deferred inflows - OPEB	500,332
Deferred inflows - Leases	279,880
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,337,494
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	5,989,167
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	861,818
Debt service	778,348
Capital improvements	6,778,972
Forestry improvements	301,226
Unemployment benefits	58,188
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	119,608
Unrestricted	(13,223,653)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,663,674

Statement of Activities							Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 202	23						Net (Expense)
							Revenue and
							Changes in
			F	Program Revenues			Net Position
				Operating	Capital		
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	8,494,856 \$	415,874 \$	9,630,769 \$	926,274	\$	2,478,061
Support services		5,112,585	-	2,061,751	389,835		(2,660,999)
Non-instructional		903,907	14,906	1,008,191	-		119,190
Sixteenth section		240,640	-	-	-		(240,640)
Pension expense		1,593,865	-	-	-		(1,593,865)
OPEB expense		(133,469)	-	-	-		133,469
Interest on long-term liabilities		180,263	-	-		_	(180,263)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	16,392,647 \$	430,780 \$	12,700,711 \$	1,316,109	\$	(1,945,047)
			General Revenue	es:			
			Taxes:				
			General pur				3,036,544
			Debt purpos Unrestricted o	se levies grants and contribu	itions:		77,403
			State				6,791,940
			Federal				81,180
			Unrestricted i	nvestment earnings	S		97,334
			Sixteenth sec	tion			664,066
			Other				38,363
			Total Gen	eral Revenues			10,786,830
			Change in Net P	osition		_	8,841,783
			Net Position - Be	ginning			(7,178,109)
			Net Position - En	ding		\$	1,663,674

Balance Sheet											Exhibit (
June 30, 2023					_						
				Major	Fur	nds		Public School	_ Other		Total
		General		ESSER II		ARP ESSER		Construction	Governmental		Governmenta
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
Assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,307,672	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,778,972	1,231,916	\$	14,318,560
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-	214,321		214,321
Investments		-		-		-		-	689,695		689,695
Due from other governments		138,870		159,457		218,597		-	231,555		748,479
Lease receivable		285,202		-		-		-	-		285,202
Due from other funds		562,258		-		-		-	7,634		569,892
Inventories		-		-		-		-	45,521		45,521
Total assets		7,294,002		159,457		218,597		6,778,972	2,420,642		16,871,670
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<b>,</b>										
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	614,708	Ф	12,745	¢	_	\$	- 9	27,388	¢	654,841
Due to other funds	Ψ	014,700	Ψ	146,712	Ψ	218,597	Ψ	- 4	204,583	Ψ	569,892
Total Liabilities		614,708		159,457		218,597		_	231,971		1,224,733
Total Liabilities	-	014,700		100,401		210,001			231,371		1,224,730
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Leases	\$	279,880	\$	-	\$	_	\$	- 9	-	\$	279,880
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		279,880	_	-		-	_	-	-	_	279,880
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory		-		-		-		-	45,521		45,521
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		-	119,608		119,608
Restricted:									,		,
Debt service		-		-		-		-	847,831		847,831
Grant activities		-		-		-		-	816,297		816,297
Capital improvements		-		_		_		6,778,972	_		6,778,972
Forestry improvements		-		_		_		-, -,-	301,226		301,226
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		-	58,188		58,188
Assigned:									,		,
Student activities		66,535		-		_		-	-		66,535
Unassigned		6,332,879		-		_		-	-		6,332,879
Total Fund Balances		6,399,414		-		-		6,778,972	2,188,671		15,367,057
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,294,002	\$	159,457	\$	218,597	\$	6,778,972	2,420,642	\$	16,871,670
					_					_	

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position		 Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2023		
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 15,367,057
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land	222,540	
Construction in progress  Buildings  Building improvements  Improvements other than buildings  Mobile equipment  Furniture and equipment  Accumulated depreciation	330,100 5,120,177 5,654,811 956,938 1,709,352 878,404 (5,912,065)	8,960,257
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net pension liability  Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(22,815,111)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,961,546 (557,282)	(18,410,847)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net OPEB liability  Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB  Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(765,707) 202,896 (500,332)	(1,063,143)
4 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:  Qualified school construction bonds payable Installment purchase loans payable Compensated absences  Accrued interest payable	(1,000,000) (1,971,090) (149,077) (69,483)	(3,189,650)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,663,674

			overnmental Fu	nds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and C	hange	es in Fund Bala					Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023	Major Funds						
					Public School	Other	Total
		General	ESSER II	ARP ESSER	Construction	Governmental	Governmental
_		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	3,462,006 \$	- \$	- \$	41,472 \$	131,028 \$	3,634,506
State sources		7,540,533	-	-	7,000,000	506,500	15,047,033
Federal sources		31,012	1,058,562	1,572,900	-	3,180,435	5,842,909
Sixteenth section sources		600,001	-	-	-	78,578	678,579
Total Revenues	_	11,633,552	1,058,562	1,572,900	7,041,472	3,896,541	25,203,027
Expenditures:							
Instruction		6,198,891	235,258	325,048	-	2,449,108	9,208,305
Support services		3,618,277	737,499	194,243	-	938,086	5,488,105
Noninstructional services		-	-	-	-	1,009,406	1,009,406
Sixteenth section		240,640	-	-	-	-	240,640
Facilities acquisition and construction		415,541	-	1,053,609	262,500	-	1,731,650
Debt service:							
Principal		-	-	-	-	68,055	68,055
Interest		-	-	-	-	141,304	141,304
Total Expenditures		10,473,349	972,757	1,572,900	262,500	4,605,959	17,887,465
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	1,160,203	85,805	-	6,778,972	(709,418)	7,315,562
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		-	-	-	-	90,667	90,667
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	-	-	-	(90,667)	(90,667
Operating transfers in		116,814	-	-	-	1,162,786	1,279,600
Other financing sources		18,675	-	-	-	43,037	61,712
Operating transfers out		(813,966)	(85,805)	-	-	(379,829)	(1,279,600
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(678,477)	(85,805)	-	-	825,994	61,712
Net Change in Fund Balances		481,726	-	-	6,778,972	116,576	7,377,274
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2022		5,917,688	-	-	-	2,054,930	7,972,618
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	17,165	17,165
June 30, 2023	\$	6,399,414 \$	- \$	- \$	6,778,972 \$	2,188,671 \$	15,367,057

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023		•	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	7,377,274
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>	ne		
Capital outlay	\$	1,920,707	
Depreciation expense		(379,263)	1,541,444
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in			
net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(30,309)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while th repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carryin value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Payments of debt principal		68,055	
Accrued interest payable		(38,959)	29,096
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			·
Pension expense		(1,593,865)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		,	
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	е	1,384,875	(208,990)
OPEB expense		133,469	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		35,973	169,442
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		55,515	103,442
Change in compensated absences		(53,339)	
Change in inventory reserve		17,165	(36,174)
		\$	8,841,783

## Change in net position of governmental activities

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a 5 member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
  by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

ESSER II – This fund is used to account for the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II federal grant in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

ARP ESSER – This fund is used to account for the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund federal grant in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Public School Construction Fund – This capital projects fund is used to account for the construction activities funded by the House Bill 1353 grant.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

## 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property	**	**
Subscription IT asset	**	**
Intangible assets	**	**

(\*\*)The estimated useful life is the term of the lease or subscription agreement. There is no mandated maximum amortization period. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives should not be amortized.

The term 'depreciation' includes the amortization of intangible assets.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,961,546 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$202,896 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$557,282 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan, \$500,332 related to its OPEB plan, and \$279,880 related to lease receivables.

See Note 14 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known.

## 10. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (GASB 96) to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance and consistency of information about SBITAs.

## 11. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

#### 12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 13. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose,

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

#### 14. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is board approval of commitments. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

## 15. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was implemented during the 2023 fiscal year. Prior to the issuance of this statement there was no accounting or financial reporting guidance specifically for SBITAs. The purposes of the standard is to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$14,318,560.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2023, none of the district's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk.

## Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$214,321.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Government securities Certificates of Deposit	AA+ N/A	1-5 years 1-5 years	\$ 632,000 57,695
Total			\$ 689,695

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

 U.S. government securities and certificates of deposit type of investments of \$689,695 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2023, the district had the following investments:

		Fair	% of Total
Issuer		Value	Investments
U.S. Government Securities Certificates of Deposit	\$	632,000 57,695	92% 8%
Total .	•	689,695	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 146,712
	ARP ESSER Fund	218,597
	Other governmental funds	196,949
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 7,634
Total		\$ 569,892

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In		Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$	813,966
ESSER II Fund Other governmental funds	General Fund General Fund		85,805 31,009
Total	Other governmental funds	Φ	348,820
Total		Φ_	1,279,600

The primary reason for the interfund transfers was for debt service requirements, federal grant allocations and the funding of various programs within the district.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$119,608, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents and investment balance, totaling \$214,321 and \$632,000, of the QSCB sinking fund.

Restricted assets also include the cash balance, totaling \$6,778,972, of unspent House Bill 1353 grant proceeds that are restricted for school construction projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balar 7/1/20		reases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Balance 6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:	171720	<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>	100000	Dooroaddo	Conocidotori	0/00/2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 252,5	40 \$	- \$	(30,000)	\$ -	\$ 222,540
Construction-in-progress	1,172,8	301 1,4	26,632	-	(2,269,333)	330,100
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,425,3	341 1,4	26,632	(30,000)	(2,269,333)	552,640
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	4,872,5	64 2	47,613	-	-	5,120,177
Building improvements	3,355,7	778	29,700	-	2,269,333	5,654,811
Improvements other than buildings	956,9	938	-	-	-	956,938
Mobile equipment	1,715,3	352	-	(6,000)	-	1,709,352
Furniture and equipment	709,5	554 2	16,762	(47,912)	-	878,404
Total depreciable capital assets	11,610,1	186 4	94,075	(53,912)	2,269,333	14,319,682
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	2,843,1	49	62,896	-	-	2,906,045
Building improvements	527,5	523 1	22,922	-	-	650,445
Improvements other than buildings	508,1	36	49,546	-	-	557,682
Mobile equipment	1,075,1	02	34,000	(6,171)	-	1,152,931
Furniture and equipment	632,4	195	59,899	(47,432)	-	644,962
Total accumulated depreciation	5,586,4	105 3	79,263	(53,603)	-	5,912,065
Total depreciable capital assets, net	6,023,7	781 1	14,812	(309)	2,269,333	8,407,617
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,449,	22 \$ 1,5	41,444 \$	(30,309)	\$ -	\$ 8,960,257

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	221,706	
Support services		126,265	
Non-instructional		31,292	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	379,263	

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to June 30, 2023	Remaining Commitment	
Governmental Activities:	•			
High School Improvement Project	\$	262,500	\$ 157,500	
Athletic Facility		67,600	184,400	
Total governmental activities	\$	330,100	\$ 341,900	

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the District Maintenance Fund and the Public School Construction capital projects fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 6 - Lease Receivable

The school district is a lessor for multiple sixteenth section leases for residential, forestry, commercial and agriculture purposes. The lease maturities range from 1-20 years. Future lease payments have been discounted to present value using the 4% statutory minimum rate the district would pay on sixteenth section permanent fund loans. At lease inception, the district records a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for future lease payments. Lease revenue is recognized systematically over the term of the lease. The lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the payments received over the term of lease.

For the year ending June 30, 2023, the district recognized \$141,417 in lease revenue from lease receivables.

#### Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall ensure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30	Principal Portion	Interest Portion	Total Payments
2024	\$ 78,810	7,938	\$ 86,748
2025	68,499	5,304	73,803
2026	65,711	2,776	68,487
2027	29,651	1,636	31,287
2028	3,267	1,510	4,777
2029 - 2033	17,839	5,546	23,385
2034 - 2038	17,602	1,908	19,510
2039 - 2043	3,823	287	4,110
Total	\$ 285,202	\$ 26,905	\$ 312,107

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Note 7 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	due within
	 7/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023	one year
A. Qualified school construction bonds payable	\$ 1,000,000 \$	- \$	- \$	1,000,000 \$	-
B. Installment purchases loans payable	2,039,145	-	(68,055)	1,971,090	72,525
C. Compensated absences payable	 95,738	53,339	-	149,077	
Total	\$ 3,134,883 \$	53,339 \$	(68,055) \$	3,120,167 \$	72,525

# A. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	(	Dutstanding
Qualified school construction bonds Total	5.32%	9/24/2010	8/1/2024	<u>\$</u>	1,000,000		1,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ - \$	53,200 \$	53,200
2025	 1,000,000	53,200	1,053,200
Total	\$ 1,000,000 \$	106,400 \$	1,106,400

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Debt Retirement Fund.

# B. Installment purchases loans payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Energy Efficiency Loan, Series 2020 Energy Efficiency Loan, Series 2021	4.25% 4.25%	5/21/2020 10/1/2020	4/1/2040 4/1/2035	\$ 1,920,815 217,500	\$ 1,790,708 180,382
Total				\$ 2,138,315	\$ 1,971,090

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Series 2020:

Year Ending						
June 30		Principal		Interest		Tota
2024		60 601		76 10E	¢	126 706
2024 2025		60,691 64,895		76,105 73,526	\$	136,796 138,421
2025		69,332		70,768		140,100
		•				
2027 2028		74,008 78,938		67,821 64,676		141,829 143,614
2029-2033		478,403		268,458		746,861
2029-2033		647,523		153,157		800,680
2034-2030		316,918		20,400		337,318
70139-2040 Total	\$		Ф.			2,585,619
TOlai	<u> </u>	1,790,708	\$	794,911	<u> </u>	2,303,019
Series 2021:						
001100 2021.						
Year Ending						
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
		<u> </u>				
2024		11,834		7,666	\$	19,500
2025		12,337		7,164		19,501
2026		12,861		6,638		19,499
2027		13,408		6,092		19,500
2028		13,977		5,522		19,499
2029-2033		79,318		18,180		97,498
2034-2035		36,647		2,352		38,999
Total	\$	180,382	\$	53,614	\$	233,996
Total All Series						
Year Ending						
June 30		Principal		Interest		Tota
2024	<b>ው</b>	70 505	¢	00 774	φ	150 200
2024	\$	72,525	\$	83,771	\$	156,296
2025		77,232		80,690		157,922
2026		82,193 87,416		77,406		159,599 161,329
2027		87,416 92,915		73,913		
2028		•		70,198		163,113
2029-2033		557,721 684,170		286,638		844,359 830,670
2034-2038		684,170		155,509		839,679
2039-2040		316,918	_	20,400	_	337,318

\$ 848,525

\$ 1,971,090

Total

\$ 2,819,615

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

This debt will be retired from the Obligation Under Energy Efficiency Debt Service Fund.

#### **Series 2020:**

An energy efficiency loan agreement dated May 21, 2020 was executed by and between the district and Bank of Winona.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,920,815 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the loan shall be made from the district maintenance fund.

The district entered into this energy efficiency agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the Bank of Winona, the district has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

#### **Series 2021:**

An energy efficiency loan agreement dated October 1, 2020 was executed by and between the district and Bank of Winona.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$217,500 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the loan shall be made from the district maintenance fund.

The district entered into this energy efficiency loan agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the Bank of Winona, the district has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

# C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 8 - Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

#### Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2023 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$1,384,875, \$1,327,736 and \$1,194,110, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school district reported a liability of \$22,815,111 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2023 net pension liability was .110841 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,593,865. At June 30, 2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$		\$	
	315,580		-
	1,485,157		-
	734,790		-
	1,041,144		557,282
_	1,384,875	_	
\$	4,961,546	\$	557,282
	<u>-</u>	of Resources \$ 315,580 1,485,157 734,790 1,041,144 1,384,875	of Resources \$ 315,580  1,485,157 734,790  1,041,144  1,384,875

\$1,384,875 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	Year	ending	June	30:
---------------------	------	--------	------	-----

2024	\$ 1,001,938
2025	644,374
2026	135,066
2027	1,238,011
Total	\$ 3,019,389

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 – 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	25.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	20.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.85	
Fixed Income	18.00		1.40	
Real Estate	10.00		3.65	
Private Equity	10.00		6.00	
Private Infrastructure	2.00		4.00	
Private Credit	2.00		4.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(0.10)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.55%)	Rate (7.55%)	(8.55%)
District's proportionate share of		 _	 _
the net pension liability	\$ 29,776,050	\$ 22,815,111	\$ 17,076,171

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$35,973 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$765,707 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .15541541 percent. This was an increase of .0037 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$133,469). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$	5
experience		634	331,736
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		53	-
Changes of assumptions		119,424	70,894
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		46,812	97,702
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	35,973	
Total	\$	202,896 \$	500,332

\$35,973 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:

2024	\$ (98,775)
2025	(87,876)
2026	(70,467)
2027	(44,765)
2028	(22,520)
2029	 (9,006)
Total	\$ (333,409)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.37% 2.13%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2022 2021
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.37% 2.13%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2029 FYE

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 3.37 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.13% to 3.37%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2022, the trust has \$1,049,208. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.37 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.37 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	urrent		
	1	% Decrease	Di	scount	1	% Increase
		(2.37%)	R	ate (3.37%)		(4.37%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	843,520	\$	765,707	\$	698,866

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare		
			(	Cost Trend		
				Rates		
	1% Decrease Curre		Current	1	% Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	712,435	\$	765,707	\$	825,657

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <a href="http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/">http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</a>.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

## Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

# Note 12- Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the subsidy payments amounted to \$50,168.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2023 was \$846,321. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2024 2025	\$ 96,000 96,000
Total	\$ 192,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,223,653) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,384,875 resulting from the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$3,576,671 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,223,653) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$557,282 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,223,653) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$35,973 resulting from the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$166,923 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,223,653) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$500,332 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,223,653) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from leases. The \$279,880 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to leases, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 20 years.

# Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 13, 2023, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Tot the real Ended buile 30, 2023		Dudgeted /	) may into	A chual	Variand	egative)
	_	Budgeted A Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Original to Final	Final to Actual
Revenues:	_	Original	FIIIdi	(GAAP Dasis)	lo Finai	to Actual
Local sources	\$	3,461,046 \$	3,519,123 \$	3,462,006 \$	58,077 \$	(57,117)
State sources		7,483,684	7,559,127	7,540,533	75,443	(18,594)
Sixteenth section sources		37,420	83,995	31,012	46,575	(52,983)
Federal sources		132,765	594,679	600,001	461,914	5,322
Total Revenues		11,114,915	11,756,924	11,633,552	642,009	(123,372)
Expenditures:						
Instruction		6,122,919	6,198,890	6,198,891	(75,971)	(1)
Support services		4,117,521	3,614,944	3,618,277	502,577	(3,333)
Sixteenth section		21,200	240,640	240,640	(219,440)	-
Facilities acquisition and construction		191,000	418,874	415,541	(227,874)	3,333
Total Expenditures		10,452,640	10,473,348	10,473,349	(20,708)	(1)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		662,275	1,283,576	1,160,203	621,301	(123,373)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		2,376,307	1,387,829	116,814	(988,478)	(1,271,015)
Other financing sources		-	=	18,675	-	18,675
Operating transfers out		(1,871,035)	(2,102,062)	(813,966)	(231,027)	1,288,096
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		505,272	(714,233)	(678,477)	(1,219,505)	35,756
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,167,547	569,343	481,726	(598,204)	(87,617)
Fund Balances: July 1, 2022		5,917,688	5,917,688	5,917,688		
June 30, 2023	\$	7,085,235 \$	6,487,031 \$	6,399,414 \$	(598,204)\$	(87,617)

# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ESSER II Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Varian		
				-	Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted A		Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$	1,495,740 \$	1,475,740	\$ 1,058,562 \$	(20,000)\$	(417,178)	
Total Revenues		1,495,740	1,475,740	1,058,562	(20,000)	(417,178)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		312,416	560,612	235,258	(248, 196)	325,354	
Support services		764,786	788,142	737,499	(23,356)	50,643	
Facilities acquisition and construction		332,826	-	-	332,826	-	
Total Expenditures	_	1,410,028	1,348,754	972,757	61,274	375,997	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	85,712	126,986	85,805	41,274	(41,181)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(85,805)	(123,739)	(85,805)	(37,934)	37,934	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(85,805)	(123,739)	(85,805)	(37,934)	37,934	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(93)	3,247	-	3,340	(3,247)	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2022	_	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	
June 30, 2023	\$	(93)\$	3,247	\$ - \$	3,340 \$	(3,247)	

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule ARP ESSER Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

To the real Ended dance ou, 2020					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$	1,823,632 \$	1,823,632	\$ 1,572,900 \$	- \$	(250,732)	
Total Revenues	_	1,823,632	1,823,632	1,572,900	-	(250,732)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		1,029,335	725,944	325,048	303,391	400,896	
Support services		794,297	859,723	194,243	(65,426)	665,480	
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	1,126,418	1,053,609	(1,126,418)	72,809	
Total Expenditures		1,823,632	2,712,085	1,572,900	(888,453)	1,139,185	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		-	(888,453)	-	(888,453)	888,453	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(888,453)	-	(888,453)	888,453	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2022		-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	
June 30, 2023	\$	- \$	(888,453)	- \$	(888,453)\$	888,453	

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	n %	0.110841	0.103214	0.108946	0.102135	0.126782	0.127404	0.133583	0.128552	0.129000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	22,815,111	15,255,481	21,090,680	17,967,562	21,087,613	21,178,869	23,861,259	19,871,604	15,658,238
District's covered payroll	\$	7,630,667	6,862,701	7,254,454	6,021,017	8,096,241	8,172,997	8,544,578	8,060,095	7,816,032
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		298.99%	222.30%	290.73%	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.26%	246.54%	200.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		59.93%	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

Contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2023</b> 1,384,875	<b>2022</b> 1,327,736	<b>2021</b> 1,194,110	<b>2020</b> 1,262,275	<b>2019</b> 1,047,657	<b>2018</b> 1,275,158	<b>2017</b> 1,287,247	<b>2016</b> 1,345,771	<b>2015</b> 1,269,465
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,384,875	1,327,736	1,194,110	1,262,275	1,047,657	1,275,158	1,287,247	1,345,771	1,269,465
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 7,959,052	7,630,667	6,862,701	7,254,454	6,651,790	8,096,241	8,172,997	8,544,578	8,060,095
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.15541541	0.15172239	0.15030440	0.14703395	0.17840011	0.17750679
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	765,707	976,610	1,169,681	1,247,643	1,380,014	1,392,734
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,630,667	7,213,183	7,243,704	6,733,311	8,068,916	7,974,892
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		10.03%	13.54%	16.15%	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.21%	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018*
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	35,973	31,204	39,253	46,647	50,009	59,374
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	35,973	31,204	39,253	46,647	50,009	59,374
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,959,052	6,815,236	6,862,701	7,257,448	6,651,790	8,164,281
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.45%	0.46%	0.57%	0.64%	0.75%	0.73%

<sup>\*</sup>This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

## **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

## (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

## (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### 2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

#### 2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. (3)

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2020 valuation for the June 30, 2022 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 27.7 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 2.75 percent

3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

## **OPEB Schedules**

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

2019: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

2020: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

2021: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

2022: The discount rate was changed from 2.13% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.37% for the current Measurement Date.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

2019: None

2020: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

2021: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

2022: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2023. In

addition, the in-network medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2023.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 2.75%

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.00% to 18.25%

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 6.50%

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 4.75%

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 2030

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

OPEB plan investment expense, including 2.13%

price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Infor Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	mation		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023			
Tof the real Ended Julie 30, 2023	Federal		
	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Listing No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	235MS326N1099	\$ 294,208
National school lunch program	10.555	235MS326N1099	764,316
Summer food service program for children	10.559	235MS326N1099	19,139
Total child nutrition cluster			1,077,663
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education  Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,077,663
Total 0.5. Department of Agriculture			1,077,663
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:	00	<b>&gt;</b> 1/ <b>&gt;</b>	0.405
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	3,105
Total Federal Communications Commission			3,105
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	S010A200024	1,078,376
		S010A210024	
		S010A220024	
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO048A200024	1,630
School improvement grant	84.377	ES377A200025	33,630
		ES377A210025	
		ES377A220025	
B 151 "	0.4.050	0050400004	04.000
Rural Education	84.358	S358A200024	34,898
		S358A210024 S358A220024	
College			
Subtotal			1,148,534
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I	84.425D	S425D200031	57,300
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84.425D	S425D210031	1,439,871
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund ARP III	84.425U	S425U210031	1,572,900
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER) Subtotal	200	- ·································	3,070,071

Continued on the next page

Supplementary Info	rmation		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023			
	Federal		
	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Listing No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A200108	439,267
•		H027A210108	
		H027A220108	
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A200113	26,194
		H173A210113	•
		H173A220113	
Total special education cluster			465,461
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			4,684,066
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,684,066
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medicaid Cluster:	00.770	040514054514	07.007
Medical assistance program  Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	93.778	2105MS5ADM	27,907 27,907
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			27,907
·			<u> </u>
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 5,792,741

# Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District.

# (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$68,888 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

# **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 10,959,472 6,927,993	8,401,489 2,095,776	797,326 425,049	834,777 68,087	925,880 4,339,081
Total	\$ 17,887,465	10,497,265	1,222,375	902,864	5,264,961
Total number of students *	 1,014				
Cost per student	\$ 17,640	10,353	1,205	890	5,192

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,462,006	\$ 3,397,758	\$ 3,462,748	\$ 3,109,274
State sources	7,540,533	7,356,221	6,889,005	7,094,219
Federal sources	31,012	90,518	54,625	53,210
Sixteenth section sources	 600,001	133,687	230,703	148,437
Total Revenues	 11,633,552	10,978,184	10,637,081	10,405,140
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,198,891	5,866,467	5,641,455	5,759,870
Support services	3,618,277	3,844,340	3,596,919	3,839,465
Noninstructional services	-	49,721	4,258	-
Sixteenth section	240,640	40,078	34,496	16,907
Facilities acquisition and construction	415,541	1,186,405	248,431	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	5,322
Total Expenditures	10,473,349	10,987,011	9,525,559	9,621,564
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 1,160,203	(8,827)	1,111,522	783,576
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of other property	_	55,000	_	45,000
Operating transfers in	116,814	2,257,303	22,200	21,815
Other financing sources	18,675	_,,,		42,143
Operating transfers out	(813,966)	(749,883)	(506,765)	(363,909)
Other financing uses	-	(0,000)	(21,554)	(000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(678,477)	1,562,420	(506,119)	(254,951)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 481,726	1,553,593	605,403	528,625
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	5,917,688	4,417,296	3,744,167	3,215,542
Prior period adjustments	-	(53,201)	67,726	-
Beginning of period, as restated	5,917,688	4,364,095	3,811,893	3,215,542
End of Period	6,399,414	\$ 5,917,688	\$ 4,417,296	\$ 3,744,167

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues:	-				
Local sources	\$	3,634,506	\$ 3,523,431	\$ 3,568,344	\$ 3,300,490
State sources		15,047,033	7,919,031	7,447,082	7,742,677
Federal sources		5,842,909	6,638,636	3,630,792	2,248,368
Sixteenth section sources		678,579	141,134	249,997	157,954
Total Revenues		25,203,027	18,222,232	14,896,215	13,449,489
Expenditures:					
Instruction		9,208,305	8,233,702	8,217,129	7,410,428
Support services		5,488,105	5,579,531	4,647,621	4,740,373
Noninstructional services		1,009,406	929,448	720,169	733,723
Sixteenth section		240,640	40,078	44,666	20,917
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,731,650	1,632,023	2,073,572	-
Debt service:					
Principal		68,055	63,813	35,357	5,322
Interest		141,304	142,576	125,337	53,200
Other		-	1,594	1,344	1,092
Total Expenditures		17,887,465	16,622,765	15,865,195	12,965,055
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		7,315,562	1,599,467	(968,980)	484,434
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Inception of finance purchases		-	_	217,500	1,920,815
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		90,667	90,667	95,000	95,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(90,667)	(90,667)	(95,000)	(95,000)
Sale of other property		-	55,000	-	45,000
Operating transfers in		1,279,600	3,128,043	862,999	614,756
Other financing sources		61,712	-	, -	42,143
Operating transfers out		(1,279,600)	(3,128,043)	(862,999)	(614,756)
Other financing uses		-	-	(21,554)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		61,712	55,000	195,946	2,007,958
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,377,274	1,654,467	(773,034)	2,492,392
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		7,972,618	6,378,345	7,128,206	4,658,937
Prior period adjustments		-	(53,201)	67,726	(54,661)
Beginning of period, as restated		7,972,618	6,325,144	7,195,932	4,604,276
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		17,165	(6,993)	(44,553)	31,538
End of Period	\$	15,367,057	\$ 7,972,618	\$ 6,378,345	\$ 7,128,206

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations dated November 13, 2023, which is included within this document.

# **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, MS

November 13, 2023

# **CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

# Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that

an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's compliance with
  the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
  considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control
  over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in
  the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with
  the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable

possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, MS

November 13, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANO	CE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, which collectively comprise Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements discloses the following instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations:

# Finding 1 Budgeting

During our testing of the budgeting process, we noted multiple funds were approved that had a negative fund balance. Even though the actual fund balances were not negative, it is a violation of Miss. Code Section 37-61-19 to approve a budget with a negative fund balance.

#### Recommendation

We recommend the district put procedures in place to ensure compliance with all relevant laws and regulations related to budgeting.

## School District's Response

We will put procedures in place to ensure compliance with all relevant budgeting laws and regulations.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

November 13, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial Statements:						
1.	Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified						
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	No No					
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed? None reported					
3.	Noncompliance material to financial state	ments noted? No					
Fed	deral Awards:						
4.	Internal control over major programs:						
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes					
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identifie	ed? None reported					
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on complia	ance for major programs: Unmodified					
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are requ 200.516(a)? Yes	ired to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR					
7.	Identification of major programs:						
	ALNs	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
	84.425D	COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency					
	84.425U	Relief I & II (ESSER) COVID-19 – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief ARP III (ESSER)					
	84.010	Title I grants to local educational agencies					
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw	een type A and type B programs: \$750,000					
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No					

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). Yes

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

# Material Weakness/Material Non-Compliance

# Finding 2023-001:

# **Davis Bacon Wage Requirements**

U.S. Department of Education

Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education

Program Name: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief I, II & ARP (ESSER)

Program CFDA: 84.425D & 84.425U

Compliance Requirement: Davis Bacon/ Special Tests and Provisions

CRITERIA: Recipients of ESF federal funds must adhere to the wage requirements of the Davis Bacon Act for construction projects.

CONDITION: During our testing of compliance with wage requirements for construction projects funded with ESSER funds, we noted the district failed to obtain the weekly certified payroll records prior to approving each application for payment. Further investigation revealed that neither the architect nor the contractor was made aware that the project would be funded by ESSER and, as such, the required wage data was not reported to the U.S. Department of Labor. Construction expenditures funded with ESSER grants totaled \$1,053,609 for the year ending June 30, 2023.

CONTEXT: The school district did not follow requirements related to the Davis Bacon Act.

CAUSE: The cause is a result of not properly implementing a designed system of accounting and internal controls whereby personnel in charge of approving expenditures of ESSER funds are familiar with and knowledgeable of the related compliance requirements.

EFFECT: Noncompliance with the Davis Bacon Act.

IDENTIFICATION OF REPEAT FINDING: No.

QUESTIONED COSTS: None

RECOMMENDATION: The school district should implement policies and procedures to ensure all applicable compliance requirements are being met.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS: We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability, including compliance with all requirements related to federal funding.

Dr. Howard Savage, Jr., Superintendent

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# AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by 2 CFR 200.511, the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Finding	Correc	ction Action Plan Details
2023-001	a.	Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:
		Lynea Watson – Business Manager
	b.	Corrective Action Planned:
		We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability, including compliance with all federal grant requirements.
	C.	Anticipated Completion Date:
		Immediately.

# SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Winona-Montgomery Consolidated School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior audit findings for the year ended June 30, 2023:

<u>Finding</u>	<u>Status</u>	
2022-001	Correcte	d.