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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

> St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	7
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements	17
Exhibit A Statement of Net Position Exhibit B Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Financial Statements	19 21
Exhibit C Balance Sheet Exhibit C-1 Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Exhibit D Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D-1 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	22 23 24
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Notes to the Financial Statements	26 27
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund	51 53
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund – Workforce Enhancement Training Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund – ESSER II Fund	55 54 55
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund – ESSER III – ARP Grant Fund Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	56 57
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS) Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	58 59 60 61
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	65
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds	67 69
OTHER INFORMATION Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	71 73 74
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE	75
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control	77
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	79
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	83
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	87
AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS	91

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Lafayette County School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lafayette County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. I am required to be independent of the Lafayette County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Lafayette County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, I

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lafayette County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Lafayette County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 9-16, 53-56, 57, 58, 59 and 60 respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lafayette County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly

to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years but does not include the basic financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. My opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and I do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with my audit of the basic financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, I conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, I am required to describe it in my report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated January 13, 2025, on my consideration of the Lafayette County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lafayette County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lafayette County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and compliance.

St. Clair CPA, PULC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS January 13, 2025 This page left blank intentionally.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The following discussion and analysis of Lafayette County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2023 increased \$1,336,211, including a prior period adjustment of (\$28,622), which represents a 7% increase from fiscal year 2022. Total net position for 2022 increased \$3,357,058, including a prior period adjustment of \$37,067, which represents a 15 % increase from fiscal year 2021.
- General revenues amounted to \$30,346,308 and \$27,056,412, or 75% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$9,921,866, or 25% of total revenues for 2023, and \$5,857,481, or 18% of total revenues for 2022.
- The District had \$38,903,341 and \$29,593,902 in expenses for fiscal years 2023 and 2022; only \$9,921,866 for 2023 and \$5,857,481 for 2022 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$30,346,308 for 2023 and \$27,056,412 for 2022 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$29,104,837 in revenues and \$27,529,883 in expenditures for 2023, and \$25,904,188 in revenues and \$24,454,078 in expenditures in 2022. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$767,810 from 2022 to 2023, including a prior period adjustment of (24,824), and increased by \$739,117 from 2021 to 2022, including a prior period adjustment of \$24,799.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$1,952,733 for 2023 and decreased by \$1,193,201 for 2022. The increase for 2023 was due primarily to the addition of construction in progress and the addition of leased assets.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$1,023,550 for 2023 and decreased by \$262,321 for 2022. This decrease for 2023 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt and leased asset obligations. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$15,202 for 2023 and decreased by \$103,192 for 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or

decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are in the governmental funds category.

Governmental funds – All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$17,225,512 as of June 30, 2023.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Conden		1 USITION	Percentage
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	Change
Current assets	\$ 10,304,805	\$ 6,315,128	63.18 %
Restricted assets	1,501,710	3,506,341	(57.17) %
Capital assets, net	44,070,314	42,117,581	4.64 %
Total assets	55,876,829	51,939,050	7.58 %
Deferred outflows of resources	10,833,838	6,968,135	55.48 %
Current liabilities	2,229,862	1,909,767	16.76 %
Long-term debt outstanding	25,729,471	27,026,611	(4.80) %
Lease liability	273,590	0	N/A
Net OPEB liability	1,649,508	2,090,632	(21.10) %
Net pension liability	52,040,174	36,790,725	41.45 %
Total liabilities	81,922,605	67,817,735	20.80 %
Deferred inflows of resources	2,013,574	9,651,173	(79.14) %
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	18,662,374	17,077,371	9.28 %
Restricted	3,759,585	1,514,274	148.28 %
Unrestricted	(39,647,471)	(37,153,368)	(6.71) %
Total net position	\$ (17,225,512)	\$ (18,561,723)	7.20 %

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (39,647,471)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	 44,869,418
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 5,221,947

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,952,733.
- The principal retirement of \$1,224,466 of long-term debt, including payments on leased asset obligations.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 were \$40,268,174 and \$32,913,893, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$38,903,341 for 2023 and \$29,593,902 for 2022.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Percentage Change
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 1,757,326	\$ 1,194,025	47.18 %
Operating grants and contributions	3,575,292	4,638,990	(22.93) %
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,589,248	24,466	18,657.66 %
General revenues:			
Property taxes	11,886,240	11,242,574	5.73 %
Grants and contributions not restricted	18,144,970	15,761,026	15.13 %
Investment earnings	313,391	7,891	3,871.50 %
Other	1,707	44,921	(96.20)
Total revenues	40,268,174	32,913,893	22.34 %
Expenses:			
Instruction	19,023,891	16,458,837	15.58 %
Support services	11,004,933	10,289,153	6.96 %
Non-instructional	1,379,371	1,216,424	13.40 %
Pension expense	6,804,186	855,190	695.63 %
OPEB expense	(182,184)) (89,502)	(103.55) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	873,144	863,800	1.08 %
Total expenses	38,903,341	29,593,902	31.46 %
Increase (Decrease) in net position	1,364,833	3,319,991	(58.89) %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(18,561,723)) (21,918,781)	15.32 %
Prior Period Adjustment	(28,622)) 37,067	(177.22) %
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(18,590,345)) (21,881,714)	15.04 %
Net Position, June 30	\$ (17,225,512)) \$ (18,561,723)	7.20 %

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, noninstructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Total	enses	Percentage	
	 2023		2022	Change
Instruction	\$ 19,023,891	\$	16,458,837	15.58 %
Support services	11,004,933		10,289,153	6.96 %
Non-instructional	1,379,371		1,216,424	13.40 %
Pension Expense	6,804,186		855,190	695.63 %
OPEB Expense	(182,184)		(89,502)	(103.55) %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 873,144		863,800	1.08 %
Total expenses	\$ 38,903,341	\$	29,593,902	31.46 %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 Net (Expe 2023	nse)	Revenue 2022	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ · •	nse)		e
Instruction Support services	\$ 2023		2022	Change
	\$ 2023 (15,789,811)		2022 (13,644,645)	Change (15.72) %
Support services	\$ 2023 (15,789,811) (4,748,044)		2022 (13,644,645) (9,154,136)	Change (15.72) % 48.13 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2023 (15,789,811) (4,748,044) (948,474)		2022 (13,644,645) (9,154,136) 691,848	Change (15.72) % 48.13 % (237.09) %
Support services Non-instructional Pension Expense	\$ 2023 (15,789,811) (4,748,044) (948,474) (6,804,186)		2022 (13,644,645) (9,154,136) 691,848 (855,190)	Change (15.72) % 48.13 % (237.09) % (695.63) %

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$29,981,475 for 2023 and \$23,736,421 for 2022) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$11,886,240 for 2023 and \$11,242,574 for 2022) and state and federal revenues (\$18,144,970 for 2023 and \$15,761,026 for 2022).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$313,391 for 2023 and \$7,891 for 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,809,251, an increase of \$1,640,097, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$9,590. \$4,940,221 or 50% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$4,869,030 or 50% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$767,810, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$24,824). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$1,150,650, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$24,824 and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$9,590. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major FundWorkforce Enhancement Training Fund\$ESSER II Fund\$ESSER III - ARP Grant Fund\$

Increase (Decrease) 2,022,937 no increase or decrease no increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue fund(s) is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2023, the District's total capital assets were \$64,458,976, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and leased assets. This amount represents an increase of \$3,671,349 from 2022. Total accumulated depreciation and amortization as of June 30, 2023, was \$20,388,662, and total depreciation and amortization expense for the year was \$1,696,764, resulting in total net capital assets of \$44,070,314.

				Percenta	ge
		June 30, 2023	 June 30, 2022	Change	
Land	\$	436,877	\$ 436,877	0.00	%
Construction in Progress		2,030,069	0	N/A	
Buildings		35,429,813	36,314,290	(2.44)	%
Building improvements		1,394,611	1,431,065	(2.55)	%
Improvements other than buildings		2,468,974	2,315,212	6.64	%
Mobile equipment		1,299,038	1,035,407	25.46	%
Furniture and equipment		767,444	584,730	31.25	%
Leased assets		243,488	0	N/A	
Total	\$	44,070,314	 42,117,581	4.64	%

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Notes 5 and 6 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2023, the District had \$26,003,061 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,462,330 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$15,202 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2023 June 30, 2022					ge
General obligation bonds payable	\$	21,565,000	\$	22,370,000	(3.60)	%
Premium on bonds		2,021,944		2,140,882	(5.56)	%
Limited tax notes payable		1,922,000		2,280,000	(15.70)	%
Leased assets		273,590		0	N/A	
Compensated absences payable		220,527		235,729	(6.45)	%
Total	\$	26,003,061	\$	27,026,611	(3.79)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 6 and 7 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Lafayette County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years.

The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Lafayette County School District, 100 Commodore Drive, Oxford, MS 38655.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,728,321
Cash with fiscal agent	5,000
Due from other governments	1,541,351
Inventories	30,133
Restricted assets (Note 4)	1,501,710
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	
Land	436,877
Construction in progress	2,030,069
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	
Buildings	35,429,813
Building improvements	1,394,611
Improvements other than buildings	2,468,974
Mobile equipment	1,299,038
Furniture and equipment	767,444
Leased assets	243,488
Total Assets	55,876,829
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 8)	10,367,631
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 9)	466,207
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,833,838
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,935,470
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	232,598
Other payables	61,794
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year)	
Capital related liabilities (Note 7)	1,231,000
Bond premiums (discounts) (Note 7)	118,938
Non-capital related liabilities (Note 7)	17,642
Lease liabilites (Note 6)	94,750
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)	83,636
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year)	
Capital related liabilities (Note 7)	22,256,000
Bond premiums (discounts) (Note 7)	1,903,006
Non-capital related liabilities (Note 7)	202,885
Lease liabilites (Note 6)	178,840
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)	1,565,872
Net pension liability (Note 8)	52,040,174
Total Liabilities	81,922,605
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental
	Activities
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 8)	1,097,738
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 9)	915,836
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,013,574
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	18,662,374
Restricted net position	
Expendable	
School-based activities	765,296
Debt service	914,181
Capital Projects	2,026,683
Unemployment benefits	53,425
Unrestricted	(39,647,471)
Total Net Position	\$ (17,225,512)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program Rever	nues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 19,023,891	1,331,416	1,902,664		(15,789,811)
Support services	11,004,933	7,245	1,660,396	4,589,248	(4,748,044)
Non-instructional	1,379,371	418,665	12,232		(948,474)
Pension expense	6,804,186				(6,804,186)
OPEB expense Interest on long-term liabilities	(182,184) 873,144				182,184 (873,144)
Total Governmental Activities	38,903,341	1,757,326	3,575,292	4,589,248	(28,981,475)
	General Revenues				
	Taxes				0.500.000
	General purp				9,500,223
	Debt purpose				2,386,017
	e	ants and contribu	tions		17 502 (44
	State				17,502,644
	Federal		~		642,326
	Other	estment earning	8		313,391
	Total Genera	1 Pevenues			1,707 30,346,308
	Total Genera	II Revenues			50,540,508
	Changes in Net Po	sition			1,364,833
	Net Position - Beg		• •		(18,561,723)
	Prior Period Adj	ustments (Note	10)		(28,622)
	Net Position - Beg	inning - as restat	ed		(18,590,345)
	Net Position - End	ing			\$ (17,225,512)

<u>Exhibit B</u>

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	Workforce Enhancement Training Fund	ESSER II Fund	ESSER III - ARP Grant Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 5,897,145	2,022,937			2,309,949	10,230,031
Cash with fiscal agent (Note 2)	5,000					5,000
Due from other governments	377,482		354,900	438,303	370,666	1,541,351
Due from other funds (Note 3)	803,052				11,726	814,778
Inventories					30,133	30,133
Total Assets	7,082,679	2,022,937	354,900	438,303	2,722,474	12,621,293
Liabilities ad Fund Balances Liabilities						
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	1,603,877		101,755	156,820	73,018	1,935,470
Due to other funds (Note 3)	4,411		253,145	281,483	275,739	814,778
Other payables	31,917		,		29,877	61,794
Total Liabilities	1,640,205	0	354,900	438,303	378,634	2,812,042
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Inventory					30,133	30,133
Restricted						
Debt service					1,146,779	1,146,779
Capital projects		2,022,937			378,340	2,401,277
Unemployment benefits					53,425	53,425
Grant activities					735,163	735,163
Assigned						
School activities	502,253					502,253
Unassigned	4,940,221					4,940,221
Total Fund Balances	5,442,474	2,022,937	0	0	2,343,840	9,809,251
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,082,679	2,022,937	354,900	438,303	2,722,474	12,621,293

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 9,809,251
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land	436,877	
Construction in progress	2,030,069	
Buildings	46,284,125	
Building improvements	3,248,236	
Improvement other than buildings	4,982,707	
Mobile equipment	4,691,630	
Furniture and equipment	2,396,486	
Leased assets	388,846	
Accumulated depreciation and amoritization	(20,388,662)	44,070,314
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(52,040,174)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	10,367,631	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,097,738)	9,269,893
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability		(1,649,508)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	466,207	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(915,836)	(449,629)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds	(21,565,000)	
Bond premiums	(2,021,944)	
Notes payable	(1,922,000)	
Lease obligations	(273,590)	
Compensated absences	(220,527)	
Accrued interest payable	(232,598)	(26,235,659)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement		\$ (17,225,512)

Exhibit C-1

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	Workforce Enhancement Training Fund	ESSER II Fund	ESSER III - ARP Grant Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 10,959,867	22,937			2,974,883	13,957,687
State sources	17,502,644	2,000,000			553,399	20,056,043
Federal sources	642,326		1,070,489	1,535,434	3,004,488	6,252,737
Total Revenues	29,104,837	2,022,937	1,070,489	1,535,434	6,532,770	40,266,467
Expenditures						
Instruction	17,664,576		353,271	107,281	2,138,456	20,263,584
Support services	9,790,953		4,250	266,382	1,900,031	11,961,616
Noninstructional services					1,712,451	1,712,451
Facilities acquisition and construction	8,864		712,968	1,161,771	738,420	2,622,023
Debt service						
Principal (Note 7)	61,466				1,163,000	1,224,466
Interest	4,024				1,012,912	1,016,936
Other					27,770	27,770
Total Expenditures	27,529,883	0	1,070,489	1,535,434	8,693,040	38,828,846
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,574,954	2,022,937	0	0	(2,160,270)	1,437,621
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Leases issued (Note 6)	210,359					210,359
Insurance loss recoveries (Note 14)	1,707					1,707
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	7,302				1,150,085	1,157,387
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(1,001,688)				(155,699)	(1,157,387)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(782,320)	0	0	0	994,386	212,066

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

24

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Major Funds Workforce Enhancement ESSER III -Other Total Training ESSER II ARP Grant Governmental Governmental General Fund Fund Funds Funds Fund Fund 2,022,937 Net Change in Fund Balances 792,634 0 0 (1, 165, 884)1,649,687 Fund Balances July 1, 2022, as previously reported 4,674,664 3,494,490 8,169,154 Prior period adjustments (Note 10) (24, 824)24,824 0 3,519,314 July 1, 2022, as restated 4,649,840 0 0 0 8,169,154 Decrease in reserve for inventory (9,590) (9,590) 5,442,474 2,022,937 2,343,840 9,809,251 June 30, 2023 0 0 \$

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023		<u>Exhibit D-1</u>
		Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,649,687
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:		
Capital outlay	3,525,844	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(1,696,764)	1,829,080
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.		(330)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Leased asset obligation issued	(210,359)	
Payments of debt principal	1,163,000	
Payments on lease obligations Accrued interest payable	61,466 24,854	1,038,961
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		,, <u>,</u>
Pension expense	(6,804,186)	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	3,261,251	(3,542,935)
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
OPEB expense	182,184	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	83,636	265,820
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences	15,202	
Change in inventory reserve	(9,590)	
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	118,938	124,550
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,364,833

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Lafayette County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Workforce Enhancement Training Fund – This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for Education Enhancement Funds received and expenditures incurred related to improvements and the purchase of Oxford School District's ownership interest in the Lafayette Career and Technical Center building.

ESSER II Fund - This special revenue fund is federally funded and is used to provide additional funds for the prevention and protection from the COVID 19 pandemic.

ESSER III ARP Grant Fund - This special revenue fund is federally funded and is used to provide additional funds for the prevention and protection from the COVID 19 pandemic.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60

days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply costreimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending

beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property		*	*	

(*) The estimated useful life and amortization methods is based on the type of leased property and is consistent with similar property owned by the district.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are related directly to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

See Notes 8, 9 and 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for

leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Leases

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) to establish a single leasing model for accounting and reporting purposes. This guidance is intended to enhance the accountability, consistency and comparability of lease activities reported by governments. GASB 87 was implemented during fiscal year 2022.

The school district uses the incremental borrowing rate to calculate the present value of lease payments when the rate implicit in the lease is not known. See note 6 for details.

10. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs) (GASB 96) to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Currently, the district does not have any SBITA's material to the financial statements to report.

11. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 7 for details.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of

resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

14. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of the Lafayette County School District to maintain minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 7% or the revenues of the district maintenance fund (General Fund).

17. Accounting Standards Update

GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, was implemented during the 2023 fiscal year. Prior to the issuance of this statement there was no accounting or financial reporting guidance specifically for SBITAs. The purposes of the standard is to establish uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAs, to improve comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs, and to enhance understandability, relatability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$10,230,031.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$5,000.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	ESSER II Fund	\$ 253,145
	ESSER III - ARP Grant Fund	281,483
	Other governmental funds	268,424
Other governmental funds	General Fund	4,411
	Other governmental funds	 7,315
Total		\$ 814,778

The purpose of the more significant interfund loans was to eliminate cash deficit balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year-end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund Other governmental funds	\$ 1,001,688 7,302 148,397
Total		\$ 1,157,387

The transfers out of the General Fund were for the purpose of funding the vocational programs, extended school year program and debt service in the Other governmental funds. The transfers within the Other Governmental Funds were from Title I, Title II and Title IV funds to the consolidated administrative cost fund.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash of \$1,501,710 of capital projects funds and debt service funds which are legally restricted.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Balance			Balance
		7/1/2022	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:	÷				
Land	\$	436,877	2 020 070		436,877
Construction-in-progress		42(077	2,030,069	0	2,030,069
Total non-depreciable capital assets		436,877	2,030,069	0	2,466,946
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		46,284,125			46,284,125
Building improvements		3,154,761	93,475		3,248,236
Improvements other than buildings		4,631,794	350,913		4,982,707
Mobile equipment		4,235,019	456,611		4,691,630
Furniture and equipment		2,045,051	384,417	(32,982)	2,396,486
Total depreciable capital assets		60,350,750	1,285,416	(32,982)	61,603,184
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		9,969,835	884,477		10,854,312
Building improvements		1,723,696	129,929		1,853,625
Improvements other than buildings		2,316,582	197,151		2,513,733
Mobile equipment		3,199,612	192,980		3,392,592
Furniture and equipment		1,460,321	201,373	(32,652)	1,629,042
Total accumulated depreciation		18,670,046	1,605,910	(32,652)	20,243,304
Total depreciable capital assets, net		41,680,704	(320,494)	(330)	41,359,880
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	42,117,581	1,709,575	(330)	43,826,826
Lease and subscription IT assets, net (Note 6)				_	243,488

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 870,456
Support services	712,909
Non-instructional	 22,545
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 1,605,910

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

		Spent to	Remaining
	J	une 30, 2023	Commitment
Governmental Activities:			
Districtwide School Intercom Project	\$	540,349 \$	118,358
Middle School Window Replacement		504,888	169,154
Roofing Replacement		984,832	702,513
Total governmental activities	\$	2,030,069 \$	990,025

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with funds in the ESSER II Fund, ESSER III -ARP and capital projects funds.

Note 6 – Intangible Right-to-Use Leases and Subscription Based IT Assets

A summary of lease and subscription IT asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Additions	Deduction	ns Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2023
Lease assets: Furniture and equipment	\$ 0	210,359		178,487	388,846
Total lease assets	 0	210,359		0 178,487	388,846
<u>Less accumulated amortization:</u> Lease assets: Furniture and equipment Total accumulated amortization	 0	<u> </u>		<u>54,504</u> 0 54,504	<u> </u>
Total lease assets, net	\$ 0	119,505	•	0 123,983	243,488

A summary of lease liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

						Amounts due
	Balance				Balance	within one
	 7/1/2022	Additions	Deductions	Adjustments	6/30/2023	year
Lease obligations	\$ 0	210,359	61,466	124,697	273,590	94,750

Leases

The school district is a lessee for various noncancellable leases of equipment, etc. For leases that have a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the school district recognizes expense based on the provisions of the lease contract. For all other leases, other than short term, the school district recognized a lease and an intangible right-to-use lease asset.

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At lease commencement, the school district initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs ancillary to placing the underlying asset into service, less any lease incentives received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

The school district generally uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor charges is known.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus any additional periods covered by either a school district or lessor option to extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercised or terminate for which it is reasonably certain to not be exercised. Periods in which both the school district and the lessor have a unilateral option to terminate (or if both parties have agreed to extend) are excluded from the lease term.

As Lessee:

The district has contracts for multiple leased assets such as copiers ranging from a lease term of 4 to 5 years. The lease agreements can only be cancelled if both parties agree. There are no options to extend the lease agreements and no variable payment options.

For purposes of this note disclosure, leased equipment assets and liabilities are grouped into one category.

Description	Discount Rate	Term	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Monthly Payment	Amount Outstanding
Copiers	0.198% - 2.18%	4 - 5 years	7/1/2021	2/28/2028	\$ 9,120	273,590

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on the leased equipment assets:

Year Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 94,750 \$	4,266 \$	99,016
2025	64,666	3,076	67,742
2026	54,447	1,919	56,366
2027	51,151	791	51,942
2028	 8,576	23	8,599
Total	\$ 273,590 \$	10,075 \$	283,665

SBITA

There were no SBITA's subject to the reporting during the current fiscal year.

Note 7 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	due within
	 7/1/2022	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2023	one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 22,370,000		805,000	21,565,000	865,000
Premiums	2,140,882		118,938	2,021,944	118,938
B. Limited tax notes payable	2,280,000		358,000	1,922,000	366,000
C. Compensated absences payable	 235,729		15,202	220,527	17,642
Total	\$ 27,026,611	0	1,297,140	25,729,471	1,367,580

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. General obligation bonds, 2019	4.0	4/1/2019	4/1/3039	\$ 22,245,000	\$ 20,555,000
2. General obligation bonds, 2020	1.2	4/1/2020	4/1/2027	1,755,000	1,010,000
Total				\$ 24,000,000	21,565,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 390,000 \$	915,250 \$	1,305,250
2025	780,000	895,750	1,675,750
2026	805,000	856,750	1,661,750
2027	870,000	816,500	1,686,500
2028	1,095,000	773,000	1,868,000
2029 - 2033	6,940,000	2,945,250	9,885,250
2034 - 2038	8,035,000	1,275,000	9,310,000
2039	 1,640,000	65,600	1,705,600
Total	\$ 20,555,000 \$	8,543,100 \$	29,098,100

1. General obligation bonds, 2019:

This debt will be retired from the 2019 Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

This debt is partially secured by an irrevocable pledge of building and bus fund revenues (\$86,488) the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Education Enhancement Funds authorization, Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

2. General obligation bonds, 2020:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 475,000 \$	12,120 \$	487,120
2025	150,000	6,420	156,420
2026	210,000	4,620	214,620
2027	 175,000	2,100	177,100
Total	\$ 1,010,000 \$	25,260 \$	1,035,260

This debt will be retired from the 2020 Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended Jur	ne 30, 2023
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Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 865,000 \$	927,370 \$	1,792,370
2025	930,000	902,170	1,832,170
2026	1,015,000	861,370	1,876,370
2027	1,045,000	818,600	1,863,600
2028	1,095,000	773,000	1,868,000
2029 - 2033	6,940,000	2,945,250	9,885,250
2034 - 2038	8,035,000	1,275,000	9,310,000
2039	 1,640,000	65,600	1,705,600
Total	\$ 21,565,000 \$	8,568,360 \$	30,133,360

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2023, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 11.7% of property assessments as of October 1, 2022.

B. Limited tax notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. Limited Tax Notes, 2017	1.875-2.155		6/1/2024	\$ 1,250,000	. ,
2. Limited Tax Notes, 2022	2.74	6/1/2022	6/1/2028	 1,800,000	1,682,000
Total				\$ 3,050,000	1,922,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Limited Tax Notes, 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 240,000 \$	5,172 \$	245,172

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 126,000 \$	46,087 \$	172,087
2025	374,000	42,634	416,634
2026	384,000	32,387	416,387
2027	394,000	21,865	415,865
2028	 404,000	11,070	415,070
Total	\$ 1,682,000 \$	154,043 \$	1,836,043

2. Limited Tax Notes, 2022:

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Retirement Fund (Debt Service Funds).

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 366,000 \$	51,259 \$	417,259
2025	374,000	42,634	416,634
2026	384,000	32,387	416,387
2027	394,000	21,865	415,865
2028	 404,000	11,070	415,070
Total	\$ 1,922,000 \$	159,215 \$	2,081,215

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who

qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2023 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$3,261,251, \$3,028,491 and \$2,879,759, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school district reported a liability of \$52,040,174 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2023 net pension liability was .252823 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2022. This was an increase of .003908 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2022 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,804,186. At June 30, 2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 849,804	\$	310,499
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	2,187		
Changes of assumptions	2,104,570		787,239
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	4,149,819		
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	3,261,251	_	
Total	\$ 10,367,631	\$	1,097,738

\$3,261,251 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions

subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 2,121,542
2025	2,121,542
2026	1,765,011
2027	547

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2021, and by the investment experience for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40 percent
Salary increases	2.65 - 17.90 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of determining the total pension liability were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
Domestic Equity	25.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	20.00		4.50	
Global Equity	12.00		4.85	
Fixed Income	18.00		1.40	
Real Estate	10.00		3.65	
Private Equity	10.00		6.00	
Private Infrastructure	2.00		4.00	
Private Credit	2.00		4.00	
Cash Equivalents	1.00		(0.10)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.55%)	 Rate (7.55%)	 (8.55%)
District's proportionate share	 		
of the net pension liability	\$ 67,917,741	\$ 52,040,174	\$ 38,949,927

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided. The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan

includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$83,636 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$1,649,508 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .33480036 percent. This was an increase of .01000770 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$182,184). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 1,366	\$ 714,635
Changes of assumptions	257,267	152,723
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	114	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	123,824	48,478
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	83,636	
Total	\$ 466,207	\$ 915,836

\$83,636 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	June 30:
-------------	----------

2024	\$ (111,655)
2025	(113,079)
2026	(141,026)

2027	(103,003)
2028	(46,069)
Thereafter	(18,433)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.40 percent			
Salary increases	2.65-17.90 inflation	percent,	including	wage
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.37% 2.13%			
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2022 2021			
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation				
Measurement Date	3.37%			
Prior Measurement Date	2.13%			
Health Care Cost Trends				
Medicare Supplement Claims	7.00% for 20	023 decrea	sing to an u	ltimate
Pre-Medicare	rate of 4.50%	6 by 2029 F	FYE	

Mortality rates for service retirees were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on the PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was 3.37 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 2.13% to 3.37%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2022, the trust has \$1,049,208. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2021 and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.37 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.37 percent) than the current discount rate:

			C	Jurrent	
	1	% Decrease	Ι	Discount	1% Increase
		(2.37%)	F	Rate (3.37%)	(4.37%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,817,136	\$	1,649,508	\$ 1,505,517

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
]	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,534,748	\$ 1,649,508	\$ 1,778,654

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation		 Amount
2. Standard Imp	ementation - GASB 87 - Leased equipment additions ementation - GASB 87 - Leased obligations and amortization red outflow - advance refunding on bonds paid off in the prior year	\$ 178,487 (179,201) (27,908)
Total		\$ (28,622)

Exhibit D Statement of Devenues	Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
EXITER D - Statement of Revenues,	, Experiences and Changes in Fund Datances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Restatement of prior period asset/liability Restatement of prior period asset/liability	\$ (24,824) 24,824
Total		\$ 0

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 – Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated September 28, 1971 creating the Oxford-Lafayette County Vocational-Technical Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Oxford School District and the Lafayette County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Lafayette County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Oxford-Lafayette County Vocational-Technical Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Oxford-Lafayette County Vocational-Technical Center.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues

Local sources:	
Tuition from other LEA's within the state:	
Oxford School District	\$ 77,545
Total tuition from other LEA's within the state	 77,545
Interest	 310
Total local sources	 77,855
State sources	290,931
Federal sources	 42,651
Total Revenues	 411,437
Expenditures	
Salaries	620,153
Employee benefits	209,806
Purchased professional and technical services	11,797
Purchased property services	56,161
Other purchased services	43,621
Supplies	25,577
Property	22,226
Other	 3,745
Total Expenditures	 993,086
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 (581,649)
Other Financing Sources/Uses:	
Operating transfers in	 581,918
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	 581,918
Net Change in Fund Balance	 269
Fund Balance:	
July 1, 2022	 22,551
June 30, 2023	\$ 22,820

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Lafayette County School District received \$1,707 in insurance loss recoveries related to automobile damage during the 2022-2023 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as other general revenue.

Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,225,512) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,261,251 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$7,106,380 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net

position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,225,512) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,097,738 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,225,512) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$83,636 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The \$382,571 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,225,512) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$915,836 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Lafayette County School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 13, 2025, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

In August 2024, the Lafayette County School Board approved the issuance of \$680,000 Limited Tax Notes 2024-A and \$820,000 Limited Tax Notes 2024-B to be repaid to First Security Bank over a 6 year period with an interest rate of 4.45%. The tax notes will be repaid from a debt service fund that will be funded with a legally restricted debt service tax levy placed on the assessed valuation of properly in the school district.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Varia	nces (Negative)
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues			<u> </u>		
Local sources	\$10,607,488	10,959,867	10,959,867	352,379	0
State sources	17,472,206	17,502,644	17,502,644	30,438	0
Federal sources	132,000	642,326	642,326	510,326	0
Total Revenues	28,211,694	29,104,837	29,104,837	893,143	0
Expenditures					
Instruction	17,297,404	17,664,576	17,664,576	(367,172)	0
Support services	9,955,285	9,646,018	9,790,953	309,267	(144,935)
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service	9,000	8,864	8,864	136	0
Principal	0	0	61,466	0	(61,466)
Interest	0	0	4,024	0	(4,024)
Total Expenditures	27,261,689	27,319,458	27,529,883	(57,769)	(210,425)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	950,005	1,785,379	1,574,954	835,374	(210,425)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Lease obligations issued	0	0	210,359	0	210,359
Insurance loss recoveries	0	1,707	1,707	1,707	0
Operating transfers in	3,696,541	3,057,897	7,302	(638,644)	(3,050,595)
Operating transfers out	(4,671,285)	(4,052,283)	(1,001,688)	619,002	3,050,595
Other financing uses	0	(66)	0	(66)	66
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(974,744)	(992,745)	(782,320)	(18,001)	210,425
Net Change in Fund Balances			792,634		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2022, as previously reported			4,674,664		
Prior period adjustments			(24,824)		
July 1, 2022, as restated			4,649,840		
June 30, 2023			\$ 5,442,474		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Enhancement Training Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Varian	ces
				Positive (1	Negative)
	 Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 0	22,937	22,937	22,937	0
State sources	0	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	0
Total Revenues	 0	2,022,937	2,022,937	2,022,937	0
Expenditures					
Instruction	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	 0	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 0	2,022,937	2,022,937	2,022,937	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers out	0	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances			2,022,937		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2022			0		
June 30, 2023		:	\$ 2,022,937		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - ESSER II Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Varian	ces
					Positive (1	Negative)
		Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$	1,215,890	1,444,346	1,070,489	228,456	(373,857)
Total Revenues	_	1,215,890	1,444,346	1,070,489	228,456	(373,857)
Expenditures						
Instruction		400,890	353,271	353,271	47,619	0
Support services		515,000	281,975	4,250	233,025	277,725
Facilities acquisition and construction		300,000	637,392	712,968	(337,392)	(75,576)
Total Expenditures	_	1,215,890	1,272,638	1,070,489	(56,748)	202,149
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	0	171,708	0	171,708	(171,708)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out		0	(171,708)	0	(171,708)	171,708
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	0	(171,708)	0	(171,708)	171,708
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2022				0		
June 30, 2023			Ś	\$		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - ESSER III - ARP Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Varian Positive (nces Negative)
		Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Federal sources	\$	2,137,181	2,971,592	1,535,434	834,411	(1,436,158)
Total Revenues	_	2,137,181	2,971,592	1,535,434	834,411	(1,436,158)
Expenditures						
Instruction		121,284	393,645	107,281	(272,361)	286,364
Support services		2,015,897	860,885	266,382	1,155,012	594,503
Facilities acquisition and construction		0	1,599,379	1,161,771	(1,599,379)	437,608
Total Expenditures	_	2,137,181	2,853,909	1,535,434	(716,728)	1,318,475
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	0	117,683	0	117,683	(117,683)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out		0	(117,683)	0	(117,683)	117,683
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	0	(117,683)	0	(117,683)	117,683
Net Change in Fund Balances		0	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2022				0		
June 30, 2023			:	\$0		

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability	 0.252823%	0.248915%	0.247505%	0.248316%	0.243757%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 52,040,171	36,790,725	47,914,092	43,683,684	40,544,031
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,405,121	16,550,339	16,480,736	16,172,178	15,566,241
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	298.99%	222.30%	290.73%	270.12%	260.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.93%	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%

	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	 0.216597%	0.225295%	0.215086%	0.203602%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 36,005,773	40,243,313	33,248,054	24,276,338
District's covered payroll	\$ 13,894,800	14,412,679	13,437,333	12,509,034
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	194.07%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,261,251	3,028,491	2,879,759	2,867,648	2,547,118
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		3,261,251	3,028,491	2,879,759	2,867,648	2,547,118
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	0	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$	18,742,822	17,405,121	16,550,339	16,480,736	16,172,178
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	17.40%	15.75%

		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,451,683	2,188,431	2,269,997	2,116,380
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		2,451,683	2,188,431	2,269,997	2,116,380
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$	15,566,241	13,894,800	14,412,679	13,437,333
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.33480036%	0.32479266%	0.32889874%	0.33511112%	0.33128243%	0.30980928%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,649,508	2,090,632	2,559,516	2,843,555	2,562,635	2,430,791
Covered employee payroll	\$ 17,405,121	16,550,339	16,480,736	16,172,178	15,566,241	13,894,800
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage						
of its covered employee payroll	9.48%	12.63%	15.53%	17.58%	16.46%	17.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.21%	0.16%	0.13%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 83,636	67,221	84,030	102,073	113,978	103,628
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	83,636	67,221	84,030	102,073	113,978	103,628
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Covered employee payroll	\$ 18,742,822	17,405,121	16,550,339	16,480,736	16,172,178	15,566,241
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.45%	0.39%	0.51%	0.62%	0.70%	0.67%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2019:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2021:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77; for females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 134% of male rates at all ages; for females, 121% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments: for males, 97% of male rates at all ages; for females, 110% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.

The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.

The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2020 valuation for the June 30, 2022 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	27.7 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increase	3.00 percent to 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2019</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

2020: The discount rate was changed from 3.50% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.19% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2021</u>: The discount rate was changed from 2.19% for the prior Measurement Date to 2.13% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2022:</u> The discount rate was changed from 2.13% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.37% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

<u>2017</u>: None

2018: None

<u>2019:</u> None

2020: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2021. In addition, the deductibles and coinsurance maximums were increased for the Select coverage and the coinsurance maximums were increased for the Base Coverage beginning January 1, 2021.

2021: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2022. In addition, the innetwork medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2022.

2022: The schedule of monthly retiree contributions was increased as of January 1, 2023. In addition, the innetwork medical deductible was increased for the Select coverage beginning January 1, 2023.

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% to 18.25%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	6.50%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2030
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	2.13%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	235MS326N1099	\$ 521,085
National school lunch program	10.555	235MS326N1099	1,288,962
Summer food service program for children	10.559	235MS326N1099	24,547
Total child nutrition cluster			1,834,594
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,834,594 1,834,594
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct program:			
Reserve officers' training corps	12.xxx	N/A	62,403
Total U.S. Department of Defense			62,403
Federal Communication Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:	32.009	N/A	410 590
COVID-19 - Emergency connectivity fund program (ECF) Total Federal Communication Commission	32.009	IN/A	410,589 410,589
			410,589
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010A	S010A220024	756,194
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048A	V048A220024	42,652
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367A	S367A220023	30,083
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424A	S424A220025	35,168
Total			864,097
Education stabilization funds:			
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) I	84.425D	S425D200031	2,156
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) II	84.425D	S425D210031	1,070,489
COVID-19 - Education stabilization fund (ESSER) ARP III	84.425U	S425U210031	1,535,434
Total education stabilization funds			2,608,079
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027A	H027A220108	818,503
COVID-19 - Special education - grants to states ARP	84.027X	H027X210108	56,353
Total special education - grants to states	04 172 4	11172 4 220112	874,856
Special education - preschool grants COVID-19 - Special education - preschool grants ARP	84.173A 84.173X	H173A220113 H173X220113	26,452
Total special education - preschool grants	04.1/3A	H1/3A220113	7,481 33,933
Total special education cluster			908,789
-			
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			4,380,965
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,380,965
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medicaid cluster:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	2305MS5ADM	1,438
Total Medicaid cluster	20.110	20001100112111	1,438
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,438
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,438
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 6,689,989

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$93,198 are included in the national school lunch program.

(5) Other Items

As allowed by federal regulations, the school district elected to transfer program funds. The district expended \$64,000 from its Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grants ALN# 84.367 and \$10,000 from Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program ALN# 84.424 on allowable activities of the Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies ALN# 84.010. These amounts are reflected in the expenditures of Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 25,754,654 13,074,192	20,034,221 3,418,339	1,092,679 242,511	1,580,315 30,128	3,047,439 9,383,214
Total	38,828,846	23,452,560	1,335,190	1,610,443	12,430,653
Total number of students	2,409				
Cost per student	\$ 16,118	9,735	554	669	5,160

Notes to the schedule.

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

	2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 10,959,867	10,141,986	9,665,924	9,121,615
State sources	17,502,644	15,540,120	14,482,316	14,506,614
Federal sources	642,326	222,082	191,453	218,870
Total Revenues	29,104,837	25,904,188	24,339,693	23,847,099
Expenditures				
Instruction	17,664,576	15,314,773	14,812,252	14,677,804
Support services	9,790,953	9,127,080	9,547,795	8,807,884
Noninstructional services	0	3,905	11,577	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	8,864	8,320	0	0
Debt service	,	,		
Principal	61,466	0	0	0
Interest	4,024	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	27,529,883	24,454,078	24,371,624	23,485,688
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,574,954	1,450,110	(31,931)	361,411
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Leases issued	210,359	0	0	0
Insurances loss recoveries	1,707	12,202	0	0
Sale of transportation equipment	0	19,669	0	0
Sale of other property	0	13,050	0	0
Operating transfers in	7,302	1,193	0	0
Operating transfers out	(1,001,688)	(781,906)	(169,129)	(506,819)
Other financing uses	0	0	(9,360)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(782,320)	(735,792)	(178,489)	(506,819)
Net Change in Fund Balances	792,634	714,318	(210,420)	(145,408)
C				
Fund Balances				
July 1, as previously reported	4,674,664	3,935,547	4,125,460	4,270,868
Prior period adjustments	(24,824)	24,799	20,507	0
July 1, as restated	4,649,840	3,960,346	4,145,967	4,270,868
June 30	\$ 5,442,474	4,674,664	3,935,547	4,125,460

UNAUDITED

* Source - Prior year audit reports.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

2023 2022* 2021* 2020* Local sources 5 13,957,687 12,444,490 12,074,381 11,746,079 State sources 20,056,043 16,055,671 15,549,732 15,651,403 Total Revenues 40,266,667 32,868,972 32,2474,266 30,169,827 Expenditures 20,263,584 17,631,363 18,312,908 16,922,854 Support services 11,916,161 10,664,061 11,768,998 10,200,394 Proceeds 1,724,541 1,804,20 1,324,508 11,293,43 Procide service 1,712,451 1,808,000 1,480,000 2,255,000 Principal 1,224,466 1,808,000 1,480,000 2,255,000 Interest 1,016,936 1,003,135 13,324,040 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,437,621 113,437 (4,003,037) (21,182,577) Other 1,207,138 1,3059 0 0 0 0 Proceeds of general obligation bonds 0 0 0 0				UNAUDITED	
Local sources \$ 13,937,687 12,444,490 12,074,381 11,746,079 State sources 20,056,043 16,055,671 15,549,732 15,651,403 Federal sources 40,266,467 32,2868,972 32,474,266 30,169,827 Expenditures 1 1,712,431 1,580,972 32,474,266 30,169,827 Expenditures 1 1,712,451 1,580,972 32,474,266 30,169,827 Support services 11,961,616 10,064,061 11,768,998 10,001,039 Noninstructional services 11,712,451 1,580,420 1,222,343 Facilities acquisition and construction 2,622,023 66,286 2,554,212 19,913,907 Debt service Principal 1,224,466 1,808,000 1,480,000 2,255,000 Interest 1,016,936 1,003,135 1,374,073 51,352,404 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,437,621 113,437 (4,003,037) (21,182,577) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 0		2023	2022*	2021*	2020*
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $					
Federal sources 6.252,737 4.368,811 4,850,153 2,772,345 Total Revenues 40.266,467 32.868,972 32,474,266 30,169,827 Expenditures 11,961,616 10,664,061 11,768,998 16,922,854 Support services 11,961,616 10,664,061 11,768,998 10,001,039 Noninstructional services 1,712,451 1,580,420 1,324,520 1,229,343 Facilities acquisition and construction 2,622,023 66,286 2,554,212 19,913,907 Debt service 1,016,936 1,004,060 998,297 04her 2,7770 2,270 2,605 31,964 Total Expenditures 38,828,846 32,755,535 36,477,303 51,352,404 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,437,621 113,437 (4,003,037) (21,182,577) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 0 Proceeds of Ioans 0 1,800,000 0 0 0 Sale of other property 0 13,050 0					
Total Revenues 40.266,467 32,868,972 32,474,266 30,169,827 Expenditures Instruction 20,263,584 17,631,363 18,312,908 16,922,854 Support services 11,961,616 10,664,061 11,768,998 10,001,039 Noninstructional services 1,712,451 1,580,420 1,324,520 1,229,343 Facilities acquisition and construction 2,622,023 66,286 2,554,212 19,913,907 Debt service Principal 1,224,466 1,808,000 1,480,000 2,255,000 Interest 1,016,936 1,003,135 1,034,060 998,297 Other 27,770 2,270 2,605 31,964 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,437,621 113,437 (4,003,037) (21,182,577) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 1,755,000 0 0 Proceeds of Joans 0 1,800,000 0 0 1,755,000 0 0 Proceeds of Joans 0 1,800,000 0 0					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Federal sources	6,252,737	4,368,811	4,850,153	2,772,345
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Total Revenues	40,266,467	32,868,972	32,474,266	30,169,827
$ \begin{array}{c cccc} Support services & 11,961,616 & 10,664,061 & 11,768,998 & 10,001,039 \\ Noninstructional services & 1,712,451 & 1,580,420 & 1,324,520 & 1,229,343 \\ Facilities acquisition and construction & 2,622,023 & 66,286 & 2,554,212 & 19,913,907 \\ Debt service & 1,224,466 & 1,808,000 & 1,480,000 & 2,255,000 \\ Interest & 1,016,936 & 1,003,135 & 1,034,060 & 998,297 \\ Other & 27,770 & 2,270 & 2,605 & 31,964 \\ \hline Total Expenditures & 38,828,846 & 32,755,535 & 36,477,303 & 51,352,404 \\ \hline Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures & 1,437,621 & 113,437 & (4,003,037) & (21,182,577) \\ Other Financing Sources (Uses) & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ Proceeds of general obligation bonds & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ Proceeds of general obligation bonds & 0 & 1,800,000 & 0 & 0 \\ Leases issued & 210,359 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ Sale of transportation equipment & 0 & 19,669 & 0 & 0 \\ Sale of other property & 0 & 13,050 & 0 & 0 \\ Operating transfers in & 1,157,387 & 1,052,155 & 338,360 & (673,119) \\ Operating transfers out & (1,157,387 & 1,052,155 & 338,360 & (673,119) \\ Operating transfers out & (1,157,387 & 1,052,155 & 338,360 & (673,119) \\ Other Financing Sources (Uses) & 212,066 & 1,844,921 & (324,830) & 1,755,000 \\ Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) & 212,066 & 1,844,921 & (324,830) & 1,755,000 \\ Net Change in Fund Balances & 1,649,687 & 1,958,358 & (4,327,867) & (19,427,577) \\ Fund Balances & 0 & 0 & 0 & 14,330 & (9,079) \\ July 1, as reviously reported & 8,169,154 & 6,201,716 & 10,527,220 & 29,957,775 \\ Prior period adjustments & 0 & 0 & 0 & 14,330 & (9,079) \\ July 1, as restated & 8,169,154 & 6,201,716 & 10,527,220 & 29,957,775 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & $	Expenditures				
Noninstructional services 1,712,451 1,580,420 1,324,520 1,229,343 Pacilities acquisition and construction 2,622,023 66,286 2,554,212 19,913,907 Debt service Principal 1,224,466 1,808,000 1,480,000 2,255,000 Interest 1,016,936 1,003,135 1,034,060 998,297 Other 27,770 2,270 2,605 31,964 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,437,621 113,437 (4,003,037) (21,182,577) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds of general obligation bonds 0 0 0 1,755,000 Proceeds of loans 0 1,800,000 0 0 0 Leases issued 210,359 0 0 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 19,669 0 0 0 Sale of other property 0 13,050 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (1,157,387) (1,052,155) 338,360 (673,119)	Instruction	20,263,584	17,631,363	18,312,908	16,922,854
Facilities acquisition and construction $2,622,023$ $66,286$ $2,554,212$ $19,913,907$ Debt service Principal $1,224,466$ $1,808,000$ $1,480,000$ $2,255,000$ Interest $1,016,936$ $1,003,135$ $1,034,060$ $998,297$ Other $27,770$ $2,270$ $2,605$ $31,964$ Total Expenditures $38,828,846$ $32,755,535$ $36,477,303$ $51,352,404$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures $1,437,621$ $113,437$ $(4,003,037)$ $(21,182,577)$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) P 0 0 0 $1,755,000$ Proceeds of general obligation bonds 0 0 0 0 0 Insurances loss recoveries $1,707$ $12,202$ 0 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 $13,050$ 0 0 0 Operating transfers in $1,157,387$ $1,052,155$ $338,360$ $673,119$ Operating transfers out $(1,157,387)$	Support services	11,961,616	10,664,061	11,768,998	10,001,039
Debt service Principal Interest1,224,4661,808,0001,480,0002,255,000Other1,016,9361,003,1351,034,060998,297Other27,7702,2702,60531,964Total Expenditures38,828,84632,755,53536,477,30351,352,404Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures1,437,621113,437(4,003,037)(21,182,577)Other Financing Sources (Uses)00000Proceeds of general obligation bonds00000Leases issued210,3590000Sale of transportation equipment019,669000Sale of transportation equipment013,050000Operating transfers in1,157,387(1,052,155)(338,360)(673,119)Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)1,755,000Net Change in Fund Balances1,649,6871,958,358(4,327,867)(19,427,577)Fund Balances0014,330(9,079)July 1, as restated8,169,1546,201,71610,527,22029,957,775Prior period adjustments0014,330(9,079)July 1, as restated8,169,1546,201,71610,541,55029,948,696 <td>Noninstructional services</td> <td>1,712,451</td> <td>1,580,420</td> <td>1,324,520</td> <td>1,229,343</td>	Noninstructional services	1,712,451	1,580,420	1,324,520	1,229,343
Interest $1,016,936$ $1,003,135$ $1,034,060$ $998,297$ Other $27,770$ $2,270$ $2,605$ $31,964$ Total Expenditures $38,828,846$ $32,755,535$ $36,477,303$ $51,352,404$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures $1,437,621$ $113,437$ $(4,003,037)$ $(21,182,577)$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) $Proceeds of general obligation bonds0000Proceeds of Ioans00000Insurances loss recoveries1,70712,20200Sale of transportation equipment013,05000Sale of other property013,05000Operating transfers in1,157,3871,052,155338,360(673,119)Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)0Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)1,755,000Net Change in Fund Balances1,649,6871,958,358(4,327,867)(19,427,577)Fund Balances0014,330(9,079)July 1, as previously reported8,169,1546,201,71610,521,55029,948,696Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory(9,590)9,080(11,967)6,101$		2,622,023	66,286	2,554,212	19,913,907
Other $27,770$ $2,270$ $2,605$ $31,964$ Total Expenditures $38,828,846$ $32,755,535$ $36,477,303$ $51,352,404$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures $1,437,621$ $113,437$ $(4,003,037)$ $(21,182,577)$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 $1,755,000$ Proceeds of general obligation bonds 0 0 0 0 Proceeds of loans 0 0 0 0 Insurances loss recoveries $1,707$ $12,202$ 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 $19,669$ 0 0 Sale of other property 0 $13,050$ 0 0 Operating transfers in $1,157,387$ $1,052,155$ $338,360$ $673,119$ Operating transfers out $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ Other Financing uses 0 0 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $212,066$ $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,521,250$ $29,951,775$ Prior period adjustments 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,541,550$ $29,948,696$ Increase (Decrease) in reserve for invento	Principal	1,224,466	1,808,000	1,480,000	2,255,000
Total Expenditures $38,828,846$ $32,755,535$ $36,477,303$ $51,352,404$ Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures $1,437,621$ $113,437$ $(4,003,037)$ $(21,182,577)$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) $Proceeds of general obligation bonds0001,755,000Proceeds of general obligation bonds00001,755,000Proceeds of loans01,800,00000Leases issued210,359000Insurances loss recoveries1,70712,20200Sale of transportation equipment019,66900Sale of other property013,05000Operating transfers out(1,157,387)1,052,155338,360673,119Other financing uses000(324,830)0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)1,755,000Net Change in Fund Balances1,649,6871.958,358(4,327,867)(19,427,577)Fund Balances00014,330(9,079)July 1, as previously reported8,169,1546,201,71610,527,22029,957,775Prior period adjustments0014,330(9,079)July 1, as restated8,169,1546,201,71610,541,55029,948,696Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory(9,590)9,0$	Interest	1,016,936	1,003,135	1,034,060	998,297
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures $1,437,621$ $113,437$ $(4,003,037)$ $(21,182,577)$ Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 $1,755,000$ Proceeds of general obligation bonds 0 0 0 0 Proceeds of loans 0 $1,800,000$ 0 0 Leases issued $210,359$ 0 0 0 Insurances loss recoveries $1,707$ $12,202$ 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 $19,669$ 0 0 Sale of other property 0 $13,050$ 0 0 Operating transfers in $1,157,387$ $1,052,155$ $338,360$ $673,119$ Operating transfers out $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ Other financing uses 0 0 0 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $212,066$ $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $29,957,775$ Prior period adjustments 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,541,550$ $29,948,696$ Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$	Other	27,770	2,270	2,605	31,964
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 0 0 1,755,000 Proceeds of general obligation bonds 0 1,800,000 0 0 1,755,000 Proceeds of loans 0 1,800,000 0 0 0 0 Leases issued 210,359 0 0 0 0 0 Isurances loss recoveries 1,707 12,202 0 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 19,669 0 0 0 Sale of other property 0 13,050 0 0 0 0 Operating transfers out (1,157,387 1,052,155 338,360 673,119 0 0 (324,830) 0 0 0 1324,830) 0 0 0 1324,830) 0 0 0 1324,830) 0 0 0 1324,830) 1,755,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,649,687 1,958,358 (4,327,867) (19,427,577) Fund Balances 0 0 14,330 </td <td>Total Expenditures</td> <td>38,828,846</td> <td>32,755,535</td> <td>36,477,303</td> <td>51,352,404</td>	Total Expenditures	38,828,846	32,755,535	36,477,303	51,352,404
Proceeds of general obligation bonds0001,755,000Proceeds of loans01,800,00000Leases issued210,359000Insurances loss recoveries1,70712,20200Sale of transportation equipment019,66900Sale of other property013,050000Operating transfers in1,157,3871,052,155338,360673,119Operating transfers out(1,157,387)(1,052,155)(338,360)(673,119)Other financing uses000(324,830)0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)1,755,000Net Change in Fund Balances1,649,6871,958,358(4,327,867)(19,427,577)Fund Balances0014,330(9,079)July 1, as previously reported8,169,1546,201,71610,527,22029,957,775Prior period adjustments0014,330(9,079)July 1, as restated8,169,1546,201,71610,541,55029,948,696Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory(9,590)9,080(11,967)6,101	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,437,621	113,437	(4,003,037)	(21,182,577)
Proceeds of loans01,800,00000Leases issued210,359000Insurances loss recoveries1,70712,20200Sale of transportation equipment019,66900Sale of other property013,05000Operating transfers in1,157,3871,052,155338,360673,119Operating transfers out(1,157,387)(1,052,155)(338,360)(673,119)Other financing uses000(324,830)0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,0661,844,921(324,830)1,755,000Net Change in Fund Balances1,649,6871,958,358(4,327,867)(19,427,577)Fund Balances0014,330(9,079)July 1, as previously reported8,169,1546,201,71610,527,22029,957,775Prior period adjustments0014,330(9,079)July 1, as restated8,169,1546,201,71610,541,55029,948,696Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory(9,590)9,080(11,967)6,101	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Leases issued 210,359 0 0 0 Insurances loss recoveries 1,707 12,202 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 19,669 0 0 Sale of other property 0 13,050 0 0 Operating transfers in 1,157,387 1,052,155 338,360 673,119 Operating transfers out (1,157,387) (1,052,155) (338,360) (673,119) Other financing uses 0 0 0 (324,830) 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 212,066 1,844,921 (324,830) 1,755,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,649,687 1,958,358 (4,327,867) (19,427,577) Fund Balances 1,649,687 1,958,358 (4,327,867) (19,427,577) Fund Balances 0 0 14,330 (9,079) July 1, as previously reported 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,541,550 29,948,696 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967)	Proceeds of general obligation bonds	0	0	0	1,755,000
Insurances loss recoveries $1,707$ $12,202$ 0 0 Sale of transportation equipment 0 $19,669$ 0 0 Sale of other property 0 $13,050$ 0 0 Operating transfers in $1,157,387$ $1,052,155$ $338,360$ $673,119$ Operating transfers out $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ Other financing uses 0 0 0 $(324,830)$ 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $212,066$ $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as previously reported $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $29,957,775$ Prior period adjustments 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,541,550$ $29,948,696$ Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$	Proceeds of loans	0	1,800,000	0	0
Sale of transportation equipment019,66900Sale of other property013,05000Operating transfers in1,157,3871,052,155338,360673,119Operating transfers out $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ Other financing uses00 $(324,830)$ 0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,066 $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as previously reported Prior period adjustments $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $29,957,775$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,541,550$ $29,948,696$ Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$	Leases issued	210,359	0	0	0
Sale of other property013,05000Operating transfers in1,157,3871,052,155338,360673,119Operating transfers out $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ Other financing uses00 $(324,830)$ 0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)212,066 $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as previously reported $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $29,957,775$ Prior period adjustments 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,541,550$ $29,948,696$ Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$	Insurances loss recoveries	1,707	12,202	0	0
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Other financing uses $1,157,387$ $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $1,052,155$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ $(673,119)$ 0 Other financing uses 0 0 0 $(324,830)$ 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $212,066$ $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as previously reported Prior period adjustments $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $14,330$ $29,957,775$ $29,948,696$ July 1, as restated Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$	Sale of transportation equipment	0	19,669	0	0
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Other financing uses $1,157,387$ $(1,157,387)$ $(1,052,155)$ $1,052,155$ $(338,360)$ $(673,119)$ $(673,119)$ 0 Other financing uses 0 0 0 $(324,830)$ 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $212,066$ $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as previously reported Prior period adjustments $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $14,330$ $29,957,775$ $29,948,696$ July 1, as restated Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$	Sale of other property	0	13,050	0	0
Operating transfers out Other financing uses $(1,157,387)$ 0 $(1,052,155)$ 0 $(338,360)$ 0 $(673,119)$ 0Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) $212,066$ $1,844,921$ $(324,830)$ $1,755,000$ Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,220)$ $29,957,775$ Fund Balances 0 0 $14,330$ $(9,079)$ July 1, as restated $8,169,154$ $6,201,716$ $10,527,220$ $29,948,696$ Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory $(9,590)$ $9,080$ $(11,967)$ $6,101$		1,157,387	1,052,155	338,360	673,119
Other financing uses 0 0 (324,830) 0 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 212,066 1,844,921 (324,830) 1,755,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 1,649,687 1,958,358 (4,327,867) (19,427,577) Fund Balances 1,649,687 1,958,358 (4,327,867) (19,427,577) Fund Balances 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,527,220 29,957,775 Prior period adjustments 0 0 14,330 (9,079) July 1, as restated 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,541,550 29,948,696 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967) 6,101		(1, 157, 387)	(1,052,155)	(338,360)	(673,119)
Net Change in Fund Balances $1,649,687$ $1,958,358$ $(4,327,867)$ $(19,427,577)$ Fund BalancesJuly 1, as previously reportedPrior period adjustments00010,527,22029,957,775910,527,22010,527,22029,957,77510,527,22011,330 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td></t<>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Fund Balances July 1, as previously reported 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,527,220 29,957,775 Prior period adjustments 0 0 14,330 (9,079) July 1, as restated 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,541,550 29,948,696 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967) 6,101	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	212,066	1,844,921	(324,830)	1,755,000
July 1, as previously reported 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,527,220 29,957,775 Prior period adjustments 0 0 14,330 (9,079) July 1, as restated 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,541,550 29,948,696 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967) 6,101	Net Change in Fund Balances	1,649,687	1,958,358	(4,327,867)	(19,427,577)
Prior period adjustments 0 0 14,330 (9,079) July 1, as restated 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,541,550 29,948,696 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967) 6,101	Fund Balances				
Prior period adjustments 0 0 14,330 (9,079) July 1, as restated 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,541,550 29,948,696 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967) 6,101		8,169,154	6,201,716	10,527,220	29,957,775
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory (9,590) 9,080 (11,967) 6,101					
	July 1, as restated	8,169,154	6,201,716	10,541,550	29,948,696
June 30 \$ 9,809,251 8,169,154 6,201,716 10,527,220	Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(9,590)	9,080	(11,967)	6,101
	June 30	\$ 9,809,251	8,169,154	6,201,716	10,527,220

UNAUDITED

* Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lafayette County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lafayette County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lafayette County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 13, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Lafayette County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs that I consider to be material weaknesses [2023-001 and 2023-002].

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lafayette County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Lafayette County School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Lafayette County School District's response to the finding identified in my audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Lafayette County School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PULC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS January 13, 2025 Post Office Box 882 Carriere, MS 39426



Phone: (601) 799-9055 Email: <u>mtstclaircpa@gmail.com</u>

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Lafayette County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Lafayette County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lafayette County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Lafayette County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Lafayette County School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

I am required to be independent of Lafayette County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Lafayette County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Lafayette County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Lafayette County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Lafayette County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, I did

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Lafayette County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Lafayette County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lafayette County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance requirement of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PULC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS January 13, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Lafayette County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, which collectively comprise Lafayette County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated January 13, 2025. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

Member: AICPA MSCPA America Counts on CPAs® This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS January 13, 2025 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
 2. Internal control over financial reporting: a. Material weakness(es) identified? b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified 	ed?	Yes None Reported
3. Noncompliance material to the financial sta	atements?	No
Federal Awards:		
 4. Internal control over major programs: a. Material weakness(es) identified? b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified 	ed?	No None Reported
5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		
 Any audit findings disclosed that are require 2 CFR 200.516(a)? 	ed to be reported in accordance with	No
7. Federal program identified as major progra	ım:	
<u>Assistance Listing</u> <u>Number</u> 84.010 84.027, 84.027X, 84.173, 84.173X 84.425D 84.425D 84.425U	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Title I – grants to local educational agencies Special education cluster COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ESS COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ESS)	ER) II
8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	n type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?		No
10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questi	ioned costs which would require the auditee to	

prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Deficiencies identified that are considered to be material weaknesses.

Finding 2023-001

CRITERIA: A well designed system of accounting controls should limit the duties and responsibilities of the business manager to prevent the performance of too many incompatible duties and responsibilities.

Yes

CONDITION: There is a lack of segregation of duties with the job duties and responsibilities of the business manager. The business manager performs bank reconciliations, has general administrative rights to the financial accounting software (including preparing, approving, and entering adjusting journal entries) and has access to blank checks.

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REPEAT FINDING: Due to the timing of the audit, this is a repeat finding.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of this condition is an inadequately designed system of accounting controls.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: This condition could lead to errors or fraud occurring and not being prevented or detected by management in a timely manner.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the duties and responsibilities of the business manager be segregated to the greatest extent possible.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan

Finding 2023-002

CRITERIA: All material transactions should be properly recorded in the financial statements.

CONDITION: The following material transaction was incorrectly recorded in the financial statements:

• The balance of student prepaid meals has been historically and correctly recorded as other payables in the financial statements. However, over the course of the past two years, the account balance has not been reconciled to the actual year-end account balance which resulted in the account balance being materially overstated by \$84,713 at June 30, 2023.

This condition resulted in material misstatements in revenue and liabilities in the Other Governmental Funds of the financial statements. This condition was corrected with an auditor adjustment which was approved by management.

REPEAT FINDING: This is a repeat finding.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause of the condition was the result of oversight by management.

POTENTIAL EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of the condition resulted in material misstatements to the financial statements. However, the error was corrected with an auditor adjustment once approved by management.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that management exercise caution and due diligence when preparing year-end adjustments and reconciling local revenues to close the financial statements.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL: See Auditee's Corrective Action Plan

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT (662) 234-3271 Fax: (662) 236-3019

Corrective Action Plan

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Lafayette County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Finding 2023-001

Corrective Action Plan

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action: Bryan White, CPA, Director of Finance
- b. Description of correction action to be taken: The business manager and superintendent will meet periodically, no less than once per month, to review journal entries, bank reconciliations, and financial statements. Records of these meetings will be kept as verification that these items were reviewed.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: July 1, 2024

Finding 2023-002

Corrective Action Plan

- a. Contact person responsible for corrective action: Bryan White, CPA, Director of Finance
- b. Description of correction action to be taken: Caution and due diligence will be exercised in the reconciliation of revenue, ensuring that such is accurately reflected in the District's financial statements.
- c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: July 1, 2024

Sincerely,

Superintendent of Education

100 COMMODORE DR. • OXFORD, MISSISSIPPI 38655

LAFAYETTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT (662) 234-3271 Fax: (662) 236-3019

SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Lafayette County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following Summary of Prior Audit Findings as of June 30, 2023.

Finding	Status
2022 - 001	Repeated as Finding 2023-001.
2022 - 002	Repeated as Finding 2023-002.
2022 - 003	Corrected
2022 - 004	Corrected

Sincerely,

Superintendent of Education

100 COMMODORE DR. • OXFORD, MISSISSIPPI 38655